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TERMS OF THE DAILY:
By mail, per year....$8.00.
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SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE WAR!

Another Great Battle!

BETWEEN METZ AND VERDUN!

Prussian Army Defeated!

WITH VERY HEAVY LOSS!

OFFICIAL NEWS WANTING!

The Fighting on Sunday!

PRUSSIAN DESIGNS EXPLAINED!

Official News from Berlin!

FRENCH REPULSED AT ALL POINTS ON SUNDAY!

Three Prussian Armies in France!

570,000 MEN WITH 1,500 GUNS!

After these the Reserves!

ANNIHILATION OF THE ZOUAVES OF McMAHON'S CORPS!

Letter from their Commander!

McMAHON'S ORDER TO HIS TROOPS!

News from Strasburg!

THE PRUSSIANS RETIRING!

French Chambers in Session!

ANXIETY FOR ARMY NEWS!

Bitterness Against the Emperor!

HE IS REPORTED IN DESPAIR!

Battle of Froschweiler!

35,000 FRENCH FIGHT OVER 100,000 PRUSSIANS FOR NINE HOURS!

The Disturbance at Lyons!

BELGIUM REPORTED ARMING!

Interesting Details from Correspondents!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FROM FRANCE.

A GREAT BATTLE FOUGHT ON MONDAY—PRUSSIANS DEFEATED—THEIR LOSS 40,000.

PARIS, August 16.—The Sub-Prefect of Verdun telegraphs as follows to the Minister of the Interior:

"Verdun, August 16—6 A. M.—No news from Metz. Nothing is known to have occurred to-day. All day yesterday the roar of cannon was heard between Metz and Verdun. Persons who reached here from that direction say a great battle was fought, opening at daybreak, and that the Prussians lost more than forty thousand men in the combat and were completely defeated. During yesterday morning, at the extremity of my arrondissement, twenty-eight kilometres from the fortifications of Verdun, the enemy had been seen directing his retreat to the south."

Though this intelligence is transmitted by authority, the Government has not yet been able to verify it, and it is given to the public under reserve by the Minister of the Interior.

OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION ANXIOUSLY AWAITED.

PARIS, August 16—Evening.—Official confirmation of the news of the great victory over the Prussians is impatiently awaited. Great crowds of people collected at the Bourse, at the Ministry of the Interior and in the streets.

IMPORTANT FROM STRASBURG.

Important news was received from Strasburg to-day. The Prussians in that vicinity seem inclined to retire. Some shots were exchanged. The people of Strasburg are determined to defend the place to the last extremity.

EXCITEMENT IN THE CHAMBERS—ANXIETY FOR NEWS FROM THE ARMY.

The proceedings of the Corps Legislatif to-day were exciting and important. Deputy Keller said for three days now the troops had been fighting and no news received as to what had been accomplished. In such a situation of affairs the Chamber could not think of any matters. The meeting of the Corps must be permanent to await communications from the Minister of the Interior.

Count Palikao said he was not prepared to speak of the defeat the Prussians were said to have sustained, but of a serious check, forcing them to retire and forego their attempt to disturb the retreat of the French army. He had no official dispatches touching the events of yesterday, but he had read news from reliable sources and might state that the Prussians had been checked several times and were retiring towards Commercy. He was full of confidence, but could not at present enter upon details. In a few days a much greater force would be under the command of Marshal Bazaine, the only true Commander-in-Chief.

The Minister then retired and Deputy Ferry took the floor. He referred to the Emperor's proclamation to the inhabitants of Metz as having created an unpleasant effect upon the public. The speaker was interrupted by expressions of disapproval. The tumult became too great for him to be heard and he took his seat.

The Chamber then voted several laws for the prosecution of the war.

Deputy [illegible] announced to the Corps that a [illegible] society had placed at the disposal of the French authorities their houses of worship for hospitals.

PLENTY OF ARMS [illegible].

The Patrie publishes an article saying false reports had been circulated that no arms were to be obtained by troops. The Patrie affirms there is a complete provision of arms of all kinds, and [illegible] the supply of guns is large and quality excellent.

TWO [illegible] REGIMENTS ANNIHILATED.

The Moniteur says that during the battle of Sunday, Marshal Bazaine had in position a masked battery of mitrailleuses. Four regiments of the Prussian Royal Guard approached, the batteries were unmasked and two of the regiments were completely annihilated.

[illegible] ON SECRECY.

The Patrie referring to the fact that Paris is without official news from the front says: "Marshal Bazaine is evidently determined on secrecy so far as his movements is concerned. He is in communication with the Camp at Chalons. The news received from the various departments shows that the people are determinedly warlike. The public depression, occasioned by recent reverses, is giving way to a desire to drive the Prussians from French soil."

M'MAHON'S ORDER OF THE DAY.

The following is the order of the day, issued by Marshal MacMahon:

"Soldiers: In the battle of the 6th of August, fortune betrayed your courage, but you yielded your positions only after a heroic resistance which lasted not less than nine hours. You were 35,000 against 140,000, and were overwhelmed by force of numbers. Under these conditions defeat is glorious, and history will say that in the battle of Froshweiler the French showed the greatest valor. You have suffered heavy losses, but those of the enemy were greater. Although you have not been successful, you see a cause in your misfortune which makes the Emperor satisfied with you, and the entire country recognize that you have worthily sustained the honors of our flag. Let us show that though subjected to the severest tests, the First Corps, forgetting these, closes up its ranks, and God aiding us, let us seize a great and brilliant victory."

EXPLANATION OF PRUSSIAN MOVEMENTS, RESULTING IN THE BATTLE OF SUNDAY.

The Presse gives the following explanation of the movements of the Prussians:

After the battle of Forbach, on the 6th inst., the army of Prince Charles advanced and established its quarters at St. Avold. After the battle of Weissenburg, the army of Prince Royal went by way of Savergue to Nancy. While this army, having no opposition on its front, advanced on the route to Paris as far as Bar le Duc, Frederic Charles was making a bold curve, endeavoring to turn the French troops at Metz, thus cutting communication between MacMahon and Bazaine. To avoid this, Bazaine left Metz, going toward Verdun and Chalons. Before reaching Longueville the corps of Gens. L'Admirault and De Caen encountered the army of Frederick Charles. Thus began the battle on Sunday, which, according to appearances, was followed by the great battle now going on.

CONFIDENT TONE OF THE PRESS.

The Moniteur de Soir published yesterday an article full of confidence and resolution. The following is an extract and is a fair exhibit of the tone of the French press: "Everything progresses well. The enemy makes haste to finish his work. He knows full well the prolongation of the war exhausts his forces and augments ours. His tactics alone show we have only to gain time to divert the Prussian from his base of operations, while defending our ground inch by inch. The passage at arms which took place yesterday under the guns of Metz is the first act in the new drama. Eight days hence the energy that has marked the first operations of the invaders will have given away to discouragement and exhaustion. Our fortified towns all hold out. Bitsche, Pfalzbourg, and Verdun are all defended by the army, and their inhabitants answer with their guns to the arrogant summons of the enemy. The National defence commences. See your National Guards, Guards Mobile and volunteers, who are on their way to the Vosges Mountains. There shall the Prussians find their graves. They have asked for a war of races and such they shall have."

The Constitutionnel says the plan of the conquest of the Prussians cannot any longer be a matter of doubt. The German Empire takes advantage of the Hohenzollern dynasty to inaugurate its policy of spoliation of the French territory. In departments which the chances of war have given to the enemy, the King of Prusssia commands at present as territorial sovereign. The Prussian government, which pretends to be so well informed about men and things in Paris, does not seem to be very strong in the towns of Alsace, which will know how to find means to rejoin the national flag. In place of conscripts, all men from sixteen to fifty years rush to arms. Prussian journals continue to pour forth their insults against the "French nation." We quote these two words because Berlin newspapers formally declare that war is made not only against the government but against the entire French people.

POPULAR COMMOTION IN LYONS—CONFLICT BETWEEN THE POLICE AND CITIZENS.

LYONS, August 16.—The Courier has a long statement of the popular demonstration which recently occurred here. Yesterday morning about eleven, popular commotion, arising from bad news from the army, took place in Place Croix Rousse, which ended in a deplorable conflict between the police and people. The particulars of the affair have been much exaggerated. The originator of the trouble was an old Notary, Leutillian, by name, well known for his eccentricities. This person clambered upon a pedestal of a cross in the center of Place Croix Rousse to make a speech to a group of laborers. His hearers were fewer at the start, but in a short time a large crowd assembled. Cries of Vive La Republique were heard on all sides. Though called upon to stop by the police, Leutillian persisted in declamation, calling upon the audience to defend him. The latter attempted to defend him by the aid of stones. The authorities seized the orator, notwithstanding the violence offered, but one of them having allowed one of the rioters to draw his sword from his scabbard, was struck by one of these infuriated people in the abdomen, from which wound he died in a few moments. Five or six policemen were wounded. Leutillian and other principal rioters were arrested and taken to prison between two files of soldiers. The mass of the population of Place Croix Rousse took no part in these violent proceedings. It was all caused by a few turbulent characters. These demonstrations are generally denounced.

PRUSSIAN CAVALRY SCOUTING—NAPOLEON'S BODY GUARD BROKEN UP.

PARIS, August 16.—Dispatches received here state that detached bodies of Prussian cavalry are securing the country west of Nancy.

Yesterday a battalion of German uhlans were seen by some citizens of Commercy near that place.

The Prefect of the Meuse has ordered the roads of the connecting lines within his Department to be torn up to impede the march of the Prussians.

The squadron Cent Gardes who have been attached to the personal service of the Emperor as a body guard have been broken up.

CAPTURE OF A FORTRESS.

SAVERNE, August 16.—The fortress of Marsal, a small town a little northeast of Nancy, has been captured by a body of Prussian troops after a short bombardment. Sixty cannon were captured.

IMPEDING THE ENEMY'S ADVANCE.

PARIS, August 16.—An official dispatch from the Prefect of Metz to the Minister of the Interior says a body of German Uhlans had been seen in the neighborhood of Commercy, marching toward Bar Le Duc. He therefore cut the railways in that section to impede the advance of the enemy.

BREVITY NOT A VIRTUE.

The French journals complain of the brevity of the dispatches from the seat of war. Even the Constitutionnel, semi-official, says the dispatches do not give a very precise idea of the position of either army.

CITIES DECLARED IN A STATE OF SEIGE.

PARIS, August 16.—The Journal Officiel contains a decree declaring Cherbourg, Brest, Lorient and Rochefort in a state of seige.

The French left two dispatch boats in the Tiber on evacuating Rome.

COUNCIL OF WAR.

PARIS, August 16.—A council of war to act in the cases of the Villette rioters assembles to-day.

THE BANK OF FRANCE.

Officers of the Bank of France to-day announce an arrangement of special service for distributing coin to certain establishments throughout France where employes are to be paid.

SIGNIFICANT SURPRISE.

The Gaulois says the public are astonished to find the dispatch announcing the engagement at Longville signed only by Napoleon. That journal adds, "It was countersigned by Bazaine, but the latter name was suppressed in the publication of the dispatch, which was regular in every other respect.

RIOTERS ARRESTED.

Seventy-five arrests were made in the Villette affair. It is supposed, however, that many of these are vagabonds who were not actually concerned in the disorders.

MISSING CORRESPONDENT TURNS UP.

Edmund About, correspondent of the Soir, has been heard from. He is alive and well, and will soon return to France.

PEOPLE OF LYONS WARNED.

The General commanding at Lyons has issued a proclamation warning the people against future disturbances, and announcing the reluctance of the authorities to suppress them.

CONSOLATION TO DYING.

PARIS, August 16.—The Bishop of Luxembourg and several clergymen have gone to Metz to administer consolation to the dying.

FROM LONDON.

THE FIGHTING ON SUNDAY—THE PRUSSIAN ARMY REPULSED—TWO ENGAGEMENTS.

LONDON, August 16, 8 A. M.—The Daily News in its issue of this morning, contains a telegraphic dispatch from its correspondent at Luxumbourg which says: "A great battle was fought yesterday, the whole line of the German army was defeated." The correspondent adds, however, that though this information had been received at Luxumbourg through somewhat creditable sources, it lacks confirmation. No later advices had been telegraphed relative to the affair.

The Telegraph believes that two great battles were fought on Sunday, one at Ponge, eight miles east of Metz, and the other at Longville. The first encounter occurred before the French had drawn off their forces to cross the Moselle by the bridges connecting with the works of Metz. The Prussians assailed the French in their rear guard furiously, and attacking them by the flank also, pushing them to the very verge of the works of the fortress. The French succeeded in effecting a lodgment behind the entrenchments. Here the French made a determined stand, and resisted the Prussian assault. The second contest then ensued, which resulted in the repulse of the Prussians in an almost hand to hand encounter upon the walls of the outer line of works. The Prussians, though stubbornly contesting their ground, were beaten off by hostile masses, supported by fortifications.

FRENCH POSITION CRITICAL—THE POPULAR EXCITEMENT IN PARIS.

A special correspondent telegraphs that the position of the French is most critical, and it is doubtful if they can retrieve themselves. The Prussian army is believed to be a million strong.

A correspondent telegraphs from Paris: I learn that the health of the Empress as well as the Emperor is bad.

There is immense popular excitement in Paris, and there is great difficulty in controlling the population, who are impressed with the belief that the Government is responsible for the disastrous condition of affairs.

BELGIUM PREPARING FOR THE WORST.

The same correspondent telegraphs: "I have it on the best authority from Brussels that the whole of the Belgian army is moving to the frontiers of Holland and Dutch Luxembourg. It is supposed the neutrality of both of those States is threatened by Prussia. The Belgians have voted an appropriation of twenty millions of francs to fortify Antwerp immediately, and the Belgian artillery are experimenting with the newly invented mitrailleuse."

BRITISH ARMY RECRUITING.

The British army is rapidly recruiting, and at the Clubs and elsewhere the feeling is hourly gaining ground that Europe is in danger from the military preponderance of Germany, and that England must be prepared to maintain her traditional policy of keeping the North Sea out of the control of any preponderating military power whatever.

A successful meeting of the English Volunteer Artillery Association was held on yesterday, and was attended with much enthusiasm.

SCATTERING REPORTS.

A document ascribed to Bismarck is circulating in Prussia declaring territorial aggrandizement to be the result of the war.

The Bavarians have not as yet been supplied with needle guns.

It is feared in Paris that McMahon's corps at and around Strasburg is entirely cut off.

The Times says that a French victory is necessary to predispose the Emperor to treat for peace.

The stories of the arrival of the Empress and Prince Imperial on English soil which are afloat to-day are untrue. It is certain that the Prince is now in Paris.

Dispatches received here to-day state that the Prince Imperial has been received at the Tuileries.

Disturbances have broken out in Algeria. The natives have risen and are committing all manner of excesses. The colony has been declared in a state of seige.

The following is from the French official bulletins: The Prussians are not in any great force before Strasburg. The town of Bitsche still holds out against the enemy. The railway bridge at Tergesheim, on the line between Strasburg and Basle, has been destroyed by the enemy.

The Telegraph's Paris correspondent writes that the French Chambers are unworthy the public respect. If there were members not elected by fraud and coercion, they might be trusted as a Committee of Public Safety.

PRUSSIAN CONFIDENCE.

LONDON, August 16.—Dispatches from the Prussian government to the Ambassador are full of triumph and express the greatest confidence in the early result of the war.

EXPERIMENTS WITH MITRAILLEURS.

LONDON, August 16.—Experiments with the mitrailleurs at Shoeburyness, indicate the instrument is a destructive one in close quarters, but that troops dependent on it may be annihilated by artillery before the mitrailleurs can be got in range.

SYMPATHY FOR THE STRONG SIDE.

The Times sympathizes strongly with the Prussians and rejoices at their recent successes.

PRUSSIAN ARMY FORCED BACK TO THE MOSELLE.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—A correspondent of the Daily News, writing from Luxemburg, says the result of Monday's battle was to force the Germans back to the Moselle.

FRENCH SILENCE DENOTES PRUSSIAN VICTORY.

[Cable Special to N. Y. Herald.]

LONDON, Aug. 16.—According to the most reliable advices the evacuation of Metz was stayed by the advance guard of the Crown Prince.

Reports from Verdun state that a great battle was going on, but the silence of the French authorities confirms the rumors received here of a Prussian victory.

ALGERIA IN A STATE OF SIEGE.

Great consternation was produced in Paris by the declaration of a state of siege in Algeria.

HOSTILITY TO NAPOLEON—HE IS IN DESPAIR.

[Special to N. Y. Herald.]

LONDON, August 16.—Advices from Paris state that a very hostile feeling exists towards Napoleon. Some feeling is evinced towards the Empress, from recent ministerial appointments. Cries of "Vive la Republique" are heard in all parts of the city. Reliable information is received of the dejected state of the Emperor. He is constantly overheard repeating to himself "On ma coupe."

THE ANNIHILATION OF M'MAHON'S ZOUAVES—TOUCHING LETTER FROM THEIR COMMANDER.

[Special to N. Y. Herald.]

LONDON, August 16.—The following letter from General Procher, commanding the Zouaves of Marshal MacMahon's Corps, tells the story of the demolition of those fine soldiers:

"Saverne, August 8.—Let us thank God, who has preserved me from the most terrible of dangers it is the fate of soldiers to encounter. It is a miracle I am still alive, without scratch; but my heart is broken, and I am overwhelmed with grief at the fate of my poor officers, my poor soldiers. I dare not tell you how many I have lost. It would grieve you too much. Later I shall know the names of those you knew and loved, but will never see again. The gallant fellows fought like lions and heroes. Out of sixty-five officers forty-seven were killed, wounded and missing. At seven in the morning they were full of life and ardor, now are killed. At two o'clock in afternoon, my unfortunate Lieutenant Colonel, Deshortus, was wounded by my side. A bullet entered his abdomen, which was discharged but few yards distant. He was able to squeeze my hand as he was carried off the field, but he has probably died before this in a Prussian ambulance. Two Chiefs de Battalion were shot dead and a third is either dead or a prisoner. Saint Sanareux was wounded badly and but very little hope is entertained of his recovery. I had him taken from the field in an ambulance. A bullet went through his chest. He behaved splendidly. Pierson was shot stone dead. I have but five captains here out of thirty. The others are in heaven. All my adjutants and most all my sergeants and majors shared the same fate. Of the pioneers—better or more gallant men never breathed—but five are left. Two, who were left with the baggage, were either sabred or taken prisoners. My horses were also captured. My poor black charger was killed under Gen. Saevreur, to whom I lent him, his horse having been killed early in the action. Out of all I had all that remains is the clothes that I wear and 75 francs in my pocket. My baggage with that of the Marshal's has been taken. I don't care for that. I cannot help crying inwardly when I think of all those I lost. We fought like lions—35,000 against 100,000. The enemy surrounded us on all sides. Gen. Calom was killed. Alfred de Grammont, the Duke's brother, lost an arm. The other corps suffered almost as much as our own. MacMahon behaved splendidly, and did all that any man could do; but he had not men enough. He was unable to cope with one hundred thousand men, with three times more artillery than he had. Nevertheless we inflicted heavy loss on the enemy, and that was doubtless the reason why we were not more vigorously pursued. Had such been the case the disaster would have been fearful. It is bad enough as it is. The battle began at half-past seven o'clock. After night there was a pouring rain, in which we had to stand without tents or fire, or lie down in mud. During the previous day we had marched 70 kilometres. From battle field to Saverne, the last twenty-six kilometres were got over during the night, pell mell and without stopping or sleeping. War is a fearful scourge. We are doomed to forced inaction. We have but five hundred or six hundred zouaves, without knapsacks, tents, clothes, or food; but we have arms and do not complain. We are without officers, and non-commissioned, cannot be sent into action. It is probable we will be sent to Strasburg to reform. Our regimental chests, from all accounts, have been taken."

THE PRUSSIAN ARMIES NOW IN FRANCE—570,000 MEN, WITH 1500 GUNS.

LONDON, August 16.—The following is published here to-day:

"Six hundred thousand German soldiers are in France carrying needle guns. After them come the reserves, the entire male population of able-bodied Germany. This mass is distributed in three portions, the army of the Saar, the army of the Rhine, and the army of the South. Frederick Charles commands the army of the Rhine as leader of the centre; on his right, advancing southeast of Luxembourg, is the first army, or that of the Saar, under General Steinmetz; on the Prince's left is the third or southern army, led by Prince Frederick William, heir to the crown. Under the latter are 250,000 men, under Frederick Charles 250,000, and under Gen. Steinmetz 70,000—total 570,000 men. Steinmetz has nearly 200 guns, the Crown Prince 600, and Frederick Charles 600—total over 1,500 guns. In other words, Gen. Steinmetz has fifty battalions of infantry, forty-eight squadrons horse, thirty-two battalions of artillery; Prince Charles one hundred and ninety-seven battalions of infantry, fifty-two squadrons of horse, one hundred and ten batteries, and the Crown Prince one hundred and ninety-two battalions of infantry, one hundred and sixty-four squadrons of cavalry and one hundred and fourteen batteries."

SUNDAY'S FIGHT ONLY A SEMBLANCE OF FRENCH SUCCESS.

[Cable Special to the N. Y. Tribune.]

LONDON, August 16.—Our special correspondent writes from Paris Monday night: Sunday's battle was only the semblance of success or mitigation of disaster. The Germans having cut off all railroad communication with Metz, Bazaine commenced to retreat across the Moselle and proposed to follow the ordinary high road towards Verdun, whither the Emperor and Prince Imperial, leaving Metz to its fate, had preceded him. When half the army only had got over the river, the Generalissimo, upon whose presumed skill the hopes of France are now fixed, was surprised, just like the other French commanders. Reconnoissance had found no inkling of the German corps in the neighborhood, but nevertheless when one half the army had got across the river, it was attacked by a great force. We have the Emperor's word that after four hours' hard fighting the enemy was repulsed with great loss, but it is not asserted that the half of the army which wanted to get across succeeded in taking the river most favorable to the French. It is obvious a movement, thought to be of capital importance, must have been to a considerable extent thwarted and impeded by the attack, for which it was not prepared. The Emperor tells the Empress of great losses to the enemy, but says nothing of his own, which, however, after four hours' struggle with soldiers of Weissenberg, Forbach and Froschweiler, are not likely to have been small. What is the exact meaning of the repulse, in the respective position of two armies? If the Germans had attacked Metz from their own side of the Moselle, and been driven back the repulse would have been intelligible enough. But on the showing of the Emperor's dispatch, they unexpectedly got round in great force to that side of the river by which Bazaine meant to retire, and checked his retreat further. They were pushed upon Verdun—and more likely they were if reinforcements could come from Thionville—to prevent Bazaine from joining the Emperor and going to Chalons to protect him and the Prince Imperial. The French papers call this the combat of Longeville, but have no other grounds for this denomination than that the Emperor's dispatch is dated from Longeville. The Emperor does not say he was at the fight, and probably he was not. The official dispatch from Moselle states the Emperor left Metz at two yesterday afternoon for Verdun. This dispatch is dated Metz, 8:30, evening. The Emperor's telegram from Longeville is dated only two hours later. Longeville is a village four kilometres from the left bank of the Moselle. La France assumes, but I should think incorrectly, "that the Emperor, hearing the sound of cannon, came back and took part in the battle." All this has to be cleared up, but according to present appearance the Prussians have again outgeneraled the French.

If it were otherwise, and if really important advantage had been obtained, the details pronounced by Chevrau would not fail to be published. But up to this hour (7 o'clock) we are told nothing more than that a corps d'armee of Gens. L'Admirault and De Caen, two of the most eminent generals in the service, and Bazaine in person, took part in the engagement. This shows the affair was very important, but throws no light upon the result.

CORRESPONDENCE FROM METZ.

Our special writes from Metz, Friday evening: For nine days there was nothing but marching and countermarching. The troops are utterly weary. Nearly the whole of Canrobert's Corps has arrived, and the remaining regiments are coming this evening. By to-morrow 300,000 men will be in line between Montigeules, Sablon, Grigny and Berney.

The soldiers are complaining of the prohibition to fire on Prussian scouts. The Prussians occupy the whole country in front and use French railways to bring up troops. The whole country has been abandoned to them. They occupy villages and towns in parties of one hundred and even twenty. It is believed here there is a comparatively small force opposite Metz and that the army is getting in the rear of the French.

General Frossard is reported under arrest. The soldiers are kept constantly in readiness, and ordered not to take off their shoes. Thirty Prussian prisoners were brought in from Pont-a-Mousson last night. The railway was cut at that point, but is now repaired. Four spies were taken to-day. The Dragoon corps just returned from a serious reconnoissance.

FETE NAPOLEON NOT CELEBRATED—ATTEMPT TO DECLARE THE REPUBLIC.

Our special correspondent from Paris writes Monday: For the first time for years the 15th of August has not been celebrated. The good sense of the people protested, by anticipation, against the usual demonstrations, though holding themselves ready, in the event of victory, to have been enthusiastic.

Moreover yesterday afternoon, in a remote quarter of La Villette, a sanguinary onslaught was made upon a post occupied by a company of firemen and an unmerciful fire was opened upon the place. About four o'clock some forty individuals, armed with revolvers and poignards concealed, suddenly drew up in line in front of No. 156 Boulevards De La Villette, and summoned the man on duty to surrender his post. The sentry seeing them about to make a dash through the open door, placed himself across. One of the group drew a revolver and shot him dead. A Sergeant deVelle, hearing the report rushed up to ascertain the cause and received a bullet in the breast above the heart and fell dead. The occupants of the post rushed to the windows, but the assailants were drawn up in double line and sent a volley and then rushed into the house and seized four Chassepots and two cartridge boxes. Having accomplished this murderous feat, the band made a precipitate retreat, shouting "treason," "Vive la Republique." A Lieutenant named Colters was inside when the group came up. As soon as he saw the men he demanded their business. The reply was a shot and "Vive la Republique." The Lieutenant then ordered his men to go inside and shut the door and load their guns. Seeking to gain time he asked the group what was the object of their demonstration. The leader, a small man, very well dressed, answered. "We are going to proclaim the Republic; give us your guns and come with us to the Corps Legislatif; come, come. Said the Lieutenant, still anxious to gain time, "Are we soldiers! you know we don't fire upon the people; but it is not our duty to march off with you. If you want to proclaim a republic, just go on a little further." The leader of the band answered "We know a trick worth two of that. Hand us over your guns." "Never," exclaimed the Lieutenant. "Then we shall take them," was the rejoinder. At this moment the whole group drew out their revolvers and discharged them. A sentinel fell dead. A Corporal named Babori received three wounds, two bullets and a stab. The Lieutenant was not injured. The report of fire arms brought out the people from houses, who rushed upon the band. These wretches then began to use revolvers right and left and to stab every one within reach. Sergeant deVille now appeared sword in hand, and endeavored to surround the madmen. One of them received a bullet, and having fallen was trampled to death by the band. A girl six years old was killed in her mother's arms. The fight now became general. Men were falling, others running away, while others went in pursuit. The Commissary of Police, Rue Tangor, now exclaimed, "Who will follow me? Come on citizens." Upon this he rushed upon the rioters, who, having no more ammunition, and, seeing themselves likely to be overpowered, immediately fled, followed by people exclaiming: "They are Prussians; kill them; kill them." Besides two men killed three police agents received several wounds. It is feared many inhabitants of the neighborhood were injured. The leader of the band was almost immediately apprehended. A tall, well dressed man was also arrested at night. He called himself an Englishman, but spoke with power and a strong German accent. Upwards of fifty arrests have been made including the originator of the plot. Paris being in a state of siege this act comes under the head of offenses to be tried by military law. A military tribunal will set this evening. It is next to certain the men who have been taken red-handed will have a short shrift for their cowardly, wanton, and purposeless attack. It is certain the Republicans had nothing to do with it.

PRUSSIANS WITHIN TWELVE HOURS OF PARIS.

The Prussians are steadily advancing, and are now within six hours of Paris, say twelve hours at the outside. The preparations for the defence of Paris are progressing rapidly.

An impression prevails that after a French victory, which is looked upon as quite certain, the neutrals will interfere and make peace, and that Paris will not be bombarded.

FROM PRUSSIA.

PARTICULARS OF THE FIGHTING NEAR METZ.

HERNY, Aug. 15.—Evening.—Yesterday the Prussians attacked the French outside their entrenchments at Metz, with great violence. The French line was broken, and their forces were driven into Metz. The French loss was 4,000.

King William yesterday made a reconnoissance for several hours. He penetrated the French outposts without encountering any demonstration upon the part of the French.

BERLIN, August 16.—The following additional particulars of the second battle near Metz were received late last night: Late on the afternoon of Monday, the First and Second Prussian army corps, vigorously attacked the French forces under the walls of Metz, when a sanguinary conflict ensued, the French being driven within the city, with a loss of four thousand men. On the same day a grand reconnoissance, under the command of King William in person, maintained itself for some two hours within two lines of the French defences, without any effort on the part of the French to dislodge it. This fact shows the utter demoralization of the French army.

SEVERE SATIRE.

BERLIN, August 16.—The North German Gazette yesterday urged the general celebration of the last Napoleon fete.

OFFICIAL NEWS FROM THE PRUSSIAN ARMY OF SUNDAY'S FIGHTING—THE FRENCH REPULSED AT ALL POINTS.

BERLIN, August 16.—The following official news is made public to-day:

Aeton, August 16—9:30 P. M.—The little fortress of Henry capitulated yesterday, after a short bombardment, to the Second Bavarian Army Corps. A great quantity of provisions and six guns were captured.

The following is a dispatch from King William to the Queen.

Herny, August 15.—7:30 P. M.—I have just returned from the battle field near Metz. The advance of the Seventh Corps attacked the enemy, who was instantly reinforced from the fortress. The Thirteenth Division and part of the Fourteenth sustained the advance. The conflict was desperate, involving the entire line. The enemy was repulsed at all points and pursued to the places of the detached works near the fortress, which enabled the enemy to give shelter to their wounded. Our wounded were instantly cared for. By day break the troops returned to their first bivouac. All fought with incredible energy. I have gone among them and congratulated them with all my soul. I have spoken to Generals Steinmetz, Gastrow, Manteuffel and Goeben.

The following official dispatch, dated the 15th, about four o'clock in the afternoon, is just made public:

Our advance finding themselves before Metz, and believing the enemy, who were encamped under the walls, about to retreat, Gen. Galtze's brigade was ordered to attack the rear guard of Marshal Bazaine's corps. A violent combat ensued. The second brigade then advanced under Ostensacken and immediately the divisions of Generals Karnecke and Wrangel participated, driving the enemy at all points. Meanwhile the French General L'Admirault endeavored to flank the 1st corps, but was attacked by the reserves, which advanced with drums beating, under Gen. Mantueffel. The enemy was splendidly repulsed and driven into the fortress. Many were captured. Our troops advanced to Belle Croix and Borney, within range of the ports. This morning the King made a reconnoissance on the field of battle, visiting the advance posts to ensure transportation of wounded, French and Prussians alike. To a point above Kouke, on the right of Moselle from this point, the enemy was invisible in the clouds of dust. We infer therefrom that the main body had departed.

Other Cable Dispatches.

GREAT BRITAIN.

ORANGEMEN'S DISTURBANCE.

LONDON, August 16.—Following are the details of the assault on Judge McCunn of New York, who arrived here on the 13th inst. During the celebration of the raising of the siege of Londonderry, Judge McCunn was on a visit to Coleraine, a town a few miles east of Londonderry and in the same county. While at the railway station, accompanied by two priests, Mr. McKenna, one of the editors of the Belfast Star, and some other friends, a mob of the Orangemen made an assault upon him and his companions. McKenna was roughly handled and others of the party hurt, but the Judge escaped without serious injury.

The Queen has gone from Osborne to Windsor.

The Daily News again eulogizes Motley.

One Brearly, a confederate soldier who served under Stonewall Jackson, has been arrested for attempting to kill Captain Elliot, an Essex magistrate. Jealousy is said to be the cause.

SCOTCH OPERATIVES' STRIKE.

EDINBURGH, August 16.—The operatives in the iron at Dysart and Loch Gelly have arranged to strike. The ultimatum of the strikers is higher pay and shorter hours.

CUBA.

DEFECT IN THE WEST INDIA CABLE.

HAVANA, August 16.—The West India cable has met with an accident. After beginning to lay the deep sea cable toward Santiago, a defect was discovered in the cable already laid across the shallows.

THE REBELLION—SUCCESS OF THE CUBANS—CONFIDENT HOPES OF INDEPENDENCE.

KEY WEST, Aug. 16.—Gen. Ryan, arrived here from Cuba via Nassau, says he has an important commission and hoped to be in Cuba again in thirty-five days; that the war continues with unabated fury, and that the Spaniards were defeated twenty-three times during July. He attacked four hundred and fifty Spanish soldiers with fifty men and killed eighty and wounded one hundred and twenty-three. The Cubans are confident of independence and a speedy end of the struggle. Ryan goes to New York.

PORTUGAL.

DENIAL OF REPORTS.

LISBON, August 14.—The journals of this city deny the report that the meeting of Chiefs of all parties called by Duke Saldanaha was occasioned by the Spanish note saying that the landing of English troops at Lisbon would be considered a casus belli. The journals also deny that Don Fernando has been urged to give his reply within twenty-four hours as to whether he will accept the throne of Spain. Yesterday all the Spanish political refugees in this country returned to Spain. A French gunboat having arrived here, the English fleet leaves to-morrow, destination unkown.

SPAIN.

FALSE REPORT—LABOR DEMONSTRATIONS.

MADRID, August 16.—The report recently circulated that Prussia is seeking an alliance with Spain is untrue.

Labor demonstrations continue here and in other cities of Spain.

AUSTRIA.

NO ATTEMPT AT MEDIATION.

VIENNA, August 16.—Baron Beust has publicly denied any attempt on his part to mediate in the war between France and Prussia.

SWITZERLAND.

BERNE, August 16.—The Swiss Corps of Observation has been disbanded.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, August 16.—The steamship Siberia arrived last evening.

LONDONDERRY, August 16.—The steamship Prussian arrived last evening.

LONDON, August 16.—The dispatch that the steamship Pennsylvania was entirely destroyed by fire is erroneous. A great part of the cargo was destroyed, but the vessel was not badly damaged and will sail on the 20th for Havre and New York.

FIANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, August 16.—Consols for money, 91¾; on account, 91¾. American securities quiet; '62s, 87¾; '65s, 86¾; '67s, 85¾; 10-40s, 85; extra dividends stocks dull; Eries, 18, Illinois, 108; Great Western, 22¼. Manchester market quiet and firm.

LIVERPOOL, August 16.—Cotton firm; middling uplands at 8¾@8¾d; Orleans at 8¾@9d; sales of 2,000 bales. California white wheat, at 10s. 7d.@10s. 9d.; red western No. 2 at 8s. 10d.@8s. 11d.; winter at 10s.; Receipts of wheat for three days, 15,000 quarters all American. Western flour at 24s. Corn No. 2 mixed at 30s. 9d. Oats, 3s. 7d. Barley, 5s. Peas, 38s. Pork, 119s. Beef, 111s. Lard, 73s. Cheese, 62s 6d. Bacon, 57s 6d. Cumberland Cut, 66s. for short rib. Tallow, 44s.

LONDON, August 16.—Tallow at 44s. 3d. Linseed oil heavy at 8s. 15d. Turpentine easier at 29s. 6d. Hops, 5s.@5s. 5d.

LIVERPOOL, August 16—Evening.—Petroleum closed firmer for refined. Common Rosin dull at 5s. 6d.

FRANKFORT, August 16.—United States bonds excited. Large transactions at 91¼.

THE NATIONAL LABOR CONGRESS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, August 16.—The Labor Congress this morning admitted Samuel F. Carey to a seat on the floor. On motion to admit John Langston, colored, a stormy time followed. It was objected that Langston had done everything in his power to injure the labor movement, and had last year insulted the Congress. The yeas and nays were called amid much excitement, resulting in his admission.

At the afternoon session, Mr. Thomas, of Cincinnati, was appointed sergeant-at-arms, with instructions to admit no one to the floor but members and reporters.

After some discussion on the report of the Committee on Credentials, in which Miss Lane, of Boston, and Miss Hathaway participated—the latter explaining that she represented thirty-six women of Chicago, and was now a bona fide resident of that city—the previous question was called and the report adopted.

The Executive Officer from Kansas reported twenty-one labor unions, with over two thousand voters.

John M. Browning, from New York city, submitted a report from the Committee on Obnoxious Laws, giving the substance of correspondence with State authorities on this subject.

After the adoption of the report, Mr. Jessup made some remarks which brought Mr. Troup up in defence of the committee. He had hoped New York troubles would not be brought to this Convention. In New York hindrances had been put in the way of this committee and the obstacles were in the interest of Tammany Hall politicians and were used by the men who wanted to sell workingmen's votes to the Tammany Hall party. Mr. Troup spoke some length and was cheered. Mr. Lane followed, defending Mr. Browning and complimenting him on what he had done.

O. C. Cameron, Chicago, delegate to Europe, submitted a report which drew a sad picture of the laboring classes of the old world. The report was general in nature, giving an account of the proceedings of the Basle Congress.

Mr. Troup offered a resolution, which was adopted, directing the Finance Committee to report a plan for raising funds for prosecuting the work of the National Labor Union in various States. He also introduced a resolution denouncing the occupation of Kansas Cherokee neutral lands for the last fourteen months by United States troops, in violation of the Constitution and laws of the United States, an insult to the settlers, an entering wedge of a despotism, and urging the settlers to strike for their rights, trusting in the justness of their cause and the fairness of the American people. Before a vote was taken adjournment occurred.

The Convention is much smaller than was anticipated, the number of delegates being about one hundred. Preparations were made for four hundred.

National Normal School Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, O., August 16.—The National Normal School Convention assembled again to-day. The paper of Miss Lathrop, of Cincinnati, with which the morning session opened, was one of remarkable clearness and excellence. Its subject was, "the value and place of object lessons." It commenced by showing the difference between object lessons and objective or illustrative teaching, defined object lessons to be conversational lessons on objects under the guidance of a teacher, and showed that they are useful in cultivating observation, and ease and exactness of expression; in leading children into fields of observation they otherwise might not find; in affording variety and relieving the weariness of school room work; in preparing for the book in lower grades and aiding the book in higher grades; in supplying the elements from which science may be constructed; in affording opportunity for systemization of knowledge obtained from various sources, and in prompting teachers themselves to active investigation. Their place is indicated by their use, they being indispensable in primary grades, but in high school giving place largely to illustrative teaching.

The paper was ably discussed by Messrs. Henckle, of Ohio, E. A. Sheldon, of Oswego, E. E. White, of Ohio, Allen, of Boston, and Ellis, of Rochester.

During the morning session a short recess was taken that the Association might greet President Grant, who called to express his interest in the object for which it had assembled.

A paper by George Loomis, of Indianapolis, on "Music in Normal Schools," closed the session.

In the afternoon officers were elected for the ensuing year, S. H. White, of Peoria, Ill., being the President, C. C. Rounds, of Maine, Mrs. Stone, of Akron, Ohio, and S. R. Thompson, West Virginia, Vice Presidents. The remaining officers are the same as last year.

The afternoon paper, by J. W. Dickinson, of Westfield Normal school, Mass., was a Concise and Philosophical presentation of the use to the Normal teacher of Psychology, the Philosophy of Method. It was followed by a long and rambling theologico, metaphysical discussion, after which Professor M. Brown, of Duft's college gave some pleasant readings from Dickens.

The evening session was occupied with reports of Committees and a paper by Miss Jackson, of Philadelphia, on "The Treatment of Dunces."

Archbishop Purcell Interviewed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, August 16.—In an interview with a reporter, Archbishop Purcell stated that, without the wish to be offensive to the many Germans connected with the Catholic Church, he could not conceal the fact that his sympathies were with France. He expressed the hope that she might recover the ground which she had lost, and conquer her Prussian foes. Relative to the annunciation of the dogma of Infallibility, he expressed the opinion that it would not be proclaimed until the close of the business of the programme, which, at the present rate of progression, will be an unknown time. He coincided with the Archbishop of Paris, that the decree will not be binding until the Council shall have closed and the Pope proclaims it under the signatures of the Bishops; but if the Pope is infallible, as he is considered himself to be, he will do as he pleases. He believes the annunciation will not be attended with any extraordinary ceremonies, but it will be officially announced and published. He stated that it was understood the Jesuits in Cologne refused absolution to persons declining to acknowledge infallibility before its proclamation, and had been assured in their action from Rome. The Archbishop will address the public at Mozart Hall next Sunday evening, when he will defend his course, and may have something interesting to say about the condition of the Church.

NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 16, 1870.

The Erie Railway Company has given notice of an intention to create a consolidated mortgage on the property of the road.

Mr. Gaillarde telegraphs from Paris to the Courier that the Left will bring forward a proposition in the Corps to-day for a Committee of Public Safety. Another French reverse, he thinks, will bring such a committee.

The Cambria beat the Dauntless, Phantom and Magic in a sail (not race) from New London to Newport.

A libel was issued this evening against the steamer Norwalk for colliding with the schooner Lady Ellen, on Friday evening. The damages are laid at $20,000.

The body of John E. Phalon, victim of the Norwalk collision, was washed ashore at Gowanus to-day.

The Nathan mansion, on Twenty-third street, was sold for $70,900.

Thos. Nolan attempted, Monday night, in Brooklyn, to murder his wife and five children, but was prevented by the police.

James Finnegan, member of the Morrisana Board of Education, was to-day held in $2,500 bail for attempted assassination of Patrick Mullins, member elect of the Board of Town Trustees.

THE CAPITAL.

(By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 16, 1870.

TAX ON PORK PACKERS.

Acting Commissioner Douglass has decided that the law does not relieve pork packers from manufacturers special tax, or provide for refunding such taxes already paid.

CLAIMS TO BE PAID.

The Attorney General has determined that under the appropriation bill passed at the late session of Congress, the claims of Internal Revenue officers appointed in the South in 1865 and 1866, but who afterwards were ascertained to be unable to take the test oath, can be paid. They will immediately be audited and paid.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Journeymen coopers of Cincinnati demand an increase of wages.

—The French residents of San Francisco on Monday observed the fete Napoleon.

—The German Sanitary Committee of San Francisco yesterday remitted an additional $10,000 to Berlin.

—Hon. W. H. Seward arrived at Omaha yesterday, and goes west to-day, on his trip around the world.

—Dr. Leonard Marsh, for fifteen years Professor in the University of Vermont, died yesterday morning.

—Hon. Richard J. Haldeman has been renominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Fifteenth (Pa.) District.

—John Gauche, Jr., who had just arrived from New Orleans, was arrested at Cincinnati yesterday, charged with embezzlement.

—The Governor of Kentucky has issued a proclamation concerning the outbreaks in Woodford and Franklin counties, and offering a reward for the detection of the rioters.

—Miss Green, of Alliance, Ohio, has been admitted to the Government Printing Office, at Washington, D. C., on piece work. This is the first female compositor employed at that establishment.

—At Montreal, on Monday, an informal meeting was held to prepare for the reception of the Illinois Press Association. The committee appointed includes Sir Geo. Cartier, Hon. John Young, Thomas Workman and others.

—Hon. James L. Orr has published a letter announcing his adhesion to the Republican party in South Carolina. He says for many years to come that party must control the State. Opposition to it will only augment and perpetuate existing evils.

—Extraordinary preparations have been made for the funeral of Admiral Farragut at Portsmouth, N. H., to-day. It is expected the marines at this station, Boston and Portland, the Manchester Guards and Grand Army of the Republic will do escort duty.

—Wm. Ruion, at Momouth, Ill., on Sunday night, while walking on the track of the Rockford and St. Louis Railroad, fell over an embankment some eight feet, striking with his head on a heavy beam, and so injuring himself that he died in a few hours.

—The Chicago Post of yesterday says that Mr. Frelinghuysen having concluded to decline the mission to England, President Grant has offered the place to Senator Trumbull. It is understood Judge Trumbull will not accept, preferring to remain in the Senate.

—At Quincy, Iowa, a few nights since, the drug store of Dr. Walker was discovered to be on fire. On entering the building the Doctor was found insensible, wedged in among boxes with several ugly wounds on his head. Five hundred dollars, which he was known to have had on his person, were missing. He was still alive at last accounts, but in a critical condition. The store was destroyed.

—The Cincinnati Common Council, Chamber of Commerce and Board of Trade have appointed committees to arrange for the annual session of the Southern Commercial Convention in that city, commencing on the 4th of October next. Committees are actively at work to insure a general attendance and the complete success of the Convention. A call will be issued and circulated about the 25th inst. Generals Fremont, Schenck, and other notables, have already been named as delegates.

—On the 31st of July, Fred. Sawyer and Theo. Johnson hired a conveyance at Lincoln, Neb., for the purpose of locating land on Blue river. Sawyer returned to Lincoln, August 9, alone, and reported having left Johnston on his homestead. Suspicion being aroused, his neighbors went in search of him. He was found sixteen miles west of Beaver Crossing, by the side of the Fort Kearney, Nebraska City road, with seven bullet-holes in his body. His remains had been partially eaten by wolves. Sawyer has been arrested. Johnson's friends reside at Dixon, Ills.

German Aid Meetings.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, August 16.—A large and enthusiastic mass meeting of German citizens was held here to-night, at which resolutions expressing sympathy with Prussia and making provision for the aid of widows and orphans were adopted. A committee was appointed to connect the meeting with the Central Committee of New York.

CINCINNATI, August 16.—The Germans held a meeting last night to rejoice over victories, and arrange for a general celebration for the purpose of raising money. The wife of the North German Consul alone collected about $2,000.

The Executive Aid Committee will forward, as a first installment, to-day, two thousand five hundred dollars to the North German Government.

Live Stock Markets.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., August 16.—Beef Cattle: receipts, 671 head; prices have advanced 50c; extra, $13@13.50; first quality, $11.50@12.50; second quality, $10.50@11.25; third quality, $7@$10. Sheep and Lambs—receipts, 5,658 head, with cooler weather and light supply, dealers asked nearly ½c advance, bulk stock sold at that difference, with sales in lots at $2.25@4 each, and extra at $4.25@4.75.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, August 16.—Corn dull and drooping, mixed 95c; white $1@1.02½. Oats dull and drooping; St. Louis 52@53c. Hay lower; prime $25. Pork dull and lower at $31.25. Lard quiet; tierce 17⅛@17⅜c; keg 19c. Other articles unchanged. Gold 116¾@116⅞.

Operations in the West Virginia Oil Region—Explosion of a Mammoth Torpedo.

[Correspondent of the Marietta Register.]

There was quite an excitement created at Volcano, West Virginia, Wednesday last, by the explosion of a mammoth torpedo, in one of the wells of the Grant Oil Company, F. R. Rose, Superintendent. The torpedo, believed to be the largest ever exploded in any oil well, was put down by the agent of the Roberts Petroleum Torpedo Company, and measured nine feet in length and four inches in diameter. The explosive used was a compound of fulminating powder, possessing eight times the strength of gunpowder, the total amount of explosive material equaling three hundred pounds of common gunpowder.

About four o'clock in the afternoon, the agent arrived at the well, where thirty or forty people had assembled to witness the explosion. After about an hour's delay in strengthening some parts of the exploder, the torpedo was lowered into the well to the depth of six hundred feet, and water run in upon it, in order to confine the torpedo and increase its explosive power. About ten seconds after the weight was dropped to ignite the exploder, a low rumbling report was heard, the force of the explosion throwing a mass of stone and water out of the top of the conductor, and scattering things around pretty lively.

In an hour and thirty minutes the well was tubed, and in two hours commenced throwing oil. She had never produced anything previous to torpedoing her, but has since been pumping at the rate of twenty-five barrels lubricating oil per day. The same company had a well torpedoed in April, which had never produced anything. She had been pumping about five barrels per day ever since. There is no doubt that the torpedo is as beneficial to the oil wells of Ohio, West Virginia and Kentucky, as those of Pennsylvania, if they are only properly exploded.

Major Steele struck a seventy-five barrel well at Twin Lick, a few days ago. It is considered the largest well in the State at present.

A WOMAN lately carried a child to a London hospital—a child in a nearly dying state—and the doctor elicited from her that she had been administering spiders to it as a cure for whooping cough.

FOREIGN.

MOST of the theatres of German cities have been closed during the duration of the war.

SHIPMENTS of private freights have been stopped on a good many Prussian railroads.

ALL Prussian papers have been warned not to publish detailed news in regard to army movements.

A BERLIN coffee-house, called Cafe Napoleon, changed its name right after the declaration of war.

QUITE a number of Prussian landholders have declared their readiness to pay their taxes in advance.

ALL letters for America from Germany are now sent to the United States via Belgium and England.

PRINCE CHARLES of Prussia has published a proclamation to the Knights of St. John, to go to the front and do sanitary service.

WHEN Prof. Dubois Reymond, of Berlin, a true German, mounted his tribune the other day, he commenced his lecture with the preface: "Gentlemen you must excuse my French name."

A FRENCH can-can dancer named Maire was arrested as a spy the other day near Koenigsberg. He had been seen sneaking around the moats of the fortifications, but proving that he had only endeavored to catch frogs, he was set free.

THE circusman Renz, of Hamburg, apparently envious of the reputation of our Dan Rice, heads a subscription list for the German cause with a subscription of two thousand dollars. His three sons have volunteered in the Prussian army.

THE Prussian Government continues to employ the full force of laborers in the buildings for the State. The coal miners of the mines near Saarbruck have received their pay three months in advance, so that they will not suffer if a temporary cessation of work at the mines should ensue.

IN the excitement of the war the conspiracy trials have been overlooked by the public, but a hasty glance over the proceedings shows the younger Hugo is very unpleasantly identified with the assassination scheme, of which the evidence indicates him, and not Flourens, as the chief mover.

BARON VON WERTHER, late Prussian Ambassador at the Court of Paris, is very much blamed by the Prussian Government for the negligent and incapable manner in which he fulfilled his duties at that post. It is very improbable whether he will ever again receive a diplomatic appointment from the Prussian Government.

A VERY curious work is in preparation by Mr. Mitford, the Secretary of the British Legation in Japan; a collection of the best original novels of the Japanese language, with illustrations by native artists. The appetite for stories of civilized life seems to be nearly sated among habitual novel-readers, but here is something really new.

A GOOD many Germans are serving in the French Foreign Legion, specially enlisted for the wars in Algeria. This legion has been ordered home to France, and so Bismarck has issued a proclamation, menacing all those Germans who are caught serving against their country with arms in their hands with the doom of the traitor.

THE records of the French War Office show that during the first half of the eighteenth century, ending five years after the day of Fontenoy, four hundred and fifty thousand Irishmen died in the French service, and that during the last half of the century one hundred and fifty thousand Irishmen fell in battle under the banners of France.

THE geographer Kiepart has spent the spring months in Palestine, making researches and measurements which promise important corrections in the maps of that country. He has made some interesting discoveries, chiefly new identifications of places named in sacred history, and reports the country free from disturbance, and the weather favorable to his work.

THE Hamburgians show an exceeding liberality in their subscriptions for the German cause. Besides the munificent vote of funds by the Board of Councilmen of that city, some private citizens came forward with most magnificent subscriptions. Among some are the firms of Henry Schroeder, who subscribed 500,000 marks ($135,000,) and Behrend & Sons with 50,000 marks.

A POOR German lockmaker, who had retired to a lonely spot in the Hamburg harbor in order to draw a diagram of a secret lock, was arrested a short time ago as a French spy, and came near being torn to pieces by the furious populace, who imagined that he had been making drawings of the harbor. As soon as he was taken to the guardhouse the unlucky lockmaker explained his drawing, and was set at liberty at once.

PROF. MATEGAZZA, the Italian chemist, has made an elaborate series of researches into the origin and effects of ozone in the atmosphere. He confirms the belief that its presence is destructive of malaria, and protects against infectious disease. He finds that odorous flowers throw off ozone in amounts proportioned to the strength of their odors; and recommends that such flowers be placed in houses where there is any reason to fear the existence of malaria.

THE managers of the Academy of Fine Arts in Mexico, have sent to Mr. Seward two paintings which are said to be very fine. One represents Virgil conducting Dante to the Circle of the Damned, and the other delineates the visit of Pius IX. to Maximilian and Carlotta, at their residence in Rome, while the ill-starred "Emperor" was preparing to go to Mexico. These presents are in memory of Mr. Seward's visit to the academy, and his expressed admiration of it.

NAPOLEON had summoned the ex-Duke of Nassau to place himself under his protection, and to come to Paris. In case he should do this he would guarantee to him the restoration of his duchy. But the Duke Adolphus was patriotic enough to reply that he knew his duty. He went at once to the Commander-in-Chief of the forces of the North German Confederation, and offered his services for the defense of the national cause. And not satisfied with this, he also induced Prince Nicholas of Nassau to enter the German army.

THE Parisians are crowing loudly over the superiority of their city in these trying times to Berlin. In France, they say, the price of everything remains as before the war; the rentes are nearly two per cent. higher than during the Austro-Italian campaign; and that bankers are willing to advance any amount of money to the government at four per cent.; whereas in Prussia loans on any terms are almost impossible, the rate of discount is raised to eight per cent., flour and corn have nearly doubled in cost, and salt is at twelve cents a pound.

THE French and English are rejoicing over discoveries of extensive beds of good mineral coal in Algeria and Bengal. At Laghmat, in the French possessions in Africa, a bed has been opened which promises to supply all Algiers and Southern France with fuel; while at Midnapur, within seventy miles of Calcutta, some well-diggers have struck a bed of excellent coal, from which it is hoped that the British steamers in the trade to India and to Australia can be supplied. But neither formation has been sufficiently explored to make its extent or value certain.

ONE of the best commentaries made upon the definition of Papal infallibility, is to be found in an anecdote told by the Gaulois, in which both a Pope and King of Spain figure as actors.

Don Sanchez, King of Castile, made a journey to Rome, a species of pious pilgrimage, which so delighted the then incumbent of the chair of St. Peter, that he conferred upon his royal visitor the title of King of Egypt, the consistory applauding with much enthusiasm the proclamation. Hearing the noise the prince demanded to know the cause, and was informed by his interpreter that the Holy Father had appointed him to the Egyptian throne. "We must not seem ungrateful," remarked the Spaniard, gravely, "go to the Holy Father at once and proclaim him Caliph of Bagdad."

The Parisians and their German Beer.

A Paris letter says: "A terrible piece of news for thirsty Paris is just announced. The numerous cafes supplied with bock beer by the great house of Dreher & Co., of Vienna, exhibit in their windows a placard stating that in consequence of the war no beer is to be had by the usual railways, the stock is out, and that their numerous customers must be good enough to wait for the completion of arrangements set on foot for bringing German beer to Paris by way of Switzerland and Italy. It is only in the best houses that this momentary scarcity will be felt. By far the greater part of the soi-disant bocks consumed in Paris are manufactured in this city or the environs. There is an enormous brewery of 'Vienna' beer at Pantin, the suburb made famous by the Tropmann murders. I believe the interests of this brewery have rather suffered by the notoriety of its existence.

"But for Tropmann its products would have passed off as true 'bocks' more easily than they do now. But, although the Paris brewers cannot produce beer so good as those of Munich and Vienna or even as the 'bocks' of Strasburg, their efforts to rival the genuine article have very much improved the average of the beer brewed in Paris. Some years ago Paris beer was a vile, flatulent, saponaceous deception. Now a very palatable, refreshing, and not unwholesome preparation of malt—and possibly of hops—though I believe other bitters are more commonly used, is a very general drink. The French cannot understand beer as a concomitant repast. With their meals they must have wine But in the evenings, among the better classes, far more beer is now drunk in Paris than in London."

The Author of "Vanity Fair."

The only high writer of fiction since the days of Scott is he whose bust, not his bones, is in the Abbey; who, seven years ago, died sleeping in his bed; whose children, two motherless girls, sorrowed meekly; whose family treasures were not greedily divided; whose walls were not covered with pictures from his own works, for he was too modest for that; who had been a visitor in America without either slandering or flattering us; who shed a tear for the desolate South—and left behind him, with those who knew him personally and those who did not, save through his works, that sweet and lovely memory which literally blossoms in the dust. There lie before us as we write, the words of a poor sick American girl which tell a tale of truth. "Often," says she, "when I have closed one of Thackeray's books, I sit thinking with a full heart how much I owe him of what is best in me, of the purest pleasure I have ever known filled with thankfulness for the power which has been given me to appreciate him in my poor way." This is the track which he left behind him here.—World August 7.

Dangerous Disease.

A cough in itself may not be a dangerous disease, it is rather a prelude to one that has been regarded as almost proverbially fatal—pulmonary consumption. If people were sufficiently cautious there would be fewer diseases of the lungs and very few of them fatal. But how is this? you will ask. A plain answer settles the whole matter. Take medicine in time; take it when you notice the first cough, or the first pain in your breast. There is no pain without there is something internally wrong, and there is seldom a cough without something wrong with the lungs, or some one of the organs leading thereto; it may be the bronchia; it may be the larynx or the trachea. Dr. Keyser's lung cure will heal any one, or all of them. It costs a trifle to try and that trial may, in your case, as it has done in thousands, save your lungs from permanent injury. Dr. Keyser's lung cure is a real genuine medicine; it cannot do harm to the tenderest infant, or the most enfeebled invalid; it is prepared by Dr. Keyser himself, with great care and with an especial view to meet cases of either recent or chronic coughs. If you call on the Doctor at his principal office, 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, he will examine your lungs and tell you whether it will cure you. Office hours from nine A. M. until one P. M., and from three P. M. until six, and on Saturdays from seven to nine at night.

ALL first class saloons have Pier, Danals & Co.'s cream ale on draught. Ask for it.

TAKE DR. KEYSER'S Lung Cure, 167 Liberty Street

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BISHOP BOWMAN INSTITUTE.—A Collegiate School for Young Ladies. No. 6 GRANT STREET. The next session will begin on MONDAY, September 11th. Prof. HENRY ROHBOCK will have charge of the Music Department. Registers giving full information may now be had at the Book Stores, or at the Institute after the 24th inst.
au17:d6-WFM REV. R. J. COSTER, A. M., Rector.

PROPOSALS.—The Market Committee of City Councils will receive proposals for a market site for the 12th, 13th, 15th, 16th and 17th wards of the City of Pittsburgh. Bids will received until the first of September, 1870, stating size, location and conditions of site. Bids to be addressed to S. J. WAINWRIGHT, at the office of T. R. Sill & Son. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids. By order of the
au17 MARKET COMMITTEE.

FOR SALE.—18 Acres of Land, on the line of the Penna. Railroad, about 1½ miles from the Union Depot. This land is beautifully situated and admirably adapted for laying out in lots. Will be sold at a bargain if called for soon.
T. R. SILL & SON,
Corner of Penn and Thirty-third streets.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—33 Acres, more or less, of beautiful land, 20 acres cleared and under good state of cultivation; situate three miles north-east of Latrobe, Westmoreland county. No buildings. This property will be sold at a bargain if application is made soon.
T. R. SILL & SON,
Corner of Penn and Thirty-third street.

FOR SALE.—2 beautiful Frame Houses, delightfully situated, fine scenery, &c., containing 3 and 4 rooms each; situate on the Minersville Road and adjoining Capt. Brendon property. Will sell at a great bargain if called for soon.
T. R. SILL & SON,
Corner of Penn and Thirty-third street.

Duff's College

NO. 37 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
An Old and Reliable Institution!
HARPER'S EDITION OF DUFF'S BOOK-KEEPING.
Used as a text-book.
PENMANSHIP.
Instruction and Lectures daily by Wm. H. DUFF.
BOOK-KEEPING DEPARTMENT.
CHAS. P. DUFF, Superintendent.
For Circulars, address P. DUFF & SONS.

P. DUFF & SONS,
Commission Merchants,
au17:e9 No. 124 SECOND AVENUE.

TIME BOOKS.
Our Improved Style
JUST OUT.
CALL AND SEE THEM.
ALLAN C. BAKEWELL & CO.,
75 Wood Street.
au16

GENERAL CLOSING OUT SALE AT
BELL & MOORHOUSE'S,
No. 21 Fifth Avenue.
BARGAINS IN
LAWNS, CHINTZES,
GRANADINES,
SOME SILKS,
MUSLIN PRINTS,
CASSIMERES,
LINEN GOODS.
The entire stock reduced 25 to 33 per cent. to close out Summer Stock. au16

CHEAP DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE.—A new double frame house of six rooms and cellar, cemented cistern, lot 20 feet front on Bertha street, Mount Washington, by 100 deep, situate one square from the head of the hill and four squares from the Inclined Plane. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON, 51 Sixth avenue.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON MORTGAGES.
GEO. R. HILL.
Cor. Wylie street and Third avenue.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE
IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST
Commercial and Family Newspaper
PUBLISHED IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.
No farmer, mechanic, or merchant should be without it.
TERMS:
Single subscribers....
Clubs of five....
Clubs of ten....
A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a Club of ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents. Address,
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

NOTICES—"To-Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

WANTS.

WANTED.—Several Men for Farm Work, Gardening and Driving. Also, for Brickyard Work. Several girls Girls Wanted for Cooking, Chamberwork, Dining-room work and light work of all description. Apply at EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 Sixth street, first door from Suspension Bridge.

WANTED.
A BARBER.
Must be a good mechanic. Steady employment and good wages given. Apply at 383 Fifth avenue.
au12:b80 G. S. MASSEY.

WANTED.—By "The North American Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Philadelphia," Pa.,
A General Agent
For the City of Pittsburgh. Address, with references, &c., the office of the Company, 433 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

WANTED—MORTGAGES.
One of $400 for 3 years;
Three of $300 each from 3 to 5 years;
Two of $1,000 each from 3 to 5 years;
One of $2,000 for 4 years;
Two of $5,000 each from 3 to 4 years.
THOMAS K. PETTY.
No. 179 Smithfield Street.

WANTED—MORTGAGES.
Thirty Thousand Dollars to Loan
In large or small amounts on property in Allegheny county at a fair rate of interest.
CHARLES JEREMY,
Real Estate Agent,
68 Grant street.

COAL WANTED.
SEALED PROPOSALS for furnishing the House of Refuge with
30,000 to 40,000 Bushels of Nut and Lump Coal,
Will be received at the office, No. 67 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, until noon of WEDNESDAY, August 24th, 1870. Coal to be delivered in the yards of the institution, subject to standard weight, and in such quantities as may be directed by the Committee on Supplies.
By order of Committee. au12:d8

TO-LET.

TO-LET.—FURNISHED ROOMS, at No. 140 SMITHFIELD STREET. au15

TO-LET—ROOM—Suitable for a gentleman's sleeping room, with or without board. 154 FOURTH AVENUE.

TO-LET.—From October 1st, the RESIDENCE of Mrs. J. Heron Foster, 208 South avenue, Allegheny.

TO-LET.—ROOMS in the Dispatch Building; low to a good tenant. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON, 51 Sixth Avenue.

TO-LET.—No. 86 Esplanade Street, Allegheny, HOUSE of 7 rooms and finished attic; gas throughout; hot and cold water in kitchen. Possession given September 1st. Apply on premises, or to JOHN STERRETT, Diamond, Allegheny.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—20 TONS QUERCITRON in lots to suit purchasers. A. H. BAUMAN, 96½ Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE—CHEAP.—The stock and fixtures of that old established Retail Grocery, No. 236 Sandusky street, Allegheny city, one square above the Park, now doing a good business; good reasons for selling. Also the store room for rent. Apply on the premises to MARY MEREDITH.

FOR SALE.—A BRICK HOUSE, corner of Logan and Hazel street, seven rooms with grass yard in front. The best location in the 7th ward. Will sell low, as I wish to go to the country. Apply at 60 LOGAN STREET, or address Mrs. M. L. B., No. 60 Logan street.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—$2,500 will buy a house with five rooms and hall, with four lots 24 feet front by 100 feet in depth, with stabling, fronting on a forty feet street, one-half square back of Pennsylvania avenue, Twentieth ward, near East Liberty. Apply at 174 Grant street, near Seventh avenue.

FOR SALE.—OIL TANK.—A very superior Iron Tank with Iron Top, favorably located, and constructed of Nos. 6, 7 and 8 iron; is 30 feet in diameter and 23 feet high, capacity about 3,300 barrels; will be sold low by the Executors of W. McClintock, at 93 FIFTH AVE., or by JOHN BENN, No. 4, Ferry Building, Duquesne Way.

FOR SALE.—STOCK FARM.—Contains 240 ACRES, one hundred and sixty acres under cultivation, balance woods. Improvement—2 dwellings, very large barn and stable, and sheep houses, orchard and well watered by a small creek passing through the place. Situated in Jennings county, Indiana, 3½ miles from Vernon and Louisville Railroad; in thriving neighborhood near to villages and churches. The farm can be purchased at $25 per acre. Apply to S. McLAIN & CO., No. 164 Fourth Ave.

FOR SALE.—Engines and Boilers, New and Second Hand, of all kinds, constantly on hand.
Orders from all parts of the country promptly attended to.
JAMES HILL & CO.,
Corner Marion Avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. W., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE CHEAP, OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—A fine COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing 20 acres with 3 houses thereon; one, a fine, comfortable and convenient house; good water, and one of the best water powers in Western Pennsylvania for a mill; 16 miles from the city, on the waters of Turtle Creek Road, ¾ of a mile from Stewart's Station, Central Railroad. Also, several good Farms in good locations and houses for sale. Enquire of
WILLIAM WARD,
my11 No. 110 Grant St., opposite Cathedral.

FOR SALE.—One two story Brick Dwelling House, with eight rooms, finished attic and cellar, on Western avenue, near the Park, gas, hot and cold water, below and above stairs, nearly new and all in good order. The lot is 25 feet front, running north one hundred and twenty feet to a wide alley, with a stable on the alley, wood and coal house, &c. The lot is well set with grape vines, other small fruits and shrubbery. For further particulars, inquire of John Ramsey, No. 91 Beaver street, or No. 230 Western avenue, near the premises.

FOR SALE.—If Applied for soon, will be sold at a bargain, one cash payment and balance to be paid in monthly instalments for four years, bearing no interest. Six lots of ground on which is erected a dwelling of six rooms and cellar, which is well painted, grained and varnished; also, stable and carriage house, cistern and spring water; grape and other shrubbery planted. Everything is in first-class order. The above is situated in the Thirteenth ward, near the former residence of Captain W. J. Brendon. For further particulars, apply to
WILLIAM BURKE, Jr.,
au16-tf House and Sign Painter. 108 7th Ave.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY.
The two story double house, the residence of Robert S. Kennedy, Esq., adjoining the residence of Messrs. Wm. and Hay Walker and Wm. Cooper, in McClure township, on the New Brighton Road, about 3 miles from the city. The house contains 14 rooms; also, ice house and cooling room, summer kitchen and laundry and out house, convenient to the main building; the house is supplied with water and gas. The grounds, comprising about 10½ acres, are tastefully laid out and are stocked with an abundance of fruit and ornamental trees, small fruits, &c. On the premises are a large stable, cold grapery, out houses and gardener's house of 3 rooms. Verner Station, on the P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. is within a few minutes' walk of the house. For terms, enquire at the PEARL MILL, Allegheny.

ATTENTION, READER!
Good News for Sufferers of Sore Throat
WINTER'S
Infallible Cure for Quinsy and
Similar Throat Diseases.
At the request of many of my friends who have been cured by my remedy, and being desirous of helping sufferers of this disease, I beg to announce that I have for years been in possession of an infallible cure for QUINSY and other similar diseases, and offer my preparation to all who are afflicted. Many have been cured, and I offer to any $500 for a case I cannot cure. This is no boast, but a reality. Thousands of our best citizens know me, to whom I refer. None in particular, but to all. I guarantee a safe cure in all cases. Certificates of the best citizens can be seen at my residence. Full directions on each bottle of my medicine. Call on me personally, or address me at my home. P. WINTER, [illegible] Penn St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

REMOVAL.
Laing & McKallip
Have removed to 347 Liberty st., lately occupied by Culp & Shepard, where they will be pleased to meet their friends and the public generally. They have constantly on hand a choice assortment of Family Flour, Grain, Feed, Lead and Calcined Plaster, White Lime, Foundry Flour, Baled Hay, &c. They are also general agents for the celebrated Johnstown Hydraulic and Louisville Cement and Anthracite Coal.

BALTIMORE HERRING, SHAD, &c.—New Potomac Herring in barrels and halves; now on hand in barrels and halves, No. 1 [illegible]

DRIED PEACHES [illegible]

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1870.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 114¼.

THE Prince Imperial was in Paris. It is to be hoped he will speedily recover from his bloody baptism.

GEN. JAMES S. NEGLEY will in all probability recieve re-nomination to Congress by the unaninimous vote of the approaching Republican Convention. Thus far no other candidate has been named for the office.

THERE is nothing regarding principles and measures which seriously divides Republican voters.—*Commercial.*

This explains the whole matter of the "Movement." Take the "principles and measures" out of a party, and what remains on which to differ? Voters, nothing but voters. The *Commercial*, then, has been trying to get up a party without voters! Well, judging from the "gratifying progress" thus far made, we think it has succeeded admirably.

EVEN the loudest mouthed leaders of the late new party have grown sick and tired of the *Commercial's* joke of keeping at the head of its columns a bogus Republican ticket. They realize that the game is up and do not want the small number of gentlemen they led into the trap of permitting their names to be used as candidates on the confidence ticket, to be longer held in identity with the ship that has already gone down far below the surface. None of the candidates were active, prime movers in the new party fiasco, and yet they are left standing beautifully alone at the top of the *Commercial* columns as the last of the eight hundred.

IT is not altogether improbable that Napoleon has purposely permitted a temporary invasion in French territory in order to rally to his support the people of France, thus securing the transfer of the burden of war from his own shoulders to those of his subjects who would not rise to enthusiasm until the soil of their country was trampled upon by a triumphant army of invasion. Whether such were his intentions or not, he has played a bad card. Whether victorious or defeated, Napoleon has lost favor with his people, and his dynasty may be regarded as gone into the things of the past. He will never be able to rebuild that which he has torn down, or to regain that prestige which he has lost since his declaration of war against Prussia.

PARENTS cannot be too careful of the health of their children during the present season. In these days we experience sudden transitions from heat to cold, and children are especially affected with the atmospheric changes. In most cases they are kept imperfectly clothed and too little attention is paid to what they eat and drink. Few stout adult persons have been supplied with cast iron digestive organizations; but imprudent parents imagine that their little ones are internally provided with such tough material arrangements for digestion, that their stomachs may be made the receptables of all shorts of garden and orchard poisons. Through such carelessness the mortality among the little ones becomes fearfully heavy. In stance the report of the City Physician for last week. Out of 57 deaths total, there were 20 infants, 24 children under 10 years of age and 6 under twenty years of age. This is an alarming exhibit and demonstrates how much care parents should take of their children at this particularly dangerous season of the year.

THE TELEGRAMS received up to this writing from the seat of war are conflicting and the general reader is left in doubt as to the actual result of last Sunday's engagements. If we are to judge from appearances the French were not so seriously defeated as the first cable dispatches seemed to indicate, but, to the contrary, held their positions and reaped trifling victories. The whereabouts of General MacMahon yet remains a mystery. It is quite probable that he has purposely severed his corps from the main army to operate in an independent direction and that he will turn up at some wholly unexpected point. If he is really cut off in the neighborhood of Strasburg and hemmed in by the Prussians, he will hardly succeed in cutting his way back without losing nearly if not all of his men and supplies. The war struggle seems, in view of late battles, to have commenced in earnest and gives signs of long duration as well as the immediate complication of other powers. This week will develop much of interest, and tidings will be watched for with more than ordinary anxiety.

MR. WALTON'S CARD.

The long promised card of Hon. Joseph Walton appears in our columns this morning. We think our friends of the Republican party will unite with us in saying it is very, very far from what was promised several weeks since. It is gotten up in "the blow hot, blow cold" "good Lord, good devil" style, and we are fully convinced will not by any means satisfy the great Republican party which it seeks to conciliate. Before Mr. Walton can secure the confidence of that party, he must, we are well assured by numerous declarations and letters from genuine and uncompromising republicans, declare himself to be either on one side or the other. They will not allow any one to throw dust in their eyes by telling them that they "equal" in "patriotism" and "devotion to vital Republican doctrines" those who denounce them as "scalawags," "thugs" and "bummers." They will not, we are convinced, feel flattered in being placed in the same political plane with those, who not satisfied with a vain attempt to divide their organization here, have carried their war into the South and denounced President Grant, Governor Holden, and others in North Carolina, because they endeavored to protect honest Republicans from the machinations of the Ku Kluxers.

It will be required of Mr. Walton to state distinctly where he stands. If he wishes to commit his political fortunes to the sinking ship of the new party, we will not object, the Republican party will not object. But we have the best reason to know that they will not give any support to any man who shows a disposition to carry water on both shoulders.

Mr. Walton has not acted as a faithful watchman or he would have "sounded the alarm" long since, if he was apprehensive of danger and defeat. We never believed there was any danger, but knowing how soon a revolutionary fire spreads, and how destructive it becomes, we "sounded the alarm" long since and the people are thoroughly aroused. We can assure Mr. Walton there is no danger; if ever there was a crisis it is past. But if there is danger, as he fears, why does he ascribe equal patriotism and devotion to those who have created it—the bolters.

The crowded state of our columns prevents us from saying anything additional on the subject at present.

CONTEST FOR LEADERSHIP.

When the bolters issued their "call" they invited the dear people to discard the professional delegate, habitual office-seeker and ambitious leader, and select men who had no political aspirations to represent them in Convention. The sincerity of those who framed the call does not appear in a very creditable light when read in connection with the following extract which we take from a letter which appeared in the *Commercial* of yesterday, and was signed "One of Committee:"

"The GAZETTE parades a card of J. F Keeler, who, it says, was one of the Reform Movement's ablest leaders. This is a mistake: Mr. Keeler was not a leader, although he tried hard to be one."

Then it appears that at the very outset there was a contest among the originators of the new party movement for leadership. It must have been a very sharp one, too, for Mr. Keeler, according to "One of Committee," "*tried hard*" to become a "leader" and failed. If the opposition had not been great, we do not see how he should have been unsuccessful. But the declaration made by the "committee" man corroborates the statement of one of the original reformers, which we published on Monday morning, that there were worse "cliques" and "rings" in the new party than he had ever seen anywhere. The bolters had formed their own "ring," and no matter how "hard" any one "tried," he could not secure an entrance.

Then, after all their denunciation of "rings" and "corrupt leaders," it appears that these were the first rocks upon which the self-constituted reformers split, and upon which they have gone to pieces. Designing, intriguing men can meet with no countenance or support in this region. We announced a few days after the sham Convention that Mr. Keeler had withdrawn from the Independents, because he saw corruption at work in the very inception of their movement. And for this, and other reasons, hundreds have read their recantation since and abandoned them in disgust. The hollowness and rottenness of their pretensions to promote the work of reform have long since been discovered, and in vain do they cry, "stop thief" to shield themselves from suspicion.

There is no curiosity manifested about the "leaders." Nobody cares who they are. The party has all disappeared except those, who, after many hard trials, secured for themselves the position of leaders, and the public are now willing to leave them alone in their glory. It is not likely that any will make a vigorous effort to dislodge them from their position. They have had their "hard trials" Let them now have peace in the leadership they secured in midnight counsels, after sharp and lengthy contests.

A FAITHFUL ALLY.

"A friend in need, is a friend indeed." We can count many friends when we are in prosperity. It is different when in adversity. Then our friends as a general thing forsake us, and not unfrequently become our enemies. It is a source of great comfort to have faithful and sympathising allies upon whom we can rely with confidence whether it rains or shines, and we are victorious or suffer defeat.

We referred a few days ago to a secret treaty, which was giving some outward manifestations, entered into between the *Post* and the organ of what remains of the new party. Our souls are filled with admiration of the stern, unflinching and heroic faithfulness of our Democratic cotemporary. Although its principal has fled from the field, it remains firm and unflinching, and continues to fire a solitary gun by way of keeping up the appearance of warfare. The editorial batteries of the *Commercial* have been silenced, and the "Committee," as we are informed, held a meeting yesterday, the object of which was to ask for an armistice, or a cessation of hostilities to allow time to bury its dead. The "only" sees great danger in pursuing this course, and therefore continues to belch forth its blank cartridges with the view of inspiring its discomfited ally with courage, and inducing it to carry on the conflict. The moral effect which a cessation of hostilities would have, would be disastrous to democratic designs. The object therefore of the ally of the bolters' organ is to keep up agitation in the hope of creating a division in the Republican ranks, and reducing at least their majority. With no other purpose could the *Post* take such an interest as it daily betrays in the resuscitation of the defunct new party. It can scarcely be supposed to have become a convert to Republican doctrines, or an advocate of Republican policy. Why then does it belittle the breaches that have been made in the already feeble ranks of the disorganizers, or the honest and substantial men, who, feeling that they were sold and imposed upon, have nobly seceded from them and returned to their first love and the only party which gives hope to the county and the nation? Why does it lend its friendly aid to a few men, whom, politically, it despises and detests, and for whose success it has neither hope nor desire? It does not design to give its advocacy to two tickets, to labor for the elevation to office of the men whose names are still, though unwillingly on their part, flaunted as the candidates of the new party, and those who shall be nominated by the convention of that political organization whose interests it labors so faithfully to subserve. The persistency with which it advocates the cause of the bolters, and the readiness with which it unites with their organ in denouncing Republicanism here and elsewhere, reveal unmistakably the design of the "Independent" organization, namely, to destroy Republican ascendancy, and give back the government of the country to the Democracy.

But whilst we admire the disinterested (!) benevolence which has prompted the *Post* to join arms with the "Independents" for the time being, and the faithfulness with which, single handed and alone, it carries out the provisions of the secret treaty, the design of which is to wrest prestige and power from the Republican party here, we assure our friend that every attempt to do so will result in a most miserable failure. Republicans are marching on as steadily and surely to victory, as the Prussians are to the humiliation or overthrow of the Napoleonic dynasty. Nothing can impede them in their triumphant march. Fortification after fortification, and stronghold after stronghold must be abandoned before the serried files of Republican freemen, who have fought and won too many battles at the ballot box, and in the field of bloody strife and carnage, to allow any alliance of powers to wrest from them the glories they have achieved.

WHY WE SYMPATHIZE.

Instinctively as it were, upon the first intimation of the conflict now being waged between France and Prussia, the sympathies of the American people, almost to a unit, went out to the Germans—and why? Not mainly because we have so many Germans among us, and have learned to admire and respect them for their good political and social qualities; not wittingly because France is Catholic and Prussia Protestant; not in the least because we entertained any special hatred towards France; but chiefly because the German Union favors freedom and the French Empire does not. It was simply the fellow-feeling which makes us wondrous kind. With the French people themselves we have no quarrel; it is only with the Empire; and if, as now seems more than probable, the People will come to the front and crowd the Empire to the wall, then must our sympathies be in a measure divided, though still preponderate in favor of Prussia; because, with her, liberty is and has been a principle inherent in her nation, an epidemic—a something that comes and goes with the seasons. Perhaps, however, in establishing this seeming difference, we must consider the circumstances—the fact that Prussia's recognized freedom is comparatively of recent date, and that of France is only kept down by the incubus of an embodied ambition in the person of a Bonaparte, which once removed, will let the Goddess of Liberty spring forth, like Pellas of fabulous fame, in full armor, bright as on our own fair shores. But the fact is none the less a fact, that we naturally considered liberty more peculiarly Prussian than French, and hence we cast our lot with the former.

As before said, the probabilities are that the occasion will arrive which will divide our sympathies. In fact, the hour for the restoration of the French Republic is at hand. The personal government was strong only in peace; the people are strong only in war. There is no need of the Empire now; Napoleon can take it and go; his occupation has already gone. "The Empire henceforth," says the sagacious Thiers, "is impossible; there can be no Empire without an Emperor; to such a state of affairs the Republic must succeed" Here is the first word spoken—all that is needed in France to produce a revolution. Napoleon is *nil*; the Orleanists have not hope to follow in his steps—for the people will remember the Second of December against all succeeding occasions; and the Legitimists are out of the question. A Republic is thus *forced* upon the French people; and their previous tastes of freedom will not allow them to hesitate long in accepting it.

Thus the re-republicanization of France, is almost a fact. We think we can see the republicanization of progressive Europe generally, even including Austria. Spain has been ripe for a republic since her revolution, some two years since. This is her moment—let Castellar declare it; for it is one of the things that may not be again—the *creation* of a monarchy, as must be created for Spain, if created at all. Revolutions go not backwards; the whole world has revolted against king-craft; revolutions cannot stand still; therefore must they go forward—therefore must the world become republicanized. The American Republic has not stood well nigh a century in vain; her example has gone forth, until, as in France, it only requires the Man, and the hour has come for all the nations waiting for deliverance. For a monarchy now to move it for it to crumble; they are fast dying out by a species of political dry rot, where they are not toppled over by some daring hand. To avoid the one, France has encountered the other fate. The people have discovered that *they are* the government; why keep up the pageant of imperialism or royalty, when we are the power behind the throne, and should therefore *be* the throne? This is why we sympathize with Prussia—because she is, as far as can be, the head of the United States of Europe past, and, may we not hope, she will be to come?

CARD FROM HON. JOS. WALTON.

TO THE REPUBLICAN CITIZENS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY:

The free use made of my name in the newspapers in connection with the Republican Legislative ticket, to be supported at the next election, has occasioned me some uneasiness, and seems to call for a word of explanation to you, of my position in the premises. Having been pretty much all my past life occupied with my own individual affairs, I have had none of the schooling, which forms the politician, and am unversed in the arts of political management. Without solicitation or agency on my part, through your kindness, I was last year nominated and elected to the Legislature. Whilst in that body it was my anxious desire to promote the interests of my constituents by every means in my power, and that my course meets their approbation, I trust may be fairly inferred from the absence of censure in all the free strictures, to which my conduct has been subjected.

It is not from ambitious motives that I would consent to be a candidate for re-election, but that I might be instrumental in securing certain interests important to our entire community, the nature of which I have taken great pains to understand. That especially relating to the security of the navigation of our noble river, now threatened with ruinous obstructions, measures concerning which have already been taken in which I was officially identified as Chairman of the Legislative Committee to personally address the Congress of the United States upon the subject. The proceedings in that body were not concluded, but will come up again for final action at the next session. Being cognizant as I am with everything relating to this highly important matter, knowing its friends and its enemies in Congress, there may be no vanity in supposing that I could materially aid in its just determination, if again placed in the same official position I lately held.

Aside from this and other minor interests, in all of which my views of duty concur entirely with the acknowledged policy, best calculated to promote general material welfare, I have no desire to be re-elected. Political honors are not within my aspirations; and did I wish for them, I am too well aware of my own deficiencies in the requisite qualifications to hope or expect to attain them. In the utmost sincerity I have ever been, since reaching the age of citizenship, devoted to the principles of the Republican party, and believe that the prosperity of the country will best be promoted by the continued prevalence of those principles in the conduct of our government. It is thus that the privileged ascendancy of our political organization is a matter of the utmost consequence, for without such ascendancy, our principles are of no avail, and the public policy to which we are attached would be wholly subverted. I cannot, therefore, but regret that anything should exist in our ranks looking like disaffection or division, for in union only is there strength and success.

In the unfortunate contention now existing among us, it is right and just to accord to both sides equal patriotism, and equal devotion to vital Republican doctrines. But it cannot, nevertheless, be concealed that in consequense of it, the integrity of the Republican party is menaced and its usual victory at the polls threatened with defeat. That my name should be in any way connected with such a painful disaster, I cannot contemplate as even possible, without sorrow. Ere it is too late I sound the alarm of impending danger, and expect my Republican brethren to banish passion, and come together in the generous spirit of union and harmony, sacrificing all subordinate considerations to the continued triumph of that party which rescued the Great Republic itself when assailed within and without by mortal enemies, and whose policy alone can preserve the national honor, and maintain the tide of public prosperity. I would not for a moment stand in the way of such a most desirable settlement of existing difficulties. Personal consideration sink before the higher obligation to promote the public welfare. As I was last year, so I stand now, passive in the hands of my political friends, to use my name if it will promote harmony and give strength, or to use another name if it will better subserve those more important ends.

I forbear entering into details about party usage or discipline, or touching upon any of the vexatious points of dispute, which have unhappily arisen, and the discussion of which can only tend to the estrangement of friends, and to rendering reconciliation more difficult. Factious disputes only increase irritation. Men engaged in a common cause can rationally look for success only through conciliation and compromise. Republicans all have the same object in view, to attain which individual aspirations and preferences must be sacrificed—otherwise contention, division and defeat are inevitable. Now is the only time for reconciliation—if put off, these ruinous disasters will be upon us, and will be solely chargeable to our own folly. Let us be wise in time.

JOSEPH WALTON.

THE WOMAN QUESTION.

MESSRS. EDITORS: "The female sex has not been touched by the suffrage question. There is within its bounds coldness, distrust or direct opposition." Thus speak the opponents of woman suffrage. Let us analyse. It must first be understood that the most earnest pioneers of the movement are not frantic after the ballot, endowed with the precious, solid, virtue, patience, they know, like any wise man, that hurry does no good; fearless and courageous as the mariner amidst head-winds they steer and, they denounce the shortcomings of men, they proclaim equally those of woman. To produce in abundance, a field has to be labored; so with the woman question; minds have to be cultivated, thought guided in the right channel; deceit, folly, fashion has to give way to truth, work, sense, judgement and wisdom. Never before has woman so truly and nobly worked out her way in life as now-a-days. She persues unflinchingly the course her own genius is dictating to her, she enters steadily the arena of science and art; she surmounts difficulties, obstacles, hitherto considered impassable. The Rubicon is passed, the strait is crossed, the first shot is fired, quietly or loudly, she moves on and moves aggressively. More or less resisted, it is of little importance, with the motto, "If God is for me who can be against me?" they shield themselves. They know full well that come it must and come it will, this right to vote and that as a due and not as a privilege conferred alone, but as their own soul's holy right. It is no insolence in the leaders of the movement to bring to bear upon men unpleasant truths, the highest, noblest, purest impulse of the mind is, to dare to speak truth; it requires courage, energy, disinterestedness, nobility of the soul, it should be taken more as a lesson, than woman's taunt merely. For what is the curse of life, of individuals, of entire families? It is the want of truth, it is the dissimulation, the insincerity, the falsehood taught and practiced in our days; a mask is worn where there ought to be an open countenance, lie is currency instead of the gold of truth. Is the downfall of so many to be wondered at, as long as such a fiend has its sway? This evil has penetrated society, it swallows up the true, innocent pleasure of the child, as well as the happiness of the man. The man of God, with a few rare exceptions, is given to conventionalties in business life the greater the deceit, the greater the chances for success, in fact, truth is stared at as a maniac, whenever it presents itself squarely. Good women see this, they step forward, and conquer they will, for the *One* who said, "I am truth and life." He is leading them on to victory over darkness. But men are not to be condemned alone, if all women were true, men would be so, as a natural consequence. Like a Greek root, this leads me to the foundation of all, that is education.

Are the minds of girls fully developed and fitted out for the heavy responsibilities of life; this only true way to happiness in life, is it made the end and aim of education? No! At an early age, when the girls should yet be children and physical strength first developed, they are taught to look to the other sex for support, for a husband to protect them. Instead of making self-reliance, personal independence, the road to distinction, mothers hold out to them that phantom, castle in Spain very often, illusion, "a husband" as their only salvation. If such strategy was carried out with proper logic, very well, but as it is, it resembles simply an army moving, besieging, conquering, but without ammunition to hold the places.

Romance takes the place of good sense, hinders development, stuffs their minds with nonsense, till finally the marriage idea has taken full possession of their brains. Do mothers hinder such running against the breakers? Do they lead the easily moulded mind in the right channel, as is their duty? No, instead of sending her out in the garden to take healthful exercise, to feed the brain on fresh air, you hear them exclaiming, "Oh, Susy, put on your bonnet, you get so tanned; or, what will Mr. Headless Headship say to such hands; how you spoil them." This is one illustration; ever so many can be given on every branch of practical education. Mothers who are blind on the subject, go on, pet your daughters, flatter them, spoil them, and then let them be hurled down headlong the precipice for life's holiest, most important, urgent, necessitated duties. You think yourselves to be kind, good mothers; you are, on the contrary, as cruel as you can be to your daughters. Why so? you ask. Because you neglect to cultivate the minds, to develop the physical strength of your daughters. Spend as much time as you do in sewing frills and furbelows, in expanding their minds and intellects, roll up before them with a masterly hand the true perspective of their future and you will see your daughters healthy, strong, powerful and ready to stand the unavoidable struggles of life, but as it is, you dwarf them mentally, morally and physically and cripple them, unfit them for their high calling. Men like dressed dolls, the machinery of fashion very well for a show but for wives—ask the batchelors in every community and they will enlighten you on the subject. The woman who asks her rights, who takes them, is the true woman; the slave of fashion is the Appolyon who stands in her own way.

MRS. P. DANSE.

PROTHONOTARY.

EDITORS GAZETTE: Mr. Wm. H. Glenn, of the Eighth ward, we are happy to state, is making good progress in the canvass for Prothonotary. He has been a voter in Allegheny county for thirty years. He was an old line Whig and has ever been a consistent Republican. He is besides a sober, honest and worthy man, and in every way qualified for the position. No man in the county deserves better at the hands of Republicans, and we are glad to learn that his prospects for nomination for Prothonotary are very flattering.

SIXTH WARD

A Tough Problem.

[From the Philadeldhia North American.]

Our free trade friends are attacked at this instant in a manner they find it hard to meet. In spite of the unsettled condition of our domestic affairs, and in spite of a great foreign war, woolen fabrics that are protected by the tariff are falling in price. In spite of the same conditions, wool, itself, enjoying protection, is cheaper than it has been these dozen years. In spite of protection again, copper, that is an "odious protected interest," has fallen below the cost of production. It was charged that the tariff doubles prices, and with a tariff and foreign complications working to the same end, prices are continually falling.

The averment and comment come here in quick succession. Under the arguments with which the country resounded during the late session of Congress, as frequently before, it is absolutely unavoidable that prices should be towering upward on a whole line of interests. This increase should be magnified and made more remarkable by the peculiar relations we sustain to Europe, under anomalous conditions. The demand is absolute, and has no relief if the premise is correct And precisely the contrary result is reached—not doubtfully, in one place or one thing. The effect is everywhere marked and broadly distributed. It can hardly be true, as alleged, that a tariff increases the cost of every article to which it is applied, while at the same time it reduces prices and ruins those who are protected. But our current market reports show that such an harmony must be established if free trade logic is to be sustained.

THE publishers of the Cologne *Gazette*, one of the largest papers of Germany, have offered the following prizes to the soldiers of Prussia: Five hundred thalers for the detachment of German soldiers which capture the first French cannon; five hundred thalers for the first German artillery squadron that destroys a square of French infantry; two hundred dollars for the detachment of the Eighth Prussian Army Corps which is the first to capture a cannon; four hundred dollars for the detachment of Prussian soldiers which is the first to capture a mitrailleuse; and two hundred dollars for the takers of the second cannon.

CRAPE ON THE DOOR.

Somebody's dead: there's crape on the door.
The blinds are half closed on a neighboring store;
Some one in sorrow of a loved one bereft,
Somebody taken and somebody left.

Gone from this world, its care and its strife,
Gone from the dear ones beloved during life;
Gone to a home with the ransomed above,
Gone to a Saviour whose fullness is love.

Closed be the eyes of the sleeper to-day,
Silent the home where the loved one doth lay;
There is a season of weeping for one
Whose troubles are ended, whose labors are done.

Heavy the footfall as each on his way,
Treads the brick pavement light hearted to-day;
Little they heed the half-blinded store,
Little they care for the crape on the door.

Little care they in the battle of life,
Ardently fighting 'mid turmoil and strife.
Little care they who never look back,
With eyes firmly fixed on life's beaten track.

Onward they rush, till in reaching life's bound,
They slacken the footstep and quiet its sound;
Ceasing their efforts their labors give o'er,
Pass them by gently, there's crape on the door.

DURING THE EXCESSIVE HOT WEATHER

Every family should provide themselves with a bottle of Pure Brandy, for Medicinal Purposes, that is pure and unadulterated. Every bottle warranted. You can obtain this valuable article at the lowest prices, at

JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S
DRUG STORE.
Cor. Penn and Sixth (late old St. Clair) Sts.,

Where you will find Congress Water direct from the Springs every week. Also, English and Scotch Ales, Dublin Porter, sold at lower prices than elsewhere, at JAS. E. BURNS & CO'S Drug Store, corner of Penn and Sixth streets (old St. Clair.)

SOUND LOGIC FOR THE SICK.

The invalid has often good reasons to exclaim, "save me from my friends." As a general thing, each of them will have a different medicine to propose, and if he follows all their prescriptions in turn, their well-meant advice may be the death of him. The only sensible course in any case of sickness is to resort promptly to a specific which has stood the test of a long and widely extended public experience, and obtained on solid and sufficient grounds the reputation of a Standard Remedy. This rank among the restoratives of our day belongs of right, and beyond all dispute, to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Let those who are taking it at this debilitating season as an invigorant answer for themselves as to its tonic properties. Can any dyspeptic, who has ever used it, question its superiority as a stomachic over every other medicine? Can any person of bilious habit, who has ever taken it for liver complaint, doubt its efficiency? It is believed among the tens of thousands who are now using, or have heretofore used it as an alterative and corrective, not one can be found who would exchange it for any other preparation in the known world. For intermittent fevers, nervous debility, constipation, sick stomach, and all complaints arising from indigestion and impoverishment of the blood, it is the only article which can be conscientiously guaranteed, and no one who is thoroughly acquainted with its virtues will allow interested dealers in worthless slops, on which they make a larger profit, to furnish them in the place of the great vegetable restorative.

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VAN DOREN,
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Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
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☞Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF,
HUGUS
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Manufacturers of
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STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE
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GRATES! GRATES!
GRATES!
Keep Your Houses Clean,
AND
SAVE FUEL,
BY USING THE
Wellman Patent Reflector Grate.
WHICH STANDS WITHOUT A RIVAL.

We claim for it the following advantages over any other in use:

1st. As a radiator of heat it has *double* the intensity.

2d. It is unquestionably the most cleanly—very little soot or ashes escaping into the room—which, in the ordinary Grate, proves so detrimental to carpets and furniture.

3d. The combustion is *perfect*. There is no waste in unburnt cinders—every ounce of the fuel is so completely consumed, that nothing remains but the finest ashes.

4th. As an economizer of fuel—there being an *actual saving* of at least 25 per cent.

5th. It is highly ornamental.

6th. It is set so deep in the chimney, that it is much safer, and also less liable to puff in windy weather.

7th. A slight motion of the shaker cleanses the entire fire, and causes it to burn with great brilliancy and intensity of heat.

Samples may be seen and references had at the store of W. BARNES, corner of 3d avenue and Market street, Pittsburgh; W. F. GOODWIN, 66 Federal street, Allegheny, or at the FOUNDRY, corner Duquesne Way and Water street, Pittsburgh.

Parties who are building, or who contemplate changing Grates, are respectfully requested to examine "The Wellman." Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

L. H. SMITH & CO.,
Manufacturers,
West Point Foundry.

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(Academy of Music Building.)
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180 and 182 Federal Street,
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Ladies' Traveling Satchels
VERY CHEAP.
CHILDRENS'
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At Very Low Prices.
DRESS GOODS
At Attractive Prices.
A COMPLETE STOCK OF
CASSIMERES
For Men and Boys' Wear.
RIBBONS.
SASH RIBBONS, BOW RIBBONS,
BONNET RIBBONS, NECKLACES,
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Infants' Robes.
Lace Edgings and Insertings,
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Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, &c.,
AT
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YARNS, YARNS,
AT
HORNE & CO'S.
3,000 lbs.
Super Dark Blue Country Yarn,
S. BRADLEYS & SONS YARNS,
All Colors and Grades.
MIDNIGHT AND FLECKS, KNITTING AND ZEPHYR YARNS, in Plain, Balmoral and Fancy Shades, at Factory Prices.
NEW LINES
Hosiery, Handkerchiefs,
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Suspenders, and full lines of
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LOWEST PRICES.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
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A large stock and at genuine WHOLESALE PRICES.
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WE NOW OFFER
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BUYERS ARE INVITED TO
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ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
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PHILADELPHIA.
Perfection Timers.
The reputation and experience of 40 years, warrant us in saying that our stock of Fine Timekeepers of the best European and American Makers is now the largest in the country; and we guarantee that each Watch we sell, is finished with great mechanical precision, has all the late improvements, and will run regularly, well, and give satisfaction.
Inquiries promptly replied to.
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WHAT $25.00 WILL DO!
It will buy a LADIES' SOLID GOLD HUNTING CASE FULL JEWELED LEVER WATCH, warranted, at
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We have on hand a very fine assortment of Ladies' and Gents' American and Imported Watches, which we will sell at the LOWEST PRICES. au13

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ALLEGHENY.
At 6 1-4 Cents,
GOOD DARK CALICOS.
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FAST COLORED
Light and Dark Calicos,
A DECIDED BARGAIN.
At 10 Cents,
Good Yard Wide Sheeting.
At 12 1-2 Cents,
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A GOOD BARGAIN.
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At 8½c., White Linen Towels.
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At 22c., Yard Wide Feather Ticking.
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MARSEILLES QUILTS.
A COMPLETE STOCK OF
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AT VERY LOW PRICES, AT
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UNDOUBTED SECURITY.
7 Per Cent. Gold
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,
Coupon or Registered,
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ISSUED BY THE
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& Minnesota R. R. Co.
We are still offering a limited quantity for sale at
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Interest payable May and November.
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The greater part of the road is already completed, and the earnings from the finished portion are already more than sufficient to pay operating expenses and interest on the bonds. The balance of the work is progressing rapidly, in time for the movement of the coming grain crops, which, it is estimated will double the present income of the road. The established character of this line, running as it does through the heart of the most thickly settled and richest portion of the great State of Iowa, together with its present advanced condition and large earnings, warrant us in unhesitatingly recommending these bonds to investors as, in every respect, an undoubted security.

These bonds have 50 years to run, are convertible at the option of the holder into the stock of the Company at *par*, and the payment of the principal is provided for by a sinking fund. The convertibility privilege attached to these bonds cannot fail to cause them at no distant day to command a market price considerably above par, besides paying about 9 per cent. currency, interest in the meanwhile. U. S. Five-twenties at present prices only return 5 per cent., and we regard the security equally safe.

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Manufacture highly VITRIFIED WATER AND SEWER PIPE. Dealers in CHIMNEY TOPS, FLUES and HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
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WATER PIPES,
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A large and full assortment constantly on hand.
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Bakery, Confectionery,
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The undersigned has established the above business in the very convenient location, No. 207 WESTERN AVENUE, Allegheny, one-half block from the Park, where he is prepared to supply all orders in his line. His saloon is handsomely fitted up for the consumers of ice cream, who will find it very convenient to the Park. Satisfaction warranted in goods, attendance and prices. The public patronage is solicited.
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50 dozen DOG MUZZLES, assorted, suitable for all size curs. Those having a valuable dog should purchase one. For sale at
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CROQUET! CROQUET!
Wishing to close out my entire stock of the above mentioned goods, I will sell any of the sets I have on hand below cost, at
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BASE BALLS!
I have a good assortment of BASE BALLS on hand. Any party or clubs wanting the above goods can purchase the same below cost, at
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And all kinds of cutlery ground and repaired in the best manner. Also STEEL STAMPS, Brands and Cancelling Stamps made and repaired at
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TERMS—Collegiate and Scientific Departments, $25 00 per term; Preparatory, $18.00; French, extra, $6.00; no extra charge for German to Collegiate and Scientific Students. Law Department, $75 per annum; Matriculation Fee, $10.

The Law Department will commence the first Monday in October. The next term of the Collegiate, Scientific and Preparatory Departments, will commence September 1.

For further particulars or Catalogues inquire at University, corner of Ross and Diamond streets.
aul:b79

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Teachers—Misses Watkins, Liggett, Sackett. French—Prof. Danse. Music—Prof. DeHam. Drawing—Miss M. Lamon.
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For particulars call at the rooms, between the hours of 9 and 11 A. M. au13:b91

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Will open September 23. For circulars, address
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Fall Term begins SEPTEMBER 7th, 1870.
J. A. BOWER, Principal.
Inauguration Ceremonies, THURSDAY, September 8th, at 2½ P. M. au10.b73-ws

BUSINESS CHANGES

NOTICE.—The Partnership heretofore existing in the practice of the law between W. C. MORELAND, W. D. MOORE and JOHN H. KERR, is this day dissolved by consent. Mr. Moore is authorized to collect and receipt for all balances due the late firm of Moreland, Moore & Kerr, and will pay all debts due by the said firm. He will be found at the old office, No. 133 Grant street.

W. C. MORELAND,
W. D. MOORE,
JOHN H. KERR.

Messrs. MORELAND & KERR will hereafter be found at their office, No. 137 GRANT STREET.
PITTSBURGH, August 8th, 1870. au9:b87

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—Notice is hereby given that the partnership between MARTIN HECHELMAN, LOUIS HEIM and CHARLES MAISER was dissolved on the first day of July, A. D. 1870, so far as relates to the said Charles Maiser. All debts due to the said partnership are to be paid, and those due from the same discharged at the old business stand, where the business will be continued by the said Martin Hechelman and Louis Heim, under the firm of HECHELMAN & CO.

MART. HECHELMAN.
LOUIS HEIM.
CHAS. MAISER.
ALLEGHENY CITY, July 1st, 1870. au8:b59

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—The Co-partnership heretofore existing between W. M. LOGAN, ROBERT BELL and JAS. W. BELL, Wool Dealers, under the firm name of W. M. Logan & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, James W. Bell being authorized to settle all claims against, and to collect all moneys due the late firm.

W. M. LOGAN,
ROBERT BELL,
JAS. W. BELL.
ALLEGHENY, PA., August 10, 1870. au12:b88

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between R. M. McCOWAN and J. R. McKOWN, doing business as R. M. McCowan & Co., Boulevard Pavers, is hereby dissolved. The business will hereafter be carried on by R. M. McCowan, who will settle up the business of the late firm.

ROBERT M. McCOWAN.
ALLEGHENY CITY, August 11, 1870. au12:b82

DISSOLUTION—The Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of H. G. IMHOFF & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, JACOB SINGER retiring.

H. G. IMHOFF,
JACOB SINGER,
SILAS W. DOCK.

The business will be continued under the firm name by
H. G. IMHOFF,
J. GILCHRIST,
S. W. DOCK.
AUGUST 1, 1870. au6:b52

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between J. V. WILSON and J. C. THOMPSON, Flour, Feed and Grain Merchants, 265 Beaver avenue, Allegheny City, under the firm name of Wilson & Thompson, expired the 1st of July by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be continued by J. C. Thompson.

J. V. WILSON,
J. C. THOMPSON.
au8:b44 PITTSBURGH, PA., August 2d, 1870.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JASON J. PALMER and LEWIS S. LAYTON, under firm name of PALMER & LAYTON, No. 6 Ninth street, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Said Palmer is to pay all the indebtedness of the firm and receive all its assets, having purchased the interest of said Layton.

J. J. PALMER,
au8:b63 L. S. LAYTON.

NOTICE—DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All the indebtedness of the firm is assumed by Robert Briley, and all accounts, &c., owing to the firm must be paid to him.

WM. LYNCH,
ROBERT BRILEY.
PITTSBURGH, August 1st, 1870. au8:b47

MERCHANT TAILORS.

P. McARDLE,
Fashionable
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Keeps constantly on hand CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS; also, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
No. 93 1-2 Smithfield St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞Gent's Clothing made to order in the latest styles.

SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES!
1870.
J. C. M'PHERSON. C. L. MUHLANBRING.
M'PHERSON & MUHLANBRING,
Merchant Tailors, No. 10 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair.) We have received a large and well selected Stock of the best and most fashionable Goods in our line, a great portion of which are our own importation.
Feeling confident of our ability to give perfect satisfaction, we respectfully solicit from you an early examination of our stock of Fine Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.
McPHERSON & MUHLANBRING,
mh10 No. 10 Sixth street.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
Cloths, Cassimeres, &c.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER,
au6 Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

CHOICE TEAS—
A fresh invoice choice Oolong and Japan Teas at reduced prices, for sale by the half chest, caddy or pound, at the Family Grocery Store of
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
ju29 Cor. Liberty and Ninth St.

CHEESE.—100 boxes prime Goshen, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

CARPETS.
SUMMER STOCK.
Fine, Medium and Common
CARPETS.
Our Stock is the largest we have ever offered to the trade.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
jul3:d&f

BARGAINS
IN
CARPETS
CAN NOW BE HAD AT
M'Farland & Collins
71 AND 73 FIFTH AVE.
They are taking stock, and will close out many of the best
Brussels and Ingrains,
At less than first cost. Call soon and get the choice.
je24

CARPETS.
New Rooms! New Goods!
NEW PRICES!
We have inaugurated the opening of our New Rooms with the
FINEST DISPLAY OF
CARPETS
Ever Offered in this Market.
LOWEST PRICES SINCE 1861.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO,
23 Fifth Avenue.

CHEAP CARPETS.
Superior Ingrains,
$1.00 PER YARD.
COMMON CARPETS,
30 TO 35 CENTS PER YARD.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
51 Fifth Avenue
je25 (Above Wood Street.)

CARPET CHAIN
Of all Colors,
ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,
Allegheny City.

COAL AND COKE.

MORGAN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONNELLSVILLE
COKE,
At their Mines, Broad Ford, P. & C. R. R.
Office, 142 WATER STREET,
SHIP TO ALL POINTS
BY RAILROAD,
And Deliver in the City.

Charles H. Armstrong,
DEALER IN
Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,
And Manufacturer of
COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.
OFFICE AND YARD, corner Butler and Morton streets, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward; also, Second street, Eighth ward, and at foot of Ross street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward. Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to them through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention. [illegible]

Oscar F. Lamm & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONNELLSVILLE COKE,
DEALERS IN
Youghiogheny and Anthracite Coal
PITTSBURGH, PA.
OFFICE: ROOM No. 5, Gazette Building.
Orders respectfully solicited.

COAL! COAL!
YOUGHIOGHENY GAS COAL CO.
This Company are now prepared to furnish the best Coal of any size or quantity, AT FAIR RATES. [illegible]

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
No. 567 Liberty Street,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR, [illegible]

DR. WHITTIER
[illegible]

FINANCIAL.

GOLD, SILVER,
AND
COUPONS
Bought at Highest Price.
PH. R. MERTZ,
BANKER,
Cor. Wood St. and 5th Ave.
my5

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,
BANKERS,
BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

ORDERS EXECUTED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
NEW YORK, Aug. 16, 1870.

In Wall street dullness was the principal feature in the markets. Private cable telegrams to leading bankers asserted the engagements yesterday ended in favor of the Prussians; that the French fortress at Marsville was captured; that revolution was imminent in Paris, and that growing hostility to Bonaparte's family caused the Emperor to be very much dejected. Under this news gold declined ⅛ per cent., and the share list advanced ⅛@¼ per cent. Late in the afternoon the decline in gold was recovered and the stock market sustained the advance, while Government bonds remained stationary.

Money more active on call at 4@5 per cent., with a hardening tendency, due in some measure to the sympathy with the condition of monetary affairs in other cities, and fear that banks may call in loans in consequence of the drain in currency. In Boston money is in good demand, while in Philadelphia it is stringent, and at New Orleans a positive pressure exists. Prime discounts 7@8 per cent. Foreign exchange firmer, owing to the increasing ease in money at London and the anticipated further reduction in the Bank of England rates of discount; prime bills 9⅝@9⅞. Specie shipments to-morrow are estimated at $1,000,000 to $1,250,000.

Gold opened at 16⅞; advanced to 17⅛; fell to 16⅞; closed at 17⅛. Carrying rates 1@4 per cent. and for borrowing flat at 2 per cent. Clearances seventy millions.

Governments dull but steady; coupons '81 [illegible]; '64 11⅛@11¼; new 9⅝@10⅛; '68 10⅛; [illegible] '65 11⅛@11¼; '67 10@10⅛; 10-40s [illegible]; currencies 12@12⅛.

State Bonds quiet—Missouris, 90; old Tennessees, 63; Ex-Coupons, new, 61; old Virginias, 63 new, 62; new North Carolinas, 30⅛; old, 52⅛.

The stock market is strong on sight business and prices advanced ⅛@¼ per cent. The closing quotations were the highest of to-day. The principal dealings were in Wabash, Reading, Lake Shore, Rock Island, New York Central and St. Paul.

Canton, 60½; Cumberland, 32; Western Union Telegraph, 34⅛; Quicksilver, 4½; Mariposa, 5; preferred, 10⅛; Adams Express, 60½; Wells, Fargo American, 42½; United States, 44; Pacific Mail, 39⅛; New York Central, 95⅛; Scrip, 91⅛; Erie, 23⅛; preferred, 44; Harlem, 134; preferred, 140; Reading, 96⅛; Michigan Central, 118; Lake Shore, 92⅛; Jersey Central, [illegible]; Pittsburgh, 103; North Western, 81⅛; preferred, 88⅛; Rock Island, 114⅝; N. J. C., 104; St. Paul, 61⅛; do. preferred, 77⅛; Wabash, 52⅜; do. preferred, 75; Fort Wayne, 94; Terre Haute, 38; do. preferred, 58; Chicago & Alton, 116; do. preferred, 117; Ohio & Mississippi, 34; C. C. & I. C. 17⅛; C. C. & C., 79; St. Joe preferred, 112; Hartford & Erie, 3⅜.

Sub-Treasury balance: Gold, $[illegible]; currency, $[illegible].

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, August 16, 1870.

Closing quotations as received by James T Brady & Co:

Gold	17⅛	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1865	9⅞
U. S. 6s, 1881	14⅞	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1867	10
U. S. 5-20s 1862	12	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1868	10
U. S. 5-20s 1864	12	U. P. R. R.	[illegible]
U. S. 5-20s 1865	11⅛	C. P. R. R.	[illegible]
U. S. 10-40s	7⅜	Cy. Pacifics	12

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, August 16, 1870.

The oil market presents but very few new or important characteristics worthy of special notice. While the continued successes of the Prussians is calculated to inspire a better feeling indicating, as it does, an early termination of the war, yet there is still a great want of confidence manifested, and there is good cause for it, as a French victory would blast the hopes now entertained of an early close of the struggle, and place the oil trade in as unfavorable a condition as it has been at any time yet, and it is this doubt and uncertainty in regard to the future, that is so depressing on the market at present. If there was any certainty that the war would soon be over, so that the export trade could be placed on a safe and satisfactory basis, then there would be some inducement to stimulate operators to push business, but in the present condition of affairs, there is not much hope of any material permanent or substantial improvement.

CRUDE.

The sales were larger than for some days preceding, and prices are fully sustained:

3,000 bbls	seller August	9⅜
3,000 "	seller August	9⅜
3,000 "	seller August	9⅜
2,000 "	seller all year	9
4,000 "	on cars at Oil City, seller Aug.	$3.50
2,000 "	on cars at Oil City, seller 60 days	3.40

REFINED.

But a single sale reported, 1,000 August at 24½; buyer option 28th to 29th, 24½; October to December 25¾@26; buyer all year nominal at 25. Market reported firm for this month.

STATEMENT OF CRUDE OIL SHIPPED BY P. R. R. AND A. V. R. R. OIL LINE, DURING WEEK ENDING AUG. 13, 1870.

By Parker & Thompson from Parker to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia, 900 bbls.

By Fisher Bros. from Parker to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia 878 bbls.

By Fisher Bros. from Parker to Malcolm Lloyd, Philadelphia 80 bbls.

By B. S. Duncan from Parker to W. P. Logan & Co., Phila., 2,311 bbls.

By B. S. Duncan from Parker to W. H. Logan to Hestonville, 460.

By D. C. Herbst from Parker, to Poultney & Moale, Baltimore, 392 bbls.

By O. S. Goldrick from Parker to Poultney & Moale, Balti. 892.

D. C. Angel, from Scrubgrass to Poultney & Moale, Balti., 300.

By C. Eckey from Scrubgrass to Merritt, J & Co., Baltimore, 309 bbls.

By Chas. Eckey from Brandon to Stone & Davis, Philadelphia. 120 bbls.

Total	6,514 bbls. of 45 gals.
Total to Hestonville	460
Total to Phila	4,392 bbls.
Total to Baltimore	1,662 bbls.
Grand total	6,514 bbls

RECEIPTS CRUDE.

Petrolite O W 494 on account L W Young; Waring K & Co 485 on account Parker & T. same 370 on account L W Young; E L Goodwin 148, on account J B Barbour; Tarentum O W 915, on account Fisher Bros; Crystal O W 441, on account same; A B Hills 74, on account W Bartle; F A Bates 748, on account O C & R R.
Total ... 3,745 bbls

PITTSBURGH WOOL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, August 16, 1870.

There is no important change to note since the date of our last report, and the market in this section of country is devoid of anything specially new or important. The continued firmness manifested by growers, as might be expected, has a tendency to check purchases; already the bulk of the clip has been bought and shipped, and the eastern markets are well stocked, and while prices are firm there has been no advance established as yet to correspond with the advance demanded by the growers. As the saying is, "buyers and sellers are apart in their views," and until they can come closer together we need not expect much improvement in business and the market will continue, as it has been for some weeks past, comparatively inactive. We quote as follows:

Fine Fleece	[illegible]
Medium Clips	[illegible]
Tub Washed	[illegible]

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, August 16.—Flour dull and unchanged; family, $5.25@5.50. Wheat dull and [illegible] red winter $1.16@1.17 for No. 2, and [illegible] for No. 1, closing with no buyers at [illegible] than the inside rates. Corn dull at 75 [illegible]. Oats steady at 38@45 for new, and 40 [illegible] for old. Rye, 78@80 and demand light. Barley, $1.05@1.15 with moderate demand. Cotton dull at [illegible] for middlings. Tobacco unchanged with receipts light; sales of [illegible] hhds, chiefly Kentucky, at $[illegible]. Whiskey in moderate demand at [illegible] for wood and iron bound. Provisions dull and nominal. Mess Pork offered at $[illegible] but little demand, though [illegible] barrels sold at this rate. Bulk Meats held at [illegible] for shoulders and sides. Bacon [illegible]. Lard at [illegible]. Butter and Cheese unchanged. Hogs firm at $[illegible]. Beef Cattle dull and the market is overstocked; poor to good range from $[illegible].

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The market is without much animation, but prices are generally unchanged and we have but to note a reduction in Pearl River Denims from 23 to 27c.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, August 16, 1870.

While the sympathies of business men generally are favorable to the Prussians, yet there are some, particularly those who are carrying big stocks of flour, wheat, etc., etc., bought some weeks ago to hold for an advance, who would not feel sorry to see Prussia meet with a reverse, as in this lies there only hope for higher prices. Ever since the Prussians commenced to get the better of the French, breadstuffs have been weak and drooping, and provisions and sugars are also weak and lower, and as long as the Prussians continue victories it is not likely that there will be any reaction, at least this seems to be the general impression, and the course of the markets during the past two or three weeks, is sufficient to warrant this feeling. And the impression is still gaining ground that the war is likely to be of short duration, that the French will soon be forced to sue for peace, and the only event that can change this belief, is a Prussian reverse. We hear less now of intervention by other nations than we did when the war first began, and the indications at present are that the conflict will be restricted entirely to France and Prussia, and if so the struggle cannot be very long protracted, as one or the other will soon be forced to submit, and, as already intimated, it looks now as if it would be France.

APPLES—There is no falling off in the arrivals, and with a supply considerably in excess of the demand, the market is dull and prices weak. In fact, that the market is that condition that the buyer instead of the seller can make the price. Sales at $2@4 per bbl for common to choice.

ASHES—Common soda ash, 4; refined, 4⅛; Pearls, 9½; Pots 7⅛.

BROOM CORN—Is coming in pretty freely and is dull and cannot fairly be quoted above 11@12.

BEANS—There is so little doing that there are no established quotations.

BUTTER—Prime to choice is still in fair demand, with regular sales at 25@28, but common butter is not much inquiry for.

CARBON OIL—Is dull and in a jobbing way, there seems to be no established quotations.

CHEESE—Is firmer but unchanged. Ohio Factory 13@13½; Goshen 14@14½. Schweitzer, 18@20.

CEMENT—Sales Louisville Hydraulic at $3@3⅛, and Calcined Plaster at $4⅛ per bbl.

CORNMEAL—Is being sold in small lots in store at $1@1.05 per bushel.

DRIED FRUIT—Sales of prime bright apples at 6⅛@7; Peaches at 6@7 for quarters, and 8@9 for halves. Stock light and demand only moderate.

EGGS—There was a moderate demand for fresh eggs, with sales at 16@17, while old stock is hard to sell at any price. The receipts appear to be falling off somewhat.

FLOUR—Is dull and weaker, though without quotable change. We continue to quote fair to choice western flours at $6.75@7.50. Rye flour, $6. Receipts continue liberal, and the supply seems to be accumulating.

GRAIN—The wheat market continues dull and drooping, and prices are lower. We now quote at $1.25@1.30 for red, and $1.40@1.45 for white, with but very little white offering. Oats quiet but without quotable change; dealers are paying 43@45 for new, there are some who think that they should not go above 40, in first hands. Sales of old at 51@52, on wharf and track, and 54@56, in store. There is rather more inquiry for Corn, and with a limited stock the market is firmer though unchanged; we can report sales of shelled at 95, and the same figure is bid for more—may be quoted at 98@$1, for small lots in store. Rye is quiet and 90 cts seems to be about the best bid that can be obtained. There is now some little inquiry for Barley, and little or none offering; we are cognizant of $1.10 having been bid for a car load of prime.

GROCERIES—Continues quiet and buyers continue to take hold very sparingly, and generally the demand is restricted entirely to supplying immediate wants. Refined Sugars are lower; Standard hards, 14⅛; A Coffee, 13⅛; B, 13⅛; Ex. C, 13⅛. Raw Sugars unchanged, 10@12. New Orleans Molasses, 85. Coffee, 20@23, for common to choice Rio.

HAY—The supply in the Allegheny Diamond market was large to-day, though prices about the same as last week, $10@15 per ton.

HUSKS—Sales at 2½@3 cts.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $2.25 per bbl, and eastern at $1.75.

LARD OIL—F. Sellers & Co. quote Extra No. 1 at $1.20@1.22, and No. 2 at 85@90. Fancy western brands are quoted at $1.25 for No. 1.

LIVE POULTRY—Sales half grown chickens at 50@60, and full grown at 80@90 by the coop. Ducks 75@85 per pair.

PROVISIONS—The western markets are dull and a shade lower, but as yet there is no decline in this market. Plain Shoulders, 14⅛@15; Sugar Cured Shoulders, 16⅛@16⅜; Short Ribbed Sides, 17⅛@18; Clear Sides, 18⅜; Sugar Cured Hams 25@25⅜. Dried Beef 26. Lard, 17⅜ in tcs, and 18⅛@18⅜, in buckets. Mess Pork, $30.50.

POTATOES—Sales at $2.50@3 per bbl. Jersey Sweets $6.50@7 per bbl.

PEACHES—Sales of eastern at $3@3.75 per box, the latter figure for prime fresh receipts.

SALT—Allegheny river brands may be quoted at $1.60 by the car load and $1.70@1.75 for small lots in store.

SEEDS—Flaxseed is quoted at $2.15@2.18, and very little offering.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York.

NEW YORK, August 16.—Cotton easier; sales of 982 bales at 19⅞c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts of 20,528 bbls, heavy and 5@10c lower; sales of 8,000 bbls at $5.30@5.70 for super western and State; $5.70@6.10 for extra do; $6.15@6.60 for good to choice do; $6.30@7 for white wheat western extra; $6.10@7.50 for extra Ohio; $6.25@9 for extra St. Louis. Rye flour dull and heavy; sales 250 bbls at $5@7.50. Corn meal quiet. Whiskey unchanged; sales 300 bbls at 96½@97c. Wheat—receipts 130,868 bush. heavy and 2@3c lower; sales 1,000 bush at $1.15 for No 3 spring; $1.18@1.20 for No 2 spring; $1.28 for Racine spring; $1.42 for amber State; $1.40@1.53 for winter red and amber western. Rye dull; sales 2,000 bush at $1 for western; $1 for new Pennsylvania. Corn—receipts of 102,243 bushels, heavy and 1@2c lower; sales of 60,000 bushels at 85@90c for new mixed western; $1.02 for yellow, closing at 87@88 for prime parcels. Oats more active and lower; receipts 39,800 bush; sales of 62,000 bush at 51@52½c for western 50@56c for Ohio and State. Hay quiet at 85@90c for shipping, and 90c@$1.20 for retail lots. Hops quiet and firm. Coffee quiet. Sugar in moderate request with sales of 400 hhds at 9⅝@10c for Cuba and 10@11c for Porto Rico. Molasses dull. Rice dull with small sales at 8@9⅛c. Petroleum steady at 12c for crude, and 24½c for refined. Turpentine firm at 39½c. Pork dull and heavy with sales of 100 barrels at $29 for mess; $24 00@25 00 for prime; $30 00@33 00 for prime mess; also, sales of 250 bbls. mess for October at $29 25. Beef quiet; sales of 60 bbls. at $12 00@16 00 for plain mess; $16 00@19 00 for extra mess. Beef hams nominal. Tierce beef dull at $26 00@29 00 for prime mess; $30 00@31 00 for India mess. Cut meats quiet; middles quiet; sales of 25 boxes at 15⅛c for long clear. Lard quiet and steady; sales of 220 tierces at 15⅞@16⅛c for steam; 17@17½c. for kettle rendered. Butter firm at 20@30c for western; 26@38c for State. Cheese dull at 9@16c. Freights to Liverpool lower; wheat by steam 5½d.

Latest—Flour closed dull at 5@10c lower. Wheat heavy and 1@2c lower for No. 2 spring at $1.17@1.25; winter red $1.40. Rye dull and declining. Oats lower and dull at 50@51c for new and old Ohio; 51@51½c for western. Corn dull and lower at 86@87½c for new mixed western. Pork quiet at $29. Mess beef quiet and unchanged. Cutmeats unchanged. Bacon quiet and steady. Lard steady at 16⅛c for prime steam. Eggs in moderate demand and unchanged.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, August 16.—Exchange unchanged. Flour quiet at $4.75@6 for spring extras. Wheat fairly active and ½@1c higher, closing at 95½c seller the month, and $1.07 seller September; this afternoon, the market was very dull and unchanged. Corn tolerably active and ½c higher, closing at 70½c; No 2 unchanged this afternoon. Oats steady, closing at 38c for No 2. Rye ½c higher, closing at 71½c for No 2. Barley weaker, closing at $1.18 for No 2. Highwines firm at 92@92½c for iron-bound. Provisions unchanged. Hogs moderately active at $8.75@9.85 for common to extra. Cattle less active at $3.20@7.62½ for Texan to good smooth shipping steers. Receipts for the past 24 hours were 5,466 bbls flour, 64,772 bu wheat, 78,465 bu corn, 89,582 bu oats, 3,660 bu rye, 10,560 bu barley, 1,193 head of hogs. Shipments—2,076 bbls flour, 53,807 bu wheat, 57,657 bu corn, 21,208 bu oats, 704 bu rye, 3,288 bu barley, 1,316 head of hogs. Freight unchanged.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, August 16.—Tobacco: low grades drooping and other qualities unchanged. Hemp rope and bagging unchanged. Wheat opened heavy and closed weak on medium grades: No. 2 red fall, $1.14@1.15; No. 1 do, $1.20; choice, $1.25@1.35. Corn inactive; mixed and yellow 73@75c; white 80@85c. Oats dull at 40@44c for mixed and 43@44c for white. Rye dull at 70@75c. Whiskey dull at 95c. Provisions extremely dull and only a small order business done. Pork $30@30.50. Bacon: shoulders 14@14½c; clear rib 16½c; clear 18c. Lard: jobbing at 16½@16⅞c.

ST. LOUIS, August 16.—Cattle active at 4@6c for fair to prime, and 6½@7½c for choice. Hogs firm at 8½@9½c for good to choice.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, August 16.—Bagging active at fair prices. Hemp and Flax 29½@30. Cotton market closed with a better demand; middling 18c. Flour quiet and steady; extra family $5.75. Grain dull. Wheat $1.20@1.30. Provisions steady and demand light. Mess Pork $30. Bacon 14½@17½@18½c. Bulk Meats 13½@16½@17½c. Lard 17½c. Hams—sugar cured 25c. Whisky; raw dull at 94@95c. Tobacco; sales 130 hhds at $5@5½ for trash, $5½@6½ for common to good lugs and $7@8 for low to good leaf.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, August 16.—Flour dull but steady. Western superfine $5.75@6.25; extra $6.50@7.25; family $7.25@7.50. Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn: Receipts 15,000 bushels; White $1.06@1; yellow $1.06@2; Oats: 45@48c; Rye 75@90c: Mess pork, $31; Lard dull at 17⅛@17½c. Whiskey is in good demand, selling freely at 96@97.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, August 16.—Flour dull and favors buyers; superfine $5.50@5.75; extra $6.00@6.37½; spring wheat extra $6.50@6.62½. Wheat—receipts large and demand light; new western red $1.42@1.47; old Ohio and Penna. $1.67@1.69. Rye—new $1@1.02. Petroleum firmer; crude 16@16½c; refined 24@24½c. Whisky declined to 98c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, August 16.—Wheat 1@2c lower; No 2 held at $1.46; No 1 white Michigan, $1.[illegible]; amber Michigan, $1.[illegible]; No 1 amber Illinois, $1.31½; No 2 do, $1.25; No 1 red Wabash, $1.35; No 2 do, $1.22½; No 3 do, $1.16. Corn 2c lower; No 1 held at 78c; No 2, 76c; yellow, 83c. Oats 1c lower; No 1 new held at 42c; No 2 do, 40c.

Detroit.

DETROIT, August 16.—Wheat: the new crop has hardly commenced to move and prices are generally very firm; sales of new extra at $1.50, No. 1 at $1.35, amber at $1.30, and regular at $1.20. Oats: old State 46@47c and new do. 40c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, August 16.—Cotton quiet; low middlings 17½c; receipts of 10 bales; exports 227 bales. Hay irregular at $18@22. Bran stuff 20½c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, August 16.—Flour nominal; choice Wisconsin $5@6.12. Wheat dull at $1.03 for No. 1, $1 for No. 2. Oats steady at 38c for No. 2. Corn unchanged at 67c for rejected. Barley at 91c for No. 2.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, August 16.—Wheat dull and 3c lower for No. 1 red winter at $1.28; No. 2 do $1.26. Petroleum quiet and irregular. Crude $3.80@3.85 per barrel. Refined 20@21c per gallon.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, August 16.—Cotton nominal; for middlings, 17½ per lb; sales of 100 bales; receipts, 105 bales; exports, 100 bales; stock, 33,753 bales.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, Aug. 16.—2 cars l s ore, Everson, P & Co; 4 do do, McKnight, Porter & Co; 5 do do, Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 4 do do, Union Iron Mills; 3 do pig iron, Union Iron Mills; 1 do do, Reese, Graff & Dull; 1 do do, Everson, P & Co; 1 do do, Byers & McCullough; 2 do do, Zug & Co; 4 bdls hdls, Logan, Gregg & Co; 16 pails tobacco, Carter, McGrew & Co; 30 bxs cheese, H Rea Jr; 2 cases shoes, W E Schmertz; 13 bdls paper, F Woods; 10 casks soda ash, C P Markle & Son; 37 bbls apples, J McKirdy; 25 cases matches, Reymer & Bro; 20 do do, Head & Metzgar; 5 do do, Dilworth, H & Co; 10 do do, S P Shriver & Co; 25 do do, Watt, Lang & Co; 10 do do, W Miller & Co; 20 bbls apples, J McKirky & Co; 20 cases tobacco, S Ewart & Co; 10 casks p ash, Dithridge & Son; 33 bxs h w Johnston & Clark; 5 bbls oil, Freeman & Boyle; 35,000 shingles, 2, 00 lumber, R P Burger; 2 bbls eggs, 4 sks rags, Bruggerman & O'B; 60 sks oats, P Duff & Son; 320 sks oats, 2 bbls apples, R C Henderson; 2 bdls split leather, W Flaccus; 2 kgs lard, W H Graff & Co; 3 bbls g apples, P Duff & Sons; 12 bbls apples, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 10 bxs cheese, F Ferryes; 50 bxs cheese, Arbuckles & Co; 1 bbl eggs, R Peet; 2 do do, J Hammond; 2 bbls apples, W C Armstrong; 123 bgs red wheat, McBane & A; 105 do white wheat, 30 sks corn, McBane & A; 31 sks s corn, 19 do oats, S Devol, 11 bbls apples, Henry Rea; 1 case, 9 bdls batting, R Peet; 1 do, 9 do do, J S Dilworth & Co; 16 bbls bone charcoal, Seward & E.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, August 16—3 cars wheat, R T Kennedy Bro; 299 oil bbls, J M Riter; 1 car lumber, W C Hopper; 1 car wheat, Hitchcock McC & Co; 1 car oats, Robb & H; 8 bgs rye, Meanor & H; 47 do wheat, W Welsh & Co; 69 do do; 189 do oats, McHenry & H; 14 bbls flour, J Wilson; 13 bbls glue, W Flaccus & Son; 1 car oats, J C Schauppe & Co; 100 bbls flour, 1 car mill feed, G Stewart; 12 bbls apples, Day & Co; 5 do oil, J Dalzell; 100 hides, Popp Baker & Co; 4 cans oil, Rose & E; 10 bxs candles, E Hazleton; ten tes lard, J H Parker; 100 bbls flour, Schomaker & Co; 28 pkgs tob, J A Nicholson; 2 do do, W Seibert; 12 do do, A S Gilmore; 11 hnds do, W & D Rinehart; 102 bbls apples, 3 bxs pears, S Devol; 10 do tob, S H Baird; 5 tcs lard, E H Myers & Co; 110 bxs candles, Arbuckles & Co; 5 cases wine, B H Seibert, 32 bxs candles, B C & S H Sawyer; 10 do do, W Haslege; 9 bbls apples, Vangorder & S; 37 bgs corn, Keil & R; 47 bgs oats, S B Floyd; 50 bbls flour, J Porterfield.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, August 15.—100 bbls flour, Schomaker & Co; 200 do do, Jenkins; 40 bxs hops, F Seibert; 2 pkgs do, W Haslege; 10 do do, J H Lippincott; 200 hides, G H Anderson; 25 bbls highwines, R S Lyon; 25 do lard oil, E H Myers & Co; 1 car shoulders, F Sellers & Co; 1,600 pigs lead, B L Fahnestock & Co; 27 bbls apples, 18 do potatoes, H Rea Jr; 1 car shipstuff, John McKirdy & Co; 2 cars iron, Graff Bennett & Co; 5 bbls cider, R & A Carson; 15 bgs oats, L J Blanchard; 1 car wheat, Bingham C & Co; 6 bbls apples, W J Steel & Bro.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, August 16.—20 sks oats, A Daugherty; 10 do rye, W J Meek; 42 do oats, A Austin; 52 bbls tar, Leo Oppenheimer; 2 pkgs butter, 2 do eggs, L J Blanchard; 1 car lime, Henderson Bro; 4 cars railroad iron, G W Cass; 3 cars metal, H Woodsides; 1 bbl eggs, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 5 bbls onions, 1 do eggs, C & J Netting.

ALLEGHENY STATION August 16.—1 car lumber, A C Taggart; 100 bbls lime, G Stewart; 5 cars wheat; Kennedy Bro; 13 sks oats, J C Thompson; 108 bdls hides, Stuckrath & Co; 1 car lime, Johnston & Co; 2 same, J K Shinn 1 car metal, Lewis B & D; 226 sks oats, R Knox & Son; 1 car lumber, W McQuinn.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET COMPANY, August 16.—22 sks corn, W Welsh & Co; 1 bbl eggs, S H Baird; 75 sks oats P Duff & Son; 175 bbls h wines, W J Meek 77 sks corn, Hitchcock McC & Co; 15 sks corn, 12 do oats, McCrackin G & Co; 29 do wheat, Kennedy Bro; 31 sks oats, Schauppe & Co; 11 baskets berries, R Sickles; 9 bbls apples, M W Rankin.

GENEVA PER BELLE August 16.—9 bales straw, W McElroy & Co; 68 bgs wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 241 bgs oats, 234 do corn, 76 do wheat, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 25 do corn, McBane & Anjer; 20 do wheat, 115 do oats, S B Floyd & Co; 123 do wheat, McHenry & Hood; 22 do wheat, W McKee & Co; 1 bx mdse, Knable & Picking; 120 bgs oats, R H Conway; 1,000 ft walnut boards, W C Hopper & Co; 30 baskets vegetables, R McKean.

GLASS, QUEENSWARE &c.

100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.,
QUEENSWARE,
FINE FRENCH.
China and Glass.
SILVER PLATED GOODS, DINNER AND TEA SETS, TEA TRAYS AND CUTLERY.
The best imported WHITE STONE WARE and COMMON GOODS at low prices.
R. E. BREED & CO.,
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.,

REYNOLDS STEEN & CO.
124 Wood Street
Importers and Dealers in
FRENCH, CHINA, FINE CUT GLASS AND
Queensware.
The largest assortment at New York prices.

ESTABLISHED 1828.
HENRY HIGBY...ALBERT HIGBY...ROBT. M. CUST
HIGBY, CUST & CO.,
No. 189 Liberty St.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Jobbers in CHINA, QUEENSWARE, GLASS and SILVER-PLATED WARE.
The attention of all requiring goods in the above line is directed to our Stock, imported directly from the best European markets, and we are now receiving a fresh and desirable lot of the above goods.
apl:v43

FLOUR.

PEARL STEAM FLOURING MILLS.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Manufacturers of the following celebrated brands of Flour:
3 Star Green Brand an unequaled Pastry Flour.
3 Star Blue Brand, A No. 1 Extra Family Flour that gives entire satisfaction.
1 Star Red Brand, a good Family Flour, superior to any of the same grade in the market.
All brands warranted as represented.
April 26, 1870.

WINE OF LIFE.—The great Blood Purifier and Delicious Drink, WARNER'S VINUM VITÆ, OR WINE OF LIFE, is free from any poisonous drugs or impurities, being prepared for those who require a stimulant. It is a splendid appetizer and tonic, and the finest thing in the world for purifying the blood. It is the most pleasant and delicious article ever offered to the public, far superior to brandy, whisky, wine bitters, or any other article. It is more healthy and cheaper. Both male and female, young or old, can take the Wine of Life. It is in fact, a life preserver. Those who wish to enjoy good health and a free flow of lively spirits, will do well to take the Wine of Life. It is different from anything ever before in use. It is sold by druggists; also at all respectable saloon. Price $1.00, in quart bottles.
my9:MWFT

JOHN Q. WORKMAN.......H. RICHARD DAVIS
WORKMAN & DAVIS,
Successors to WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., manufacturers and Dealers in
Carriages, Buggies,
SPRING & BUCK WAGONS.
42, 44, 46 and 48 Beaver St., Allegheny.
Repairing neatly and promptly executed. Orders for New Work gotten up in good style and warranted to give satisfaction in every particular.
Newest style of work constantly on hand.
SOLE AGENTS for the New Haven Wheel Company's make of SARVIN'S PATENT WHEELS and Rapp's Patent Quick Shifter and Anti-Battler for Shafts.
H. RICHARD DAVIS having purchased the interest of Alex. and Wm. D. Moore, in the late firm of WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., the business will hereafter be continued at the old stand, under the name and style of WORKMAN & DAVIS. Orders solicited.
JOHN Q. WORKMAN,
H. RICHARD DAVIS,
Late with Citizens' National Bank, Pittsburgh.

JOHN STEVENSON'S SONS & CO.,
JEWELERS,
93 Market street, Pittsburgh.
(THIRD DOOR FROM FIFTH.)
Have on hand all the latest novelties in Fine Jewelry; also Silver Pieces and Silver Plated Ware of new designs, suitable for wedding gifts.
Watches of all the American makers in gold and silver cases. Both Key and Pendant Winders constantly on hand, as well as a full variety of the finer grades of the Swiss Watch, including Jurgensen, Jacot, Perregaux, and others.
We call particular attention to our facilities for repairing and regulating fine Watches. To that branch of our business we give special care.
Orders by mail promptly filled. Designs of any goods sent in drawings by mail at request.

WM. KREBS,
ICE DEALER,
351 River Ave., Allegheny.
je3.x88

C. BARNES,
Sealer of Weights and Measures,
OFFICE:
No. 5 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh.

RIVER NEWS.

The river is falling steadily with 5 feet in the channel by the Monongahela marks. Weather clear, cool and pleasant and all that could be desired for out door business.

No arrivals or departures, excepting Monongahela river packets.

It is said that there are thirty-six tow boats laid up in this vicinity. Quite a number of them are undergoing repairs.

S. Clarke & Co.'s new tow boat arrived from Cock & Co.'s boat yard, West Browfisville, and is now lying above the Monongahela bridge. She is decked over and the cabin about finished, and if her machinery was in place she would soon be ready for business.

Business is almost entirely suspended at the main landing, and there is not much prospect of any immediate improvement.

—The Cincinnati Gazette in referring to the fact that certain correspondents at Louisville are disposed to criticise too much about the improvement of the falls remarks: The facts are, as we get them from a gentleman who views the work three times a week, that a large force of laborers are at work with all the machinery that can be used to advantage, and that there is little danger but the canal will be opened to the fall trade. Much harm may result from a class of articles in newspapers in reference to the work, which might induce a belief among the laborers that Cincinnati is even more anxious for the early completion of the canal than she realy is, and thus bring about a strike among them. Cincinnati desires the completion of the canal, of course, but the sleep of twenty-five years on the subject proves that she would not give $1,000 towards it.

—The Louisville *Courier-Journal* of Friday says: "Tuley indorses the Nashville Banner. He wants it to lie again." What does the Courier-Journal mean? Does that paper still claim Louisville as having the honor of building the champion steamer R. E. Lee? Does it suppose that any one, outside of Louisville, is stupid enough to believe such a thing in face of the facts presented by Tuley? Evidently Tuley has got the best of the controversy and the Courier-Journal man makes wild assertions to keep up appearances and conceal his chagrin.—*St. Louis Republican.*

—Plans and specifications for the construction of two coast survey boats are in the hands of Capt. W. Jones for bids. The government requires the bids to be returned to the department by the 29th inst. Whoever receives the contract is to complete the boats and deliver them at New Orleans.

—The following boats were at Portland wharf Friday evening: Mollie Gratz, Edinburg, Emma Flyod, Armadillo, R. C. Gray, Rose Hite, Palestine, Lorena, Mary Houston, Pink Varble, Exchange, Glasgow, Kate Putnam, Argosy and Minneola The P. W. Strader and Nick Longworth are lying at New Albany.

—The steamer Young America, which has been resting on dry land, at Terre Haute, for some time past, was pulled into the river Tuesday by a house moving apparatus.

—Wm. S. Nelson, of St. Louis, advertises that is prepared to build iron river and ocean steamers. He is now constructing a mammoth iron steamer for the St. Louis and New Orleans trade.

—Parties are at Dubuque who have bought ground at Lake Peosta, and will erect the heaviest marine ways on the Upper Mississippi.

—Harper, Arthur & Co. is the name of a firm of a new steamboat agency at Nashville.

—Red river and New Orleans trade languisheth. Ouachita river is getting low, and trade is getting dull.

—The steamer Tailsman is to be sold at public auction at Paducah.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD LINE.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steamships, between New York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor.

SCOTIA,	WEDNESDAY,	JULY	27.
CUBA,	"	AUG.	3.
RUSSIA,	"	"	10.
CHINA,	"	"	17.
CALABRIA,	THURSDAY,	JULY	28.
SIBERIA,	"	AUG.	4.
TARIFA,	"	"	11.
SAMARIA,	"	"	18.

NATIONAL LINE.

DENMARK, THE QUEEN, FRANCE, VIRGINIA, every Saturday. Passengers booked by other lines. For passage apply to
JOHN J. McCORMICK,
GAZETTE Building, Second Floor,
Smithfield street and Sixth avenue.
jy29

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS, numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated

CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON.

Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45 North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to

WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.,
143 SMITHFIELD STREET.

ASSESSMENTS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY, August 10th, 1870.

NOTICE.—The assessment for the construction of the Sewer on Sheffield street, Frazier street and Ohio avenue, from Fulton to Sedgewick streets, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, August 17th, 1870, when it will be placed in the hands of the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.

CHARLES DAVIS,
au11:b77 City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY, August 6th, 1870.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Grading and Paving of NIXON STREET, from Beaver Avenue to Manhattan street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, August 17th, 1870, when it will be placed in the hands of the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.

CHARLES DAVIS,
au6 City Engineer.

OPENING OF MULBERRY ALLEY—NOTICE.—The assessments made by the viewers in the opening of Mulberry alley are now in my hands for collection. All persons on whom assessments were made are required to pay their assessments within thirty days from this date, or liens will be filed for the same with interest, cost and fees.
J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
AUGUST 3, 1870. au3

OPENING OF DENNY STREET.—NOTICE.—The assessments made by the viewers in the opening of Denny street are now in my hands for collection. All persons on whom assessments were made are required to pay their assessments within thirty days from this date, or liens will be filed for the same, with interest, costs and fees.
J. F. SLAGLE,
City Attorney.
AUGUST 3d, 1870. au3

PITTSBURGH, August 13th, 1870.

NOTICE.—The assessment for the grading, paving and curbing of Greenough street, from Try street to Iron alley, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, AUGUST 23d, 1870, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
au13 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

CENTRAL BANK
No. 35 Bank Block,
PITTSBURGH, PA
CAPITAL........................$100,000
Bank of Discount and Deposit.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.
Collections made in all the principal Cities of the United States and Canadas.
DIRECTORS:

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JAMES H. HOPKINS,	GEORGE BINGHAM,
JULIUS ADLER,	ABRAM HAYS,
JAMES BOWN,	PAUL H. HACKE,
J. H. WALTER,	JAMES LYONS.

THOS. FAWCETT, President.
J. W. DAVITT, Cashier.
M. HUNNINGS, Ass't. Cashier.
apl1:v16MWF

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.
In the Court of Common Pleas.
In the matter of the voluntary assignment of J. H. Hillerman. No. 702 March T., 1870.
July 23d, 1870, the final account of Robert McEldowney, Assignee, filed, and on motion of B. F. Cassidy, Attorney for Assignee, it is ordered that notice be published in the Pittsburgh Daily GAZETTE once a week, for three successive weeks, setting forth that the said account will be confirmed by the said Court on SATURDAY, August 20, 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M., unless exceptions be filed thereunto. BY THE COURT.
Attest: J. H. WALTER, Pro.
[SEAL.] au4:b60-TH

JAMES RENO,
SEWER CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.
The laying of Stone Pipe House Drains promptly executed.
OFFICE, 65 and 67 SANDUSKY STREET
Residence, 102 Fremont St., Allegheny. je3:y15

500 bbls Louisville Hydraulic CEMENT, the best in use, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
141 First avenue.
jy8

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for TWO STAMPS.
ap2

MANHOOD HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED —Just Published in a sealed envelope. Price, six cents. A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, and impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c., by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS." Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, to CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York, Postoffice box 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. mv3:w30

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world, the only true and perfect Dye. Harmless,—Reliable—Instantaneous—No disappointment—No ridiculous tints—"*Does not contain Lead nor any Vitalic Poison to injure the Hair or System.*" Invigorates the Hair and leaves it soft and beautiful; Black or Brown. Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Applied at the Factory, No. 16 Bond street, N. Y. ju1:a76

AVOID QUACKS.—A Victim of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, &c., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers.
J. K. REEVES,
je20:MWF 78 Nassau Street, New York City.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c.

JOHN McKIRDY..........................A. TAYLOR
Jno. McKirdy & Co.,
General Commission Merchants,
Flour, Grain, Seeds, Feed, &c.
No. 351 Liberty Street.
ju28:61 PITTSBURGH, PA.

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Wholesale Grocer,
271 LIBERTY STREET,
(Directly opposite Eagle Hotel,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Meanor & Harper,
FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE
Commission Merchants,
No. 329 LIBERTY STREET.
Consignments solicited. se7

W. C. Armstrong,
(Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong.)
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
ap18:x89 No. 25 MARKET STREET.

L. J. BLANCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
No. 396 PENN STREET.
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M. STEELE & SON,
Commission Merchants,
And Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c., &c. No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common, Allegheny City.

JOHN I. HOUSE....EDW. HOUSE....WM. M. HOUSE.
JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, corner of Smithfield and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON..........................A. WALLACE.
SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.

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Robt. H. Patterson & Co.,
CORNER OF
Seventh Avenue and Liberty Street
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
WILL ON EVERY SATURDAY HOLD AN
AUCTION SALE
OF
Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Wagons,
And everything appertaining to the Horse.
Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.
JOHN H. STEWART,
AUCTIONEER.

JOHN H. STEWART..........ROBT. H. PATTERSON.
ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.
Livery, Sale and
COMMISSION STABLES,
Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ap26:h4

WALL PAPERS.

NEW WALL PAPER.
FOR SPRING SALES,
at No. 107 Market St.,
NEAR FIFTH AVE.
We now offer to the public a stock of PAPER HANGINGS unsurpassed in the West for variety and beauty of styles, embracing all the Novelties in FRESCO, MOSAIC, PERSIAN and GRECIAN DESIGNS in plain and bright colors, for Halls, Dining Rooms, &c. Also, WOOD and MARBLE DECORATIONS, TINTED and GILT PARLOR PAPERS, with an almost endless variety of CHEAP SATIN PAPERS, WHITE and BROWN BLANKS for Chambers, &c. All of which we propose to sell as low as the lowest in the market. Call and see, at
No. 107 Market St., near Fifth Avenue.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh12:v85

WALL PAPERS
At Low Prices,
For sale by W. P. MARSHALL,
au6 101 Liberty Street.

FRENCH DECORATIONS,
Gold Panels, Ceilings, Statuary, Pictures.
Buy before they advance!
au0 W. P. MARSHALL.

LEAD, DRUGS, &c.

PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Works,
J. Schoonmaker & Son,
PROPRIETORS,
Manufacturers of WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, BLUE LEAD, ZINCS, LITHARGE, PUTTY and all colors DRY AND IN OIL.
OFFICE AND FACTORY.
450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street,
ALLEGHENY.
We call attention to the guarantee posted on our Strictly Pure White Lead, and when we say a "pure carbonate of lead," we mean "chemically pure," that is free from Acetate and Hydrate, and therefore is whiter and superior, both in color and covering property.
GUARANTEED to be a purer carbonate of Lead and whiter than any in the market, and will forfeit the price of this package if containing the least adulteration.

HENDERSON, J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ju5:26

RUBBER TUBING.
All sizes of India Rubber Tubing, constantly on hand, at
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
ju6 Agents for this city.

NOTICE.—Any information of JOSEPH COPELAND who, about 25 years ago, emigrated from the County Down, Ireland, to the vicinity of Pittsburgh, Pa., or of WM. COPELAND, brother of said Joseph Copeland, then living near Pittsburgh, Pa., will confer a favor by addressing LOUIS RING, this office. ju6:x66

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK,
No. 80 Fourth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH
CASH CAPITAL............$200,000
Stockholders Individually Liable.
BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.
JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:

Thos. M. Marshall,	John M. Martland,
Wm. T. Shannon,	Archibald Wallace,
James W. Arrott	Jas. D. Kelly,
Chas. B. Leech,	Wm. Floyd,
John Floyd,	

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada. Prompt attention paid to correspondents. fe10:k43

Tradesmen's National Bank,
WOODD STREET, CORNER SECOND AVE.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
Gold, Coupon Bonds and Stock
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
A. BRADLEY, President,
W. VANKIRK, Vice President.
oc9:d&T CYRUS CLARKE, JR. Cashier.

Allegheny Savings Bank,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
ORGANIZED IN 1845.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Deposits received and 6 per cent. allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.
Discount days, MONDAY and THURSDAY.
DIRECTORS:

James L. Graham,	John Benn,
A. Moore,	G. Wettach,
D. DeHaven,	Andrew Ackley,
S. H. Geyer.	

JAMES L. GRAHAM, President.
JOHN W. RIDDLE, Cashier. ju16:a10

THE
DIAMOND SAVINGS BANK,
No. 6 DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH.
CAPITAL.......................$240,000
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Deposits in sums of $1 and upwards received. Interest allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to collections, proceeds of which will be remitted promptly.
DIRECTORS:

James M. Cooper,	Abraham Garrison,
James E. J. Allison,	Andrew L. Robinson,
Wm. Hinds,	L. Widerheld,
Jos. Fleming,	N. P. Sawyer.
Wm. D. Cooper.	

President—N. P. SAWYER.
Cashier—JOHN S. SCULLY. fe9:y32

ALLEGHENY
NATIONAL BANK,
Of Pittsburgh.
No. 33 FIFTH AVENUE.
Capital Stock.........$500,000.
J. W. COOK, President,
R. W. MACKEY, Cashier,
fe25:z8 W. McCANDLESS, Asst. Cashier.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT CO.
Of Pittsburgh,
FOR THE
Safe Keeping of Valuables,
Under guarantee, and the renting of Safes in its
Fire and Burglar-Proof Vaults,
No. 83 Fourth Ave.
President—WILLIAM PHILLIPS.
Vice President—HENRY FLOYD.
DIRECTORS:

William Phillips,	Byron H. Painter,
Henry Lloyd,	Jos. S. Morrison,
William Rea,	George Black,
William M. Lyon,	Curtis G. Hussey.
Jas. I. Bennett,	

Sec'y and Treas.—S. F. VON BONNHORST.
Open daily from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.

CITY BANK,
112 FIFTH AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL..........................$100,000
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
FOREIGN EXCHANGE bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all and in all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES McCABE, Vice President.
W. N. MORGAN, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:

D. Ihmsen,	James McCabe,
Thomas Rourke,	Hugh Keating,
Patrick Kane,	Terence Campbell,
Chas. B. Barr,	James Phelan,
Chas. Maginn,	H. A. Freyvogle,
R. J. Grace,	Thomas Barnes.
N. Stupy.	

jel:25 JOS. M. GAZZAM, Solicitor.

COMMERCIAL
BANKING COMPANY,
No. 92 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CAPITAL.........................$300,000
Stockholders Individually Liable.
W. H. EVERSON, President. W. C. MACRUM, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:

ALEXANDER BATES,	JOHN LINDSAY,
A. H. ENGLISH,	D. S. MACRUM,
W. H. EVERSON,	JOHN O. PHILLIPS,
W. GAUGHART,	B. F. WILSON,
	JACOB KLEE.

Collections made on all accessible points of the United States and Canadas.
INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS.
Prompt attention given to all business of correspondents.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STREETS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.,
(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.)
DEALERS IN
Exchange, Coin, Coupons,
And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
Government Bonds.
ALSO
Sight Draughts on London.
my1:s82

N. Holmes & Sons,
BANKERS,
57 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES,
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
United States Securities.
ja20:a1

NEW YORK, May 2d, 1870.

THE FIRM OF T. L. TAYLOR & COOPER is dissolved by mutual consent, and we have this day formed a limited partnership under the name of

TAYLOR & COOPER,
No. 5 Broad St.,
for the transaction of a general Brokerage and Financial business, negotiating Loans, &c.:
MR. JOHN BAILEY
As special partner, having contributed $50,000 to the common stock.
We take this opportunity of thanking the customers of the old firm for their past patronage, and of soliciting a continuance of their favors.
We also offer our services to all, and respectfully solicit their business in the purchase and sale of all securities dealt in at the New York Stock or Gold Exchange.
Coupons and Dividends collected.
Interest allowed on deposit.
Orders by Mail or Telegraph promptly executed
THOS. L. TAYLOR.
WM. COOPER.
JOHN BAILEY.
Refer by permission to First National Bank, Pittsburgh. je10:y28

MORGAN, KEENE
& MARVIN,
Wall Street,
(Third door from Broadway,) NEW YORK.
Buy and Sell on Commission, STOCKS, BONDS, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, and GOLD, and transact
A General Banking Business.
THEO. M. MORGAN, SAMUEL S. KEENE,
SELDEN E. MARVIN,
(Late Paymaster General and Adjutant General of the State of New York.)
Being in the immediate vicinity of the Stock Exchange and the Gold Board (and members of each), orders are executed with the greatest possible despatch.
Merchants and Investors, living at a distance, can rely upon our attention to their smallest or largest orders, with equal care and promptness.
As in years past, we shall continue to transact all business of National Banks and Corporations on the most favorable terms.
Individuals and Trust Companies, contemplating a change in their securities, or desiring to make inquiry concerning any financial business they may have in this city are invited to communicate with us personally or by letter.
Reference—Messrs. Jay Cooke & Co., New York.
my25:a41

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

FORT PITT
Boiler, Still and Tank
WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS, OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS, CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS, SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS, STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES, PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Cor. 2d, 3d, Short and Liberty Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh8:189

Riesick & Bro.,
FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF
SAFES AND VAULTS.
NO DAMP. NO MOULD.
ENGINES AND MACHINERY,
BREWERY WORK, REPAIRING and PUTTING UP MACHINERY, HYDRAULIC CEMENT. Corner 17th and PIKE STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.
no16:q66

O'HARA BOILER WORKS,
F. REPHAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, OIL TANKS, STILLS, AGITATORS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, SETTLING PANS, PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS, BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c.,
Cor. of Second Avenue and Liberty Street.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.
F. REPHAN, formerly Manager at CARROLL & SNYDER'S. oc18:p82

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY
AND
Pipe Works.
Corner Carroll and Smallman Sreets,
(NINTH WARD,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. SMITH,
MANUFACTURER OF
Cast Iron Bowl Pipe,
FOR
GAS AND WATER WORKS.
My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general
Castings for Gas and Water Works
I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

WEST POINT
FOUNDRY,
L. H. Smith & Co.,
Corner Duquesne Way and Water Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of the celebrated
ANCHOR SAD IRON,
which is PLANED, not GROUND, and therefore superior in finish to any other.
Send for Price List. au10:b71

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,
Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS
WASHINGTON WORKS,
FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions, Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office No. 12, corner First and Smithfield streets.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. jal1:r28

ROLLS

THOS. CARLIN & CO.,
Fourth Ward Foundry & Machine Works.
SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Built to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes.
my14:q5

OILS.

W. W. McClelland & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Lubricating, Lard, Linseed, Carbon,
AND
HEAD-LIGHT OILS.
OFFICE: ROOM 3, GAZETTE BUILDING, Pittsburgh, Pa.
All orders promptly filled, and Oils delivered free of charge in quantities to suit purchasers in the city. au13:b68

BURKE & WOOD,
Petroleum.
4 PERRY'S BUIDING,
Pittsburgh.
CHAS. C. BURKE.
JOSEPH P. WOOD.
CHARLES C. BURKE,
101 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.
jy20a71

Tack, Bro. & Co.,
PERRY BUILDING,
Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.
DEALERS IN
Crude & Refined Petroleum.
TACK BROS.,
Philadelphia.
je29

WARING & KING,
Commission Merchants and Brokers in
Petroleum and its Products,
DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY.
Philadelphia Address,
WARING, KING & CO.,
ap21 109 WALNUT STREET.

ECLIPSE
PETROLEUM REFINERY,
Herbert W. C. Tweddle,
MANUFACTURER OF
Lubricating and High Test Burning Oils.
ECLIPSE RAILROAD AXLE OIL,
Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
LOCOMOTIVE, ENGINE, MACHINE SHOP.
Will cut screws.
SAW MILL AND PLANING MILL OILS,
Adapted for high speed.

SPINDLE OIL, WOOL OIL, TANNERS' STUFFING and FINISHING OIL, HARNESS OIL.	HEAD-LIGHT OIL, BENZOLE, GASOLINE, PARAFFINE.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from rust.
These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use upon many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET. Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

IRON AND STEEL.

CRESCENT
STEEL WORKS.
MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,
OFFICE: No. 339 Liberty Street,
my28:x46 PITTSBURGH, PA.

DUQUESNE WORKS.
Coleman, Rahm & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON, NAILS, STEEL,
Axels and Springs.
DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA
FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG AND DROPPER BARS, FLANGES, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROWBARS, WEDGES and HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS, cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A B STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.
All Goods First Class and Warranted.
OFFICES AND WORKS—16th street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water street, Pittsburgh.
mh9

Pittsburgh Steel Works.
ESTABLISHED IN 1845.
ANDERSON & WOODS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Refined Cast Steel
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. ALSO,
Best Refined German Plow & Spring Steel.
CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa. au16:n61

PITTSBURGH
Novelty Works.
FOUNDED A. D. 1832.
MOORHEAD, ADAMS & CO.,
Manufacturers of KEYSTONE STANDARD (Fairbank's Patent) PLATFORM AND COUNTER
SCALES.
Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches. Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.
Corner of FIRST AVENUE and GRANT STS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sheffield Steel Works.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of every description of
Cast and German Steel,
RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.
WAREHOUSE—83 Water and 100 First streets.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of all Descriptions of
STEEL.
OFFICE and WAREHOUSE—30th, 31st and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

COOK STOVES.
Get the Best!
BISSELL & CO'S
TRIUMPH,
For Bituminous Coal.
Warranted to COOK, BAKE or ROAST as well as any other Stove in the Union.
BISSELL & CO.,
No. 235 Liberty Street.
ALSO, ON HAND AND FOR SALE

PARLOR STOVES,	HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS,	FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES,	&c., &c.

A. BRADLEY & CO.
No. 30 Wood Street.
Manufacturers of the Greatest Variety of COOK PARLOR and HEATING STOVES to be found. In our assortment will be found all the latest PATTERNS and IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper. Send for Catalogue and Price List. je29

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

Schmidt & Friday,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, &c.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES.
Nos. 384 and 386 Penn,
Cor. of ELEVENTH ST., formerly Canal.

JOS. S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195
FIRST STREET, Pittsburgh,
Manufacturers of COPPER DISTILLED PURE RYE WHISKY. Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES, and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c.

PROFESSIONAL.

JOS. M. GAZZAM..JOHN SHANNON..WM. H. LOWE
Jos. M. Gazzam & Co.,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLERS AT LAW, Solicitors in Equity and Bankruptcy. OFFICE, No. 96 FIFTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

ARCHIBALD BLAKELY,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 116 FIFTH AVENUE.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

G. W. DeCAMP,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Has removed to No. 87 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh. Will practice in the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, in the State Supreme and all the Courts of Allegheny county, and make collections in any of the adjacent counties.

H. M. McCORMICK,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 68 GRANT STREET.
Prompt attention given to all kinds of legal business.

TAYLOR & FALLOWS,
SUCCESSORS TO PERCEVAL DECKETT,
Civil, Mining and Mechanical Engineers and Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents. Office: No. 59 Federal street, Allegheny City; No. 73 Water street, Pittsburgh.
N. B.—Branch Patent Office, Washington, D. C.
Evening Drawing Class for Mechanics on Wednesday.

WM. B. NEEPER,
ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
Office, 112 Fifth avenue.
Special attention given to conveyancing and collections, Deeds, Bonds and Mortgages drawn up and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

RAIL

PENNSYLVANI
ROAD.—After
12th, 1870.
arrive and depart as fol
EASTWARD

Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		Thro Arrive at
Pacific Ex.	12:30 am	Mail Train
Mail Train	3:10 am	Fast Line
Brinton Ac.	[illegible]	Cincinnati Ex.
Cincin'ti Ex.	[illegible]	Pittsb'gh Ex.
Phila. Express	3:30 pm	Pacific Ex.
Fast Line	7:40 pm	Way Passen'r
LOCAL.		LOCAL.
Wall's No. 1	6:30 am	Wall's No. 1
Wall's No. 2	11:31 am	Brin'n Ac No. 1
Wall's No. 3	[illegible]	Wall's No. 2
Johnstown Ac.	[illegible]	Johnstown Ac.
Wall's No. 4	[illegible]	Wall's No. 3
Wall's No. 5	[illegible]	Wall's No. 4
Wilkinsb'g Ac.	[illegible]	Brin'n Ac No. 2
Walls No. 6	11:00 pm	Wilkinsb'g Ac.

Cincinnati Express and Pacific Expre daily. All other trains daily, except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Walls Station Sunday at 8:50 a. m. reaching Pittsb 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsbu 12:50 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station a p. m.
For further information apply to
W. H. BECKWITH, A
The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will n sume any risk for Baggage, except for weari parel, and limit their responsibility to One dred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceedin amount in value will be at the risk of the ow unless taken by special contract.
A. J. CASSAT
je13 General Superintendent, Altoona

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYN
CHICAGO R. W. and
CLEVELAND & PITTS
BURGH R. R.
From June 12, 1870, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, burgh city time, as follows:

[illegible]

Chicago Express leaves daily.
Pacific Express leaves daily.
Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excep
Fast Line arrives daily, Mondays excep
All other trains will leave and arrive Sundays excepted.
F. R. MYERS, J. N. McCULLOUGH
Genl. Pas. & Ticket Agent. Genl. Ma

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA
—On and after MAY
30, 1870, the Passenger
Trains on the Western
Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and d from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny as follows:
(ALLEGHENY TIME.)

[illegible]

Above trains run daily except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Allegheny J every Sunday at 8:00 A. M. and leaves Alle City at 9:30 A. M. Returning, leaves City at 12:30 P. M. and arrive at Allegheny tion at 3:00 P. M.
Through tickets to Butler and Hannahstow be purchased at Walker's Stage Office, No. Clair street, near the Suspension Bridge, burgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny.
For further particulars apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agen
Federal Street Dep
Local Tickets to all important Stations main line of the Pennsylvania Central Rail
A. J. CASSAT
General Superintendent, Altoona
ROBERT NEILSON
my29 Superintendent, Pittsburgh

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILRO
NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE
REGIONS.
On and after MONDAY,
June 6th, 1870, 3 through
trains daily (except Sunday)
will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner of Elev and Pike streets, for Parker, Oil City, Bra and all points in the Oil Regions.

[illegible]

Express trains stop only at principal points.
commodation trains stop at all stations.
Silver Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Ex Trains, both ways, between Pittsburgh and
J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Sup
je13 JAMES H. BRAY, Ticket Agen

PITTSBURGH AND CONNEL
VILLE RAILROAD.—
CHANGE OF TIME.—On
and after WEDNESDAY,
July 6, 1870, trains will arrive at and depart f Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, an lows—city time:

[illegible]

Sundays only. All other Trains daily
D. D. ANGELL
jul Master of Transportatio

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI A
ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.
PAN HANDLE ROUTE.
CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after SUND June 11, 1870, trains will leave and arrive the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

[illegible]

The 10:40 A. M. Fast Line will leave daily. 12:15 noon Express leaves daily. All other tr run daily except Sunday.
W. L. O'BRIEN
General Ticket Agent, Columbus,
W. W. CARD, Sup't., Dennison, Ohio.

HARDWARE & CUTLER

ESTABLISHED 1831.
Logan, Gregg & Co
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
No. 52 Wood Stree
PITTSBURGH, P
Spring Goods, Hoes, Rakes, For Scythes, Snaths, &c.
Merchants are invited to exami our stock when in the city.
Orders by mail will have prompt tention.

BEAVER FALLS
CUTLERY CO
No. 70 Wood Street,
OFFER
Table Knives & Fork
Pocket Knives,
Butcher Knives,
Bread Knives,
Carving Knives,
Scissors,
Razors,
Putty Knives,
AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES OF CUTLERY
LOW PRICES.
Beaver Falls Cutlery Co
No. 70 WOOD STREET,
jel PITTSBURGH, P

PLUMBERS, GAS FITTER
L. B. FULTON..........O. J. McGA
FULTON & M'GANN,
Practical Plumber
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS.
[illegible]

STONE.
WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Work
Northwest corner of West Common, Alleghen
FRED'K ATVATER & CO.
[illegible]

PAINTING, GRAINING, &
JOHN T. GRAY
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
GRAINER AND GLAZIE
No. 54 NINTH STREET.
ja22:127 (Late Hand street,) Pittsburgh. P

HE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

Mayor Callow had two common cases yesterday.

Birmingham as a borough is just forty-three years old.

Grapes, juicy and luscious, are now to be had in the markets.

Yesterday was one of the loveliest of days—real glorious weather.

Uncle Sam's postal headquarters in Allegheny are undergoing renovation.

A grand trot will take place this afternoon at West View Park, Perrysville Plank Road.

The Avery Guards, (colored company) intend having a grand pic-nic on the 14th of next month.

The funeral of Dr. Pressly, yesterday morning, was one of the largest that ever took place in this vicinity.

Ladies' Kid Gloves, Harris' Seamless, Jouin and Alexandres, for $1.75, at the Department Store, under Masonic Hall.

Deputy Mayor Nichols yesterday consigned James Gibbons, a noted "vag" to the care of Superintendent Cordier, at the Work House. James has permission to stay thirty days.

Mary Rooney made information, before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, charging Lawrence and Kate McCune with keeping a disorderly house. The accused were held to bail for a hearing.

Missed It.—On the way to Claremont yesterday a prisoner in charge of an Allegheny officer attempted to escape at one of the stations. He got off the train, but did'nt have an opportunity to go far.

Owners of property in the Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Seventeenth Wards, Pittsburgh, will find an advertisement of the Market Committee, asking proposals for a site to build a new market house.

Animated.—John Callaghan and Peter Karns had a discussion in front of the Monongahela House yesterday morning. They ended up by pummeling each other, when an officer interfered. They paid Mayor Brush five dollars each for the sport.

The Work House.—Yesterday there were one hundred and nineteen prisoners at the work house. In the absence of the Superintendent in Wisconsin, the very gentlemanly and attentive Deputy, Mr. John Wingender, has charge of the institution.

Discharged.—The suit of Patrick Brady against Ann Driscoll, on a charge of disorderly conduct came up for hearing before Mayor Callow last night. For some reason or other, according to the learned attorneys, the indictment would not hold water and the case was discharged.

Combed.—Jerome Friewy was combed yesterday. John Moor did it for him. John used a curry comb in the operation. Jerome's head feels sore ever since. He failed to appreciate John's kindness and had him arrested by Deputy Mayor Nichols for assault and battery. The case will be disposed of to-day.

Among the many colleges for the educating of young ladies the Bishop Bowman Institute No. 62 Grant street is recognized as among the best. This school, is daily growing into popularity. Their fall term will commence Monday, September the 11th. Application for admission should be made at once. See card on our first page for particulars.

Selling on Sunday.—Information was made before Mayor Brush yesterday, against Joseph Zimmerman, for selling cigars on Sunday. Zimmerman keeps the stand on the corner of Liberty and Canal streets, and it is alleged he opened up the establishment on Sunday just as usual, and did a thriving business during the day. A warrant was issued.

Missing.—Mr. George Ditterman, a resident of the Seventh ward, Allegheny, disappeared from his home last Friday and has not been heard of since. His wife fears he has been foully dealt with. Any information concerning his movements or whereabouts since that time will be thankfully received. Word can be left at the Allegheny Mayor's office.

Sent Up.—Yesterday morning Mayor Brush sent Ben Wallace to the Work House for six months. Ben, as was noted in yesterday's GAZETTE, created a disturbance in a saloon in the Seventeenth ward, on Monday night, and the policeman could only arrest him when assisted by a citizen. The citizen's shirt was destroyed in the melée. He was paid $3 for it.

Would you enjoy a pleasant summer evening's reverie. First go to Megraw's No. 45 Ninth street and get a package of his new smoking tobacco, together with a meerschaum; or a box of those "Just Out" club cigars. Sit down after supper with the fragrant weed and if the hours do not pass pleasantly set yourself down as radically out of sorts and in urgent need of medical or some other kind of attention.

At the Well.—Who that has been in the harvest field under the rays of the sun, when returning, wearied and hot and dusty and thirsty, has not remembered with devotional fervor "the pitcher at the well," with all its accompanying attractions, especially if it has seen one of those elegant, neatly designed and finely finished articles which alone are manufactured at the Keystone Pottery, the warehouse of which is at No. 283 Liberty street.

Attempted Burglary.—Some burglars, or parties engaged in burglarious operations, were disturbed, while attempting to enter the dwelling house of Frederick Bach, on Green street, on Monday night, between twelve and one o'clock. In trying to force the door, with a chisel the occupants of the house were awakened by the noise, and calling "watch" the parties made quick tracks, leaving behind some of their tools. The "watch" did not appear.

Arrested on a Capias.—Edward Kenlin, was arrested on a capias for slander against a woman named Jane Mooney. The affidavit sets forth that the defendant willfully and wickedly slandered deponent in the presence of a number of persons, by alleging that she was a woman of bad repute, and living with a man named John Burns, as man and wife, not being married. Kenlon was committed to jail on Monday evening, and released on giving bail yesterday morning. The parties reside in Ormsby borough.

Accident.—Yesterday about noon an accident, which came near resulting fatally, occurred at Armstrong, Bro & Co.'s cork factory on Water street. A girl by the name of Mary Sterling employed in the establishment, while in the act of stepping over some machinery her clothing was caught in the belting whirling her over the shafting with remarkable rapidity. When rescued it was found she had not been very seriously injured. When the accident took place there was a regular stampede among the girls of the establishment, numbering about seventy-five. With much difficulty a panic was prevented.

Fishing at Him.—Alderman Neeper yesterday morning, issued a warrant for the arrest of a man named E. Deckenbaugh, on a charge of assault and battery preferred by a man named C. Morgan. The prosecutor resides in the Thirteenth ward, at the corner of Charles and Hill street. He alleges that Deckenbaugh struck him on the shoulder, and threw a pick at him, narrowly escaping severe injury. The same magistrate issued a warrant for the arrest of Richard Keep, on a charge of assault and battery preferred by James Ford. Richard, it appears struck James, with his fists and otherwise abused him. No arrests have been made.

Robbed.—Mr. McClelland, hailing from one of our adjacent country towns, was relieved of a purse containing about two hundred dollars while engaged in seeing the sights of the town last night on Cherry alley, in the "tin-pot regions."

Mr. Robertson, of Washington county, came to the city yesterday. He called at "Tin Pot Alley," on a few fair ones, and was robbed to the extent of twenty-five dollars.

Two or three other cases of minor robberies in these delectable localities were reported to the police last night. Arrests will be made to-day.

The Ph. Mertz Estate.

A meeting of the creditors of the late Phil. Mertz was held yesterday afternoon in the office of Joseph Grey, Esq., Register. A certificate was received from Dr. Daly, Mrs. Mertz' physician, to the effect that the illness of Mrs. M. was of such a character as to preclude the possibility of her giving any attention to business at present. Messrs. David Sands and Charles F. Schwarz were appointed administrators, giving bonds in the sum of $200,000. H. C. Reineman and Adam Reineman, Esqs., are the sureties.

Fatal Result—Coroner's Inquest.

Thomas McClelland, who was run over by a car on the Oakland Passenger Railway, near Soho, an account of which we published, expired last evening, at Mercy Hospital, where he had been taken and his leg amputated. The remains were brought to Williams' undertaking establishment, on Fourth avenue, when Alderman Donaldson empanneled a jury who viewed the body and then adjourned the inquest until to-day.

Subsequently the body was removed to the late residence of the deceased on Squirrel Hill, from whence it will be buried.

Served Him Right.

An Italian gentleman met with an adventure last night. He was walking along Second avenue, when he passed several ladies sitting at the doorstep of one of the residences on the thoroughfare near Market street. Thinking they were unprotected he improved the opportunity to insult them. He passed on but was quickly followed and overhauled by a couple of gentlemen who had heard his remarks. They administered to him a sound thrashing, which caused him to create an outcry and attract the police. The officers took the assailants into custody and started with them to the Mayor's office, but never reached there with their prisoners, probably letting them off when the case was explained. The affair created great excitement in the locality and attracted quite a crowd.

Serenaded.

Last evening our jovial German neighbor, Joseph Reinhart, who presides over the Reinhart Hotel, Smithfield street, near Sixth avenue, was greeted with a complimentary serenade, in honor of the twenty-fifth anniversary of his wedding day. The serenaders comprised representatives from four of our best brass bands, who commenced shortly after eleven o'clock and discoursed the sweet strains until the [illegible] announced the advent of the morning. Mr. Reinhart and his estimable companion also were the recipients of many cordial congratulations from friends who called upon them during the earlier hours of the evening. To-night in accordance with a time-honored custom, the happy couple will receive their [illegible] at the "silver wedding" feast which will close the exercises held in remembrance of the important event, transpiring a quarter of a century in the by-gone. They have the most sincere wishes of all who know them for a continuance of prosperity and happiness.

THE LAST SAD RITES.

The Funeral of Dr. Pressly—Impressive Ceremonies.

Perhaps the largest assembly of persons ever gathered together in this vicinity, on such an occasion, met yesterday morning, to pay the last solemn tribute of respect to the remains of the Rev. John T. Pressly, D. D., late pastor of the First United Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, whose death occurred on Saturday morning last. The services were held in the church on Union avenue, and were announced to begin at half-past nine o'clock. Long before that hour, however, the pavement, steps and approaches to the church were crowded with men, women and children, all desirous of gaining admission into the body of the church. The doors of the church were kept purposely closed until the arrival of the remains from the family residence on Washington street. The hearse containing the remains arrived at the appointed time, followed by carriages containing the relatives and friends of the deceased. The coffin was placed immediately in front of the pulpit, which was heavily draped. The body was dressed in plain black clothing and a wreath of pure white flowers entwined with evergreen was placed upon it. The burial casket was of rosewood, with handles of heavily plated silver. On the top of the casket was a plain silver plate, bearing the following simple inscription:

JOHN T. PRESSLY, D. D.,
DIED AUGUST 13TH, 1870,
IN THE
SEVENTY-SIXTH YEAR OF HIS AGE.

The members of the family of deceased occupied seats in the centre aisle of the church, and the members of the Presbytery with which he was connected occupied a portion of the side aisles.

The services were opened with an impressive prayer by the Rev. Dr. J. G. Brown, pastor of the Third U. P. Church, of this city, after which Rev. Joseph R. Kerr, of the Third Church, Allegheny, read the twenty-third Psalm, which the congregation joined in singing. Rev. A. D. Clark, D. D., read appropriate portions of scripture, after which Rev. D. R. Kerr, D. D., delivered a touching eulogy on the character of the deceased. He referred to his firmness in advocating and maintaining the principles of truth, and to the respect which his honesty of purpose commanded from all classes. Referring to the vacillating conduct of so many in these days, he said it was glorious to look upon such a character. He was like the grand old oak, against which the storms had beat in vain. He also referred to the seemingly austere manner of deceased, which viewed afar off seemed to impress one with the idea that he was surrounded with the atmosphere of winter. Upon drawing closer, however, the coldness disappeared and one could feel the genial warmth of spring in all his actions. Never was there more true or kinder friend; none more ready to serve; none whose sympathies could be more promptly enlisted.

He alluded to the deep interest he had taken in the welfare and success of the students of the Theological Seminary, and to the fatherly care he exercised over them. He felt that whenever and wherever the tidings of the death would reach those students who had been under him, they would feel the loss deeply. The speaker would not trust himself to speak of the endearments of his own association, nor touch afresh the bleeding hearts of the members of his congregation or those united in closer ties of family relation. Nothing he could say would restore the lost one, but he hoped that as his hearers looked upon the face of the beloved dead for the last time, his ministrations and his admonitions might be recalled and have a place in their hearts, where they would never be forgotten. The speaker alluded to the vacancy occasioned by the death in the Faculty of the Seminary. Great as he was as a pastor and minister, he was equally great as a Professor. His extraordinary ability was combined with a passionate love for the work, and his death has left a vacancy which the speaker never expected to see filled. Allusion was made to the position held by the deceased in the General Councils of the Church, his high standing in the community in which he had so long resided, to his energy and influence in all measures for the interest and well-being of the community at large, and, in concluding, urged all present to make, as nearly as possible, such a record as he has left behind.

When the reverend gentleman had concluded his eloquent tribute, prayer was offered by Rev. Thomas Sproull, D. D., after which a portion of the 88th psalm was sung and the congregation dismissed with the benediction, pronounced by Dr. D. R. Kerr.

Upon the conclusion of the exercises, the members of the congregation and others present took a last look at the dead, passing up one of the side aisles and down the centre. The scene was deeply affecting, and cannot be described. After all had availed themselves of the melancholy privilege, the casket was closed, and was borne to the hearse by the following persons acting as pall bearers: William M'Henry, Samuel McGinnis, John Sterrett, James Richey, John Wright, John White, George Lysle, Thomas Jamison, John White, Thomas Smith. The funeral procession was then formed and proceeded to Union Dale cemetery. The cortege was one of the largest ever witnessed in this vicinity, there being fully two hundred carriages in the line.

After the body had been lowered in the grave, Rev. Samuel Young, Professor of Monmouth, Illinois, Seminary, and formerly a student under Doctor Pressly's professorship, delivered a brief but eloquent address, dwelling particularly upon the long life of usefulness of the deceased, his services and sacrifices in the cause of his Master, and his general goodness of heart. The reverend gentleman afterwards concluded the ceremonies by pronouncing a benediction.

MILITARY.

The Zouave Regiment—The Prospects of the Organization—Review and Parade Last Night at Wilkinsburg.

Our readers have already been made acquainted with the efforts which are being put forth towards the organization of a Zouave regiment in the county. These efforts, thus far, have been eminently successful, and the prospects for a speedy consummation of the plan are very encouraging. Already eight companies have been organized and the ninth is under way. This latter company is being recruited at Wilkinsburg, by Captain J. C. Paul, and has a large number of names on the roll. From present indications it will not be long before the ranks are full. Captain Paul is laboring energetically and enthusiastically in that direction and with every prospect of speedy success.

Last evening the military spirit in Wilkinsburg was further stimulated by a visit from the two companies of Zouaves from East Liberty. These are under control respectively of Captains Armstrong and Ardray. They have been drilling at their headquarters for some time, but never engaged in a public parade until last evening. They marched well and evidenced in a satisfactory manner the efficiency of their training. When they arrived at Wilkinsburg a grand review was held when the Zouaves executed some of their most difficulty maneuvers. Following the review a public meeting was organized and several addresses delivered, all of course breathing a martial spirit. The visiting companies were entertained in a hospitable manner, by Captain Paul and his men who did everything possible to make the occasion one of pleasure to all. The exercises concluded at a late hour when the Zouaves returned to their quarters, highly gratified with their first turnout and its accompanying pleasantries.

PETROLEUM.

Report for July of the Petroleum Producers Association.

The Petroleum Producer's Association have just laid before the public the report for July of the productions in the Pennsylvania oil regions. Forty-eight districts are represented in the report. We take the following statistics from it as published in the Oil City *Times:*

Number of barrels of oil on hand at the wells at the close of the month 107,353. Number delivered during the month, 410,707, making an aggregate of 518,060, which, after deducting the number on hand at the close of June, 92,253, leaves the net production of July 425,807 barrels, or an average per day for thirty-one days of 13735.6 barrels. The total number of wells producing during the month was 2,579, showing an average daily production of each well of 54.8 barrels. There were 354 new wells being drilled, 140 of which were commenced and 156 were completed during the month. 62 wells were abandoned and 18 old ones renewed. In iron tankage there were 255,886 barrels stored on August 1st, an increase of 16,305 over the 1st of July.

The Demand for Gold.

The Board of Trustees of the Western Theological Seminary having demanded gold from the city of Allegheny, instead of currency, for ground rents of the Seminary purchase, and the City Councils, at their meeting held on Thursday last, recognizing the demand and agreeing to pay the same, quite a breeze is likely to be stirred up among the lessees of the city, because of the authoritative demand of the city from them to pay gold or its equivalent, in payment of ground rents due the city. The Controller, in pursuance of the action of Councils, has been busily engaged in notifying said parties, and the matter is pretty extensively talked about. The general impression however is that if the city authorities are compelled, under the legal tender decision, to pay gold or its equivalent to the Seminary authorities, it is not only good sense, but a very good reason for the city to exact gold or its equivalent from its lessees. The difference however is about as broad as it is long. The amount of property leased by the city produces just enough revenue to pay what the city pays to the Seminary, and of course there is no speculation on the part of the city.

Will be Tested To-Day.

The greater portion of the hose contracted for by the Allegheny Fire Engines Committee, several weeks since, arrived in the city yesterday, per express, and will be tested to-day at ten o'clock by the Committee. It was made by the celebrated hose manufacturing company of Pugh & Co., of Philadelphia, and warranted to stand a pressure of over two hundred pounds. The contract for sixteen hundred and fifty feet additional will be let to-day. The Committee are determined that no blame will attach to them consequent upon a scarcity of hose. The large fire in the Eighth ward last month was a lesson learned that economy in the administration of the Department does not consist in having a short supply of hose. Over twenty-eight sections were bursted, and there being no reserve to fall back upon, the building was at the mercy of the devouring element. The Committee have ordered this double supply as a reserve, and henceforth the efficiency of the Department will be much greater.

Duff's College.

The card of this time honored institution appears on our first page. Among the many Commercial Colleges in the United States there is not one that stands higher in the estimation of business men than does P. Duff & Sons'. Its graduates are to be found in all American cities, and many of them are to-day our most successful business men. There is no branch of a Young Man's Education should be more cared for than the business department, and such an education as he receives in this college is necessary whether he intends to be a mechanic, farmer, merchant or a professional man. We commend to our readers this well known college as being what they represent it, a First Class Commercial College.

HARNESS STEALING.

A Thief Caught in the Act—Sharp Detective Operations.

Officer D. S. McKnight, of Alderman Bowden's independent Allegheny police force deserves credit for "ferrying" out, and bringing to grief a man named Jacob Hazley, for stealing a valuable set of harness from Mr. Culbertson's stable on Herron alley, in the rear of Union avenue. The circumstances attending the arrest, are about as follows: Officer McKnight while returning from the Sixth ward, Allegheny, where he had been on business, noticed the man Hazley driving an express wagon, and lying in the bed of the wagon he noticed a saddle lying partly covered by a coffee sack. Having some suspicions that Hazley was a thief he undertook to watch him. Hazley drove around several of the alleys in the Third ward, and finally halted his team on North alley near Herron alley leaving another party in charge of the horse. The officer kept a respectable distance from Hazley to avoid detection, but sufficiently close to determine as near as possible, what was going on. Waiting a good while McKnight hastened to the spot where Hazley had disappeared, and the first person he met, was the prisoner just emerging from the alley way leading to Mr. Culbertson's stable, with a valuable set of harness hanging on his arm. McKnight seized hold of him and said to him I have caught you in the act, Jake." Jake drew back in the alley and plead, and offered the officer twenty-five dollars if he would let him go, but it was of no avail. The officer's attention having been temporarily directed from the prisoner, the latter made a desperate effort to escape, breaking away and running at breakneck speed along North alley to the Park, across the Park to First street, the officer following as rapidly as he could, and firing at him just as he emerged from the Park. The officer, having greater endurance, overtook Hazley at the corner of First and West streets, put the nippers on him, and brought him to Alderman Bowden, where he had a hearing. He admitted the theft, and also admitted that he had stolen the saddle, referred to in the first of the article, from James Patton, Esq's, stable, on the corner of Irwin and Western avenues. The articles were all identified. Alderman Bowden required him to give bail in the sum of $300, which he succeeded in doing his father and mother going his bail.

THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY.

His Excellency in the City Last Night—A Short Stay—How He was Received.

The Cleveland and Pittsburgh train, due at seven o'clock last evening, had attached the palatial Directors car of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, containing General Grant and the Presidential party, consisting of U. S. Grant, jr., General F. T. Dent, Marshal Sharpe, Arthur Clifford, J. C. Gorham, C. W. Ford. The car was in charge of Conductor E. Martien. On reaching the depot, J. C. McCreighton, Esq., the gentlemanly General Agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, received the President, and escorted him to the dining room of the Union Depot Hotel, to partake of the elegant supper gotten up in Colonel Unger's best style for the Presidential party. After supper the car was then attached to the 7:40 P. M. fast train, and after a brief stay of less than an hour the distinguished party left for the East. President Grant was attired in a plain black cloth suit and silk hat, with close cut whiskers and hair. He appeared to be enjoying robust health and was in fine spirits, judging from his cheerful look and sociability with those around him. The impression seemed to prevail that he had passed through the night before, as he was expected Monday afternoon, and but comparatively few were present to welcome him, or witness his departure. Quite a number, however, had gotten an inkling of his presence, while at supper, and the crowd was much greater than when he arrived. Great respect was shown to the President during his brief stay, and no display of boisterousness, so frequently displayed on such occasions, was manifested.

HIGHWAYMAN ON THE ROAD.

Bold Operation Near Perrysville—A Well Known Citizen Relieved of Valuables—The Robber Escapes.

Last night a bold highway robbery was committed on the Perrysville Plank Road, a few miles from the city. The victim was Dr. N. P. Duffey, the well known veterinary surgeon of Allegheny. He was returning from his stables, near Perrysville, about eight o'clock and had reached Horse-shoe Bend when a man suddenly came from an adjoining woods, and revolver in hand demanded his money or his life. The Dr. was unarmed at the time and had no recourse but to submit to the amateur Dick Turpin. The robber deprived him of a valuable watch and his pocket book, which happily contained but seven dollars at the time. After receiving his plunder the fellow disappeared as suddenly as he had first confronted his victim. Dr. Duffey then proceeded on his way toward the city. The matter has been placed in the hands of the police, with, however, but slight prospect of securing the robber.

The Red Men—A Good Appointment.

The following unique announcement explains an honor which has recently been conferred upon our very worthy townsman John Rebman, Esq. That the appointment is a good one, and that the duties connected therewith will be properly performed, are matters beyond a doubt in the minds of all who are are acquainted with the gentleman thus honored:

DEPUTY GRAND SACHEM'S COMMISSION.

Greeting: Know Ye, that we, Adam Schuh, Grand Sachem of the Great Council of the Improved Order of Red Men of Pennsylvania, reposing especial trust and confidence in the ability, zeal, and judgment of our well tried brother, Grand Junior Sagamore John Rebman, do nominate, constitute, and appoint him our Deputy for the District composed of the counties of Allegheny and Westmoreland. And we command you, the said John Rebman, that you superintend the operations, and raise up, or cause to be raised up, the Chiefs of the Tribes within said District; grant such dispensations, in accordance with the Laws and Regulations of the Order, as may be required for the good thereof; and perform such other duties as the Great Council, or Great Sachem, may from time to time direct. And in the performance of your duties shall at all times be recognized, obeyed, and respected as the proper representative and Deputy of the Great Sachem.

That no less than seven suns prior to the stated sessions of the Great Council you shall transmit to the Great Chief of Records all wampum you may have received, and at the same time report to the Great Sachem what duties you may have performed, together with such suggestions and recommendations as may be for the benefit of the Order.

This Commission shall be in full force for one great sun from the date hereof, unless sooner revoked by us or the Great Council.

Given under our hands and the seal of the Great Council, this twenty-fifth Sun of Buck Moon, G. S. D. 379.

ADAM SCHUH, Great Sachem.
ANDREW J. BAKER, G. C. of R.

Postal Affairs.

The work of arranging the salaries of postmasters throughout the country has been completed by the Postoffice Department, and circulars have been sent to all postmasters stating the grade and salary from July 1, 1870. The salary of a postoffice under present regulations is based on the amount of stamps cancelled, amount of newspaper postages, and amount of box rents.

Taking the aggregate value of stamps cancelled, sixty per cent. is allowed as commission on the first one hundred dollars, fifty per cent. on the next three hundred dollars, and in a proportionate rate of decrease of percentage for all above the amounts stated. Fifty per cent. is also allowed as commissions on all newspaper postages, and the entire amount of box rents is allowed up to the sum of two thousand dollars. It is provided, however, that the salary of a postmasrer shall in no case exceed four thousand dollars—two thousand dollars from commissions and an equal amount from box rents.

As will be noticed by the following table, the Pittsburgh and Allegheny offices comes under the first class. There are thirteen first class and thirty-one second class offices in the State, as follows:

First Class.—Allegheny, $3,100; Easton, $3,300; Erie, $3,100; Harrisburg, $3,600; Meadville, $3,000; Philadelphia, $4,000; Pittsburgh, $4,000; Pottsville, $3,000; Reading, $3,500; Scranton, $3,300; Tidioute, $3,200; Titusville, $3,400; Williamsport, $3,800.

Second Class.—Allentown, $2,600; Altoona, $2,800; Ashland, $1,100; Bethlehem, $2,200; Carlisle, $2,500; Chambersburg, $2,100; Chester, $2,400; Columbia, $2,300; Corry, $3,800; Danville, $2,400; Franklin, $2,800; Honesdale, $2,200; Huntingdon, $2,100; Johnstown, $2,500; Lancaster, $2,800; Lewisburg, $3,200; Lock Haven, $2,600; Mauch Chunk, $2,200; New Castle, $2,700; Norristown, $2,400; Oil City, $2,600; Petroleum Centre, $2,600; Pittston, $2,600; Pleasantville, $2,800; Pottstown, $2,100; Sharon, $2,400; Towanda, $2,400; Warren, $2,600; West Chester, $2,500; Wilkesbarre, $2,900; York, $2,600.

A Hopeful Son and Husband.

Alderman McMasters yesterday morning took the information of a woman named Charlotte Hall, living at Pipetown, against her husband, Samuel Hall, and her son, Thos. Hall, for assault and battery, and also against the same parties for surety of the peace. She stated that, on Friday last, her son attacked and beat her shamefully, her husband the while watching the performance approvingly, and encouraging the son. The woman, in the course of the transaction, had one of her ribs broken, two of her teeth knocked out, and divers extensive and severe bruises administered. Since then, she alleges, her husband and son have threatened her with death if she told what had been done. She said yesterday was the first time since she was injured that she has been well enough to get out to make the information. Warrants were issued.

Religious.

Reverend George P. Hays, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, having accepted the Presidency of the Washington and Jefferson College, the congregation of that church, without any formal declaration, however, have expressed a decided preference for Rev. Chas. Dickey, formerly pastor of the Fourth United Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, but now of the First Presbyterian Church, St. Louis. It is exceedingly likely that he will receive a call, and from what we can learn, he would cheerfully accept. Mr. Dickey, though a young man, has given very marked evidence of superior talent, and his ministrations in our midst were attended with great success. His return will be hailed with satisfaction, as he has hosts of friends in this city and Allegheny.

Before Alderman Shore.

Yesterday Mrs. Matilda Kunkle made information charging her husband, Robert C. Kunkle, with desertion. Lieutenant Wilmot arrested Robert, and the Alderman committed him for a hearing.

Thomas Benton yesterday came before Alderman Shore and made information charging Oliver Gray with false pretences. He alleged that the accused obtained from him the sum of four dollars and a half by representing that parties in Allegheny owed him a large amount of money, which proved to be untrue, according to the statement of the prosecutor. The accused was arrested by Lieutenant Wilmot, and was committed for a hearing.

THE WAR NEWS.

How the Rumored Prussian Defeat was Received Last Night.

Great excitement was created last night in the city when it was announced on the GAZETTE bulletin board that an engagement was reported to have taken place on Monday between Metz and Verdun, in which the Prussians were defeated, losing 40,000 men. The excitement was very intense, made especially so inasmuch as a large number of Germans had gathered at a serenade occasion on Smithfield street and were drawn with feverish anxiety to read the latest news. The precaution was taken to mark the news "French," so that it was received with a large grain of allowance, and our German friends read it, and while believing it might possibly be true, hoped for the other side to show quite a different result. Whether their hopes were well grounded or not remains to be seen, but we incline to the opinion that the dispatch was a little to "hefty" for the French. Nearly all night crowds grouped about the bulletin and excitedly discussed the news and talked over the situation and the relative prospects of Napoleon and King William. Such a war excitement as was that created by the announcement of a Prussian defeat, based on a Paris telegram by cable and placed on the GAZETTE bulletin, has not been known for some years in Pittsburgh, and it demonstrated that the sympathizers with Germany largely predominate in this community, although France is by no means without her enthusiastic backers.

Personals.

MRS. DR. DOUGLAS and family returned home last evening, from a very pleasant visit to her friends, where she has been sojourning during the hot weather.

MRS. J. HERON FOSTER and her daughter, Miss Julia, leave to-day for the sea shore. They intended going some three weeks ago, but were detained on legal business.

MAJ. W. W. MCCANDLESS, the accomplished and genial stroke oarsman of the Pittsburgh Barge Club, accompanied the Allegheny Valley Railroad excursionists to Lake Chataqua and Niagara Falls.

MR. ADDISON LYSLE, of Allegheny, and Mr. Alex. Chambers, of Pittsburgh, were registered at the office of Bowles, Bros. & Co., in Paris, during the week ending July 26th. and during the same week Mr. Chambers was in London.

MR. W. H. LEAK and MISS ANNIE WAITE are in the city awaiting the opening of the theatrical season, having an engagement to appear at the Opera House at the commencement of the term. No greater or more worthy favorites ever appeared in the stock company of the Opera House than this couple, and their hosts of friends will be glad to accord them a hearty welcome in their capacities as stars.

OUR esteemed young friend Mr. John P. Logan is lying dangerously ill at his mother's residence in Allegheny.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were admitted of record in the office of Thomas H. Hunter, Recorder of Allegheny county, Aug. 16, 1870:

Constantine Lauer to Joseph Flaum, June 17, 1870; 20 by 60 feet on Jane street, East Birmingham	$725
John McClurg to Frank Fallinger, May 23, 1870; 20 by 60 feet on Kirkpatrick street, 13th ward, Pittsburgh	$400
Jonathan Gallagher to Matthew Gaw, July 1, 1870; 1 acre and 4 perches, Reserve township, Allegheny county	$2,639.38
Joseph Hanen to Wm. Cunningham, June 12, 1869; 25 by 90 feet on High street, Temperanceville	$450
S. W. Dock to Edmund D. Smith, August 13, 1870; lot of ground in Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, with buildings	$6,000
Robert Young to John Boos, August 12, 1870; 20 by 100 feet on Spring street, Lawrenceville	$900
Joseph Weber to Oswald Weber, August 9, 1870; 28 feet on Chestnut street, Fourth ward, Allegheny city, with buildings	$1,200
John Hollinger to Elizabeth Wright, August 9, 1870; 10 acres and 12 perches, North Fayette township, with buildings	$2,300
Wm. Hinds to Patrick Griffin, July 7, 1870; lot No. 20 in plan of lots laid out by Wm. Hinds, in the Sixteenth ward, Pittsburgh	$250

Hearing Before Commissioner Gamble.

Louis Stern, charged with violating the revenue law by selling tobacca and cigars without the special license, and for selling tobacco and cigars not properly stamped, as required in such cases, had a hearing before Commissioner Gamble yesterday. The suit is brought by Assistant Assessor Robert McCready, based upon an affidavit of the Government detective. Several boxes partly filled with cigars were found in the case, and on the shelves seventy-three full boxes were found; also, a twenty pound caddy of tobacco, all unstamped, or in other words, not stamped as required by the new law, which went into effect last January. There seems to be a pretty clear case against Mr. Stern, and the Commissioner felt justified, from the evidence, in requiring him to give bail in the sum of $2,000 for trial before the next term of the United States District Court.

The Temperance Cause.

The regular meeting of the Young Men's Temperance Association was held last night at the "Home." After the usual introductory exercises, the follwing gentlemen addressed the audience, each relating some touching anecdote illustrative of the dreadful results of the liquor traffic, and of the need of practical abstinence among all classes of people: Mr. Sharpe, of Chicago; Mr. Bradley, of Allegheny, and Messrs. Ramsey and Schriner, of Pittsburgh. Nine persons signed the pledge.

The public interest in these meetings is gradually extending, and we doubt not that as soon as the heated season is fairly over and the cool Autumn ensues, these weekly gatherings will be largely attended by all classes of our citizens, since for good or evil all are certainly interested in the cause, the furtherance of which these young men have so much at heart.

That Troy Hill Row.

Our readers will remember the facts connected with the row on Saturday last, at Latterlee's saloon on Troy Hill. Latterlee made information before Mayor Callow against the two principal parties, Lewis Simen and Nicholas Keefer charging them with felonious assault and battery, upon which they were arrested and held for a hearing. Yesterday Simen and Keefer appeared before Alderman Aarent of the Seventh ward and entered cross suits against Laterlee, alleging that he began the row. They also made informations against Mrs. Christina Latterlee and Rosa Ann Gang for assault and battery, they having assisted Latterlee in his attack. Warrants were issued.

Under the Hoof.

Yesterday afternoon about three o'clock Mary McGarvey, a little girl aged four years, while riding upon a dray on Fifth avenue, was jolted off near Chestnut street. She fell down at the horse's heels, and the animal becoming frightened, backed up. In stepping he put one hoof upon the side of her face, larcerating her cheek and forehead in a terrible manner. She was taken to her home on Chestnut street and medical assistance procured. Though painfully she was not fatally injured. Her escape from death was remarkable.

Neutral Ground.

Holtzheimer has proclaimed neutrality. Germans and Frenchmen may assemble at the Continental, Fifth avenue, and enjoy the benefits of the establishment without fear that the rights of either will be interfered with. Strict neutrality will be enforced. All may partake of the bountiful supply of delicacies with which the tables at the Continental are loaded. Call in at any hour of the day and you may be accomodated. Tables always spread for patrons. A rich and rare dinner to-day; all kinds of meats, pastry, confectionery, delicacies and substantials in unlimited supply. The Continental is below the Post Office, Fifth avenue.

METZ, Aug. 12, 1870.

To the Empress: Louis has received his new trunk from Liebler's, No. 104 Wood street. He was delighted with it, but said little. A division of baggage smashers attacked the trunks in the baggage depot here. There was but a brief resistance. Louis and I were in the front, where the trunks were demolished all about us. Louis keeps a piece of one of the demolished trunks, which he picked up. The baggage smashers wept at his tranquility. We lost nothing, because of the superiority of Liebler's trunks, with which we were furnished.

(Signed,) NAPOLEON.

Allegheny long needed a good hotel. At last Mr. G. C. Lightcap undertakes to supply the want, and the Girard House, corner of Federal and Isabella streets, near the Suspension Bridge, is the result. All who can appreciate enterprise, all who admire clean, comfortable and convenient lodging rooms, all who are not averse to a table supplied with food nourishing and palatable, and all who desire quietness in boarding, should patronize the Girard House.

Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Ammunition and Gun material of all kind, at reduced prices, at J. H. Johnston's Great Western Gun Works, 179 Smithfield street. Repairing neatly done. Guns for hire. Army Rifles, Carbines and Revolvers bought or taken in exchange. Call and see or write for a Price List. MWF

Gentlemens collars, cuffs, ties, bows, hosiery, handkerchiefs, suspenders, pocket books, brushes of all kinds, and everything else you want can be found at the Department Store ot low prices.

Loretto Springs, Cambria county, Pa. Visitors to the Springs will find no delay by taking the four o'clock P. M. train, leaving Pittsburgh, as it connects with the Ebensburg branch railroad, whose coaches will convey them to the Springs, two and a half miles.

F. A. GIBBONS, Proprietor.
tf

Carvers and Forks, ivory, rubber and rubber tipped with ivory handles of the best makes, at Evan's Department Store, 59 Fifth avenue.

Henry G. Hale, Merchant Tailor, has just received a large assortment of linens and alpaccas, also a complete assortment of goods for summer wear generally, corner Penn avenue and Sixth street. tf

Stonerood's Cathartic Syrup is used in all cases instead of pills, caster oil, epsom salts, &c. Highly flavored. Twenty-five cents. Try it. Sold by all druggists. WFM

Silver Plated Castors for $1.00, at the Department Store, 59 Fifth Avenue, just received. Call and see what you can buy for $1.00.

—Much excitement arose last Sunday at the Episcopal Church of the Atonement, in Chicago, resulting from differences regarding the Rector, Rev. O. B. Thayer. Mr. Thayer has many friends, who claim that he has built up the Church very successfully, but an element in the Church opposes him, and a resolution was passed at a previous vestry meeting, requesting him to resign. On Sunday, at the close of the service, the Rector stated the case, said he believed the majority of the congregation wished him to remain, and asked those who supported him to rise. Two or three of the vestry jumped up excitedly, denounced this action as revolutionary and illegal, and after a loud and passionate talk, the audience was dispersed without the proposed vote being taken.

GENERALITIES.

BRIGNOLI is to sing in opera at Newport this week.

VIEUXTEMPS is to accompany Nillsen to this country.

VICTOR HUGO has written a new comedy called Madame de Maintenon.

SEAL SKIN JACKETS are to be more fashionable than velvet next winter.

PROFESSOR PEPPER has a new ghost sensation which is far more startling than the other one.

MRS. CAROLINE WOOD'S hog had the cholera, but recovered after she knocked out its back teeth.

IT is said that Paradol became immensely popular in France as soon as his suicide was heard of.

ROBERT GARTSIDE, Quarantine Master, died of yellow fever at Tazarette near Philadelphia, Friday night.

GEORGE FOX, the pantomimist, is to appear as Martha in Herve's Faust at the Olympic theater in New York.

HENRY DORTERER, of Backwoodstown, Camden county, N. J., was run over by a cart and instantly killed last week.

MR. FECHTER and Miss Le Clerque have arrived in Boston from England. They will open the Globe theatre in a few days.

THE latest thieving trick in New York is to approach a street car and snatch, through the windows, hats from the passenger's heads.

AN Indiana paper begins to tell what resulted from an attempt to use kerosine for kindling, by quoting the couplet:

"The old, old story was told again,
At five o'clock in the morning."

WORM lozenges sold in several Massachusets towns have been analyzed and found to contain strychnine, in a quantity calculated to cause great injury, if not death.

THE only time Farragut was ever wounded was when he was midshipman twelve years old, on board the Essex when it was captured by the British ships Phœbe and Cherub.

CLINTON, Illinois, had 1,900 inhabitants fifteen years ago, and now has only 1,700. On the strength of this decrease, Illinois will rest her claims to being considered an Eastern State.

THE Titusville *Herald* has reformed and improved its external appearance. We should be glad to be able to record as favorable a change in its internal ideas of political propriety.

A WESTERN paper says that a farmer cut his throat on account of the severe and protracted drought, and that they buried him in a pelting rain storm which lasted twenty-four hours.

BOOTH'S and Niblo's theatres have opened for the regular season in New York. The first with Jefferson in "Rip Van Winkle," the other with Barrett in the "Duke's Motto."

WAGNER, who as a composer has always hitherto been laughed at in London, has suddenly become very popular since the recent production of one of his early operas "The Flying Dutchman.

GALLATIN county, Illinois, must be getting no better very fast. Only a year ago it got along very well, with only five Sunday schools to take charge of its morals, and now it has thirty six, all hard at work.

A CALIFORNIA paper finds it necessary to explain that the peculiar taste of the water in an Alameda well was caused by the presence of six dead cats. Its medicinal virtues had previously been highly praised.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., was thrown into quite a state of excitement on Friday afternoon by Mrs. Lucinda Tyler, a widow of 80 years, who jumped into her son-in-law's well. She was probably searching for truth at the bottom, but found death.

JOHN MATTHEWS was superintending the sinking of a shaft in Mill Creek, O., last week, and after firing a fuse he stepped up to see why it did not explode. His superintendence, existence, curiosity and cohesion ceased together and instantaneously.

MARIE KREBS, daughter of the Hof Kappelle Meister at Dresden, and who at 12 years of age was said to be the most remakable pianist alive, being in great demand at half the courts of Europe, is now 18 years old, and is coming to this country in September.

SOME bad boys at Oshkosh put a hornets nest under the cushion of a sofa in a church pulpit on Sunday week, and, when the minister sat down after reading the hymn, he got right up without being told. He said he did not feel like preaching that morning, and the congregation went home in a hurry.

THE Cincinnati *Enquirer*, under the head of Special Hell correspondence, is publishing a controversey upon the existence, whereabouts and consistency of a place of torments for departed spirits. Both sides use hundreds of scripture texts which they fire at each other with the speed of a mitrailleuse.

FIFTEEN rattlesnakes weary of breath, rashly importunate, attacked Joshua Jenkins of Marion county, Iowa, and went to their death one day last week. Joshua also took good care to determine that they had neither sisters, brothers, fathers, mothers, nor any nearer and dearer ones than all those others any place in that neighborhood.

"COUNT DE GRANVILLE" has recently been cutting a swell at Nahant. On Friday of last week the Dubuque Sheriff arrived at Nahant and took the "Count," whose real name is Charles Moss, back to Iowa for stealing his money with which he was supporting the nobility at the watering-places. Moss was a journeyman tailor of Dubuque.

DON PIATT, being at Saratoga, says it is the one famous summer resort of the continent and asserts with a snobbishness worthy of Gath "when a girl can say, with seeming *nonchalance*, "We go to Saratoga," her social status is as well settled as if Mrs. Thornton had invited her to tea." Neither Saratoga nor an invitation to tea with Mrs. Thornton could give the author of that, social status, or extract him from the slimyest slums of toadying snobbery.

THE Eau Claire (Wis.) *Free Press*, speaking of the alleged discovery of gold up the Chippewa River, says: "People about here know not what to think. However, their curiosity and love for gain have so prompted them that numerous parties have started north to make examinations and see for themselves." The Chippewa *Herald* says: "Several specimens have been found which look very favorable; and Mr. Charles B. Coleman is now up the river, near Nado's trading post, with six men, delving in the bowels of the earth for the coveted treasure. The specimens he has sent down to Chippewa Falls have been examined by experienced jewellers, who pronounce the gold genuine."

THE correspondent of the New York *Herald* at Rio Janeiro, says: With the desire to secure something for Madame Lynch and his children, Lopez sent off, at Angostura, a large sum in gold, consigned to Dr. Stewart's brother, and had it deposited in the Bank of Scotland; but this sum is now denied to her, although she holds Dr. Stewart's receipt. Now, her only hopes are vested in General Mc Mahon, who took charge of abeot £20,000 pounds of property for her when leaving the Paraguayan encampment. All she has with her is of trifling amount, consisting chiefly of jewelry of little intrinsic value. The sword presented to Lopez by the Paraguayan people she deposited with the British *Charge d' Affaires* at Buenos Ayres.

COL. SIR HENRY JAMES, in a recent lecture on the pyramids of Egypt, stated that in the King's chamber, inside the pyramid, some of the stones were thirty feet long. These stones, weighing some ninety tons, were brought down the Nile a distance of five hundred miles, and then placed in their present position, one hundred feet above the level of the ground. With regard to their finish, these Syenite stones are of the very hardest known, and yet so exquisitely polished, and built in (to form a casing for the King's chamber) with such superior skill, that the finest piece of tissue paper could not be inserted between the stones, and after these three or four thousand years, such workmanship excites the wonder and admiration of the world, even in this age of improvement.

A LETTER from Rio Janeiro to the New York *Herald* says: While Mrs. Lynch was in port on board the City of Limerick, a little romance occurred. With her came a grown-up daughter of Lopez by another woman, of whom Mrs. Lynch has taken charge of for many years. This girl was with the little army of Lopez when he was killed, and was engaged to be married to a young Paraguayan officer, the ceremony being appointed for the 2d of March. But Lopez was slain on the 1st, and the lover was captured and sent as a prisoner to Rio Janeiro. On Mrs. Lynch coming to the port of Rio the young lover and several Paraguayan officers were allowed to go on board to see Mrs Lynch and her family. Further permission was obtained for the lover to spend on board the night before the vessel sailed with the family, and the result was that, by the permission of the Government, a priest married the officer and the girl, and he proceeded to Europe in the same vessel.

DIED:

LOVE—On Monday afternoon, August 15th, 1870, at Blairsville, Pa., of scarlet fever, MARY DICKSON, daughter of F. Marion and Mary W. Love.

Funeral THIS MORNING, at 11 o'clock, from the residence of James Wardrop, Esq., Edgeworth, P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., to proceed to the Sewickley Cemetery.

ALLCOTT—On Monday evening, August 15th, at 9½ o'clock, Mrs. ELIZABETH, wife of Rev. William Alcott, in the 73d year of her age.

Funeral from the residence of her son-in-law, R. Straw, Bellevue borough, TO-DAY, 17th inst., at 3 P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

DEELEY—On Monday, August 15, 1870, after a lingering illness, Miss SARAH, eldest daughter of the late William and Martha J. Deeley, in the 21st year of her age.

Funeral will take place from the residence of her mother, Sharpsburg, THIS MORNING, 17th inst., at 10 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ WILLIAM J. DICK & CO., UNDERTAKERS, 118 GRANT STREET. Every variety of Coffins constantly on hand, and every description of funeral furnishing goods at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere. The best carriages and hearse in the cities furnished. Agents for Raymond & Co., Patent Metallic Burial Cases.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROSE'S
Mosquito Tapers.

These Tapers, in burning give off a very pleasant odor, that although perfectly harmless to the human family, is extremely repulsive to the Mosquito, so much so that they will leave any apartment that is pervaded by its fumes.

FOR SALE
BY ALL DRUGGISTS
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91 Federal Street,
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GREAT BARGAINS IN
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Ladies Underwear, Hats, Bonnets,
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au6:a64

INTER STATE FAIR
At Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Sept. 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 1870,
FOR THE GENERAL EXHIBITION OF LIVE STOCK, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, MACHINERY, NEW INVENTIONS, MANUFACTURES, THE FINE ARTS, &c.

While this fair has been instituted for Western Pennsylvania, Western New York, Eastern and Southern Ohio and West Virginia, competition is invited from all sections.

SHERIDAN'S RIDE.—The great life-size painting by the Poet-Artist, T. Buchanan Read, has been secured; which, with other select paintings, will form a special Art Repository. Mr. J. B. Roberts, the eminent tragedian and elocutionist, will recite the poem of Sheridan's Ride three times each day.

For catalogues or information, address the Secretary or Superintendent.

Space for special exhibitions can be secured.

HON. JOHN E. PARKE, President.
JON. A. B. LONGAKER, Secretary,
au10.b75-WFM No. 10 Sixth St., Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.
A Beautiful Country Site,
AND
40 DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS,
NEAR WOODS RUN,
AT AUCTION.

Will be sold on the premises on WEDNESDAY, August 17th, at 2 o'clock, a beautiful country site containing 3 acres and 98 perches, partly surrounded by oak and hickory trees, original growth, part in a high state of cultivation, a nice orchard and a never-failing spring of water. Also, 40 desirable building lots, 25 by 100 feet and upwards. This property is situated in McClure township, on the Brighton and Woods Run Road, within a mile of Pleasant Valley street cars, which will soon be running to Pittsburgh Postoffice, and about five minutes walk of Woods Run Station, on P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., where 15 daily trains pass to and from the city. Plans at

A. LEGGATE'S,
au16:c7 159 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

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Bell and Brass Founders,
ENGINE, LOCOMOTIVE AND ROLLING MILL
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Students can enter at any time. No class system. Each Student receives individual instruction.
For Circulars giving full particulars, call at the College, or address the Principals.

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P. S.—The School is always open to the inspection of visitors, who are cordially invited to call and examine our system of practical actual business training.
au1:a41:daT S. & C.

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ARNSTHAL & SON,
Virginia and Louisville
Tobacco Agency,
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Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos,
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my17:c5

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Corner LIBERTY STREET and THIRD AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa., BRASS FOUNDERS and IRON PIPE FITTERS, and AGENTS for A. S. CAMERON & CO'S STEAM PUMPS AND BLOWERS.

CHARLES P. STRIGHT,
Carpenter and Builder,
Will promptly attend to all kinds of jobbing work. Oil and water tanks made to order. No. 171 North avenue, corner Webster street, Allegheny, Pa.

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STOVES AND TINWARE,
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FIRE IRONS, &c., &c., at
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100 bbls Cleveland White Lime.
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for sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
jy18 141 First avenue.

DRIED APPLES.—10 bbls extra nice, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD, 141 First avenue.

POLITICAL.

☞ FOR SENATE.
GEORGE H. ANDERSON,
Subject to the decision of the ensuing Union Republican County Convention. ju20

☞ FOR ASSEMBLY.
HENRY WARNER
Of the Sixth Ward, Allegheny City, will be a candidate for the Legislature before the coming Republican County Convention, and subject to their decision. au16:d&T

☞ FOR ASSEMBLY,
THOS. S. MITCHELL,
PITTSBURGH.
Subject to the decision of the ensuing Republican Legislative Convention. au12:b87

☞ FOR ASSEMBLY,
WM. N. HAYMAKER,
Of Patton township, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. au10

☞ FOR ASSEMBLY.
DAVID L. FLEMING,
Member of City Councils from the Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh, at the solicitation of numerous friends, will be a candidate for the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY.
GEO. D. RIDDLE
Of Second ward, Allegheny, subject to decision of Republican County Convention, to be held at Court House, August 30th. au16:c1

☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY,
WM. A. HERRON,
Subject to the decision of the ensuing Union Republican County Convention. au4:b42-d&F

☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY,
M. G. COREY,
Late Captain Co. G., 83d Pa. Vols. Subject to the decision of the ensuing Union Republican County Convention. jy21:a31-d&F

☞ FOR CORONER,
MAJ. W. H. HOPE,
(Late of the 9th Penna. Reserves.) Subject to the decision of the ensuing Union Republican County Convention. jy25

☞ FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
JACOB COVODE,
Of Sharpsburg, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the nomination of the Republican County Convention. au13:c&F

☞ FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JAMES PATTERSON,
Of Plum township, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. au15:b94-d&T

☞ FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
GEORGE NEELEY,
Of Marshall Township, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap26:d&

☞ FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
BENJAMIN DOUTHETT,
Of Indiana township, is a candidate for County Commissioner, in subordination to the decision of the Republican Convention. Est modus in rebus. ap30:w45d&T

INSURANCE.

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Western Pennsylvania,
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je17:y73 F. M. LOVE, General Agent

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ap6

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Light work our specialty. Loose Joint Butts, Shutter and Gate Hinges, Sash Pulleys, and other articles of Builders' Hardware always on hand. Office and Works, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City. Postoffice address, Lock Box 392, Pittsburgh, Pa.
ja23:t15

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.—At a called meeting of the stockholders of the Cherry Run and Pittsburgh Petroleum Company, of Pittsburgh, held at their office, No. 59 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, June 20, 1870, an act of assembly to enlarge the corporate powers of said company, approved May 3, 1870, was unanimously accepted.

In pursuance of the provisions of said act the Board of Directors have levied an assessment of (6) six cents per share on the capital stock, to be paid to the Treasurer prior to August 31, 1870. A credit of (3) three cents per share will be allowed to all who paid on the former assessment. The proceeds of this assessment are to be applied to the payments of debts due by the company. Under authority of the act before noted, all stock on which the assessment may remain unpaid, will be forfeited and sold at public auction. It will, therefore, be to the advantage of the stockholders to pay the assessment and thereby retain their interest in the property.

JACOB GLOSSER,
Secretary and Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, July 30, 1870. au1-a80

☞ BOUNTY.
$100 Bounty Collected

For all soldiers who enlisted between May 4th and July 22d, 1861, who were discharged for disability before serving two years, and who have heretofore received no bounty.

The undersigned has removed his office to GAZETTE Building, corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, and is now prepared to collect claims speedily and at moderate rates. Call on, or address, with stamp.

J. F. BROWN,
Claim Agent, GAZETTE Building,
Corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ PUBLIC NOTICE.—Having been appointed GAS and GAS METER INSPECTOR for Allegheny county, notice is hereby given that until the necessary office and Mechanical Testing Machinery can be provided, I will be found at the OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS, Twenty-third street, near Penn, Pittsburgh.

R. H. SMITH,
fe23:n58 Gas and Gas Meter Inspector.

OFFICIAL.

AN ORDINANCE—To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on Ohio street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Sewer Commission be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows, and according to plan to be approved by Councils: On Ohio street from Beaver street to Sherman avenue, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for, by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act, entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24th, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 11th day of August, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

ORMSBY PHILLIPS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President pro tem of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. au16

AN ORDINANCE—To authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on Beaver street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Sewer Commission be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows, and according to plan to be approved by Councils: On Beaver street, from Strawberry alley to Montgomery avenue, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act, entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, 1869."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 11th day of August, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

ORMSBY PHILLIPS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President pro tem of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. au16

AN ORDINANCE—To Authorize the Construction of a Main Sewer in the First Ward.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Sewer Commission be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows and according to plans to be approved by Councils: Commencing at Railroad Bridge, over Ohio street, and connecting with the Canal Sewer at the north corner of Pearl Mill, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder, or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for, by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act, entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny city,' approved March 24th, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by, the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 11th day of August, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

ORMSBY PHILLIPS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President pro tem of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. au16

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Rush Alley.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed, to invite and receive proposals for the Grading and Paving of Rush alley, between Fulton and Manhattan streets, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected, as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1st, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 11th day of August, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy

ORMSBY PHILLIPS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President pro tem of Common Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Common Council. au16

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Union alley, Eighth ward.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed, to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Union alley, from Main street to the north side of Carpenter alley, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for defraying the cost and expenses of the same, there is hereby levied a special assessment, said assessment to be made and collected as provided by the Act of Assembly, entitled an "Act relative to Streets in the City of Allegheny," approved April 1st, 1870.

SEC. 3. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and they are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 11th day of August, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

ORMSBY PHILLIPS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President pro tem of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. au16

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the issue of Municipal Bonds.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Controller be and he is hereby authorized and instructed to have prepared Municipal Bonds in sums of from $100 to $1,000, to the amount of $14,285, to be signed by the Mayor and Treasurer, and to be countersigned by the Controller; to bear date from August 1st, 1870; to mature in twenty years from date of issue; to have coupons attached bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, payable on the first days of February and August, in each and every year at the City Treasurer's office.

SEC. 2. And it is further enacted that the Controller is hereby authorized to issue said Bonds at their par value for the purpose of liquidating the ascertained balance due James Hastings on his contract for the grading of Ridge street, and in no case otherwise shall said Bonds be issued.

SEC. 3. That the faith, credit and corporate property of the City of Allegheny be and hereby is pledged for the redemption of said Bonds at maturity, and the interest from time to time accruing thereon.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 11th day of August, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

ORMSBY PHILLIPS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President pro tem of Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. au16

AN ORDINANCE—Permitting the erection of a Tannery, building of Mixed Wooden and Brick Material.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That permission is hereby granted to James Callery to rebuild on his lot on River avenue, Eighth ward, his tannery building of part brick and wood, and that the ordinance passed the 9th day of January, 1867, entitled "An Ordinance Re-enacting the Wooden Building Law," be and the same is hereby repealed, in so far as said ordinance prohibits the erection of the buildings of the class within mentioned.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 11th day of August, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

ORMSBY PHILLIPS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President pro tem of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. au16

AN ORDINANCE—To authorize the Paving of Main street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Sharpsburg, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the cart way of Main street be paved, from Pine Creek Bridge to the Sharpsburg and Etna Savings Bank, and from the Western Pennsylvania Railroad to the Eastern terminus of said Main street.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the costs and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several Lots bounding and abutting on said Main street in said Borough, respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of Grading and Paving the Streets and Alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," approved the 29th day of March, A. D. 1869, and now extended to the Borough of Sharpsburg by an Act of Assembly, approved the 11th day of March, A. D. 1870.

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this — day of August, A. D. 1870.

T. H. GIBSON, Burgess.
Attest: F. A. KLEIN, Secretary. au13:h2

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ GRAND
CHARITY PIC NIC
FOR THE
Benefit of the Poor,
Under the auspices of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul, at
Glenwood Grove, Thursday, Aug. 18.

Tickets for Dinner and Admission, 75 cents.
The holder of a ticket will also have a chance to win a DOUBLE-CASE SILVER WATCH. The drawing will take place before dinner on the ground. No one connected with the picnic will hold a ticket. Excursion tickets for the round trip 25 cents. au10:b139

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE
TO CONTRACTORS
FOR
Wood Pavement.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received by the Commissioners of Penn avenue until AUGUST 20, 1870, for Paving with Wood Pavement that portion of Penn avenue, from St. Marys avenue to the city line, about three and a half miles in length and thirty-six (36) feet in width—a portion (about half a mile) being sixty (60) feet in width.

Proposals will state the kind of Pavement with full description, and must be accompanied by a model showing its construction. Also, describe fully all the materials used, all of which must be of the best quality.

The Contractor will be required to furnish the gravel foundation four inches in depth of good gravel.

The Wood used will be required to be effectually preserved by saturation with some compound containing sufficient carbolic acid. Specimens of the Wood, preserved by the proposed process, must accompany the bids; also, a statement of the quantity per day that can be treated.

Proposals for the Pavement, without the preservative treatment, and for the preservation, will be received separately or together.

The prices named in the proposals must include all royalties or patentees charges, and the Contractor will be required to furnish a sufficient bond of indemnity to guarantee the City of Pittsburgh against any and all claims for such patent charges.

Payment will be made in monthly estimates, in cash or bonds, as may be agreed, twenty (20) per cent. of each estimate being retained until the contract is completed and the work accepted by the Commissioners.

Bidders will state what proportion, if any, of their pay will be received in Penn avenue bonds of the City of Pittsburgh, which are seven (7) per cent. bonds, free from taxation.

The Commissioners reserve the right to accept such bids as appear to be most advantageous, or to reject all bids. Proposals will be indorsed "To the Commissioners of Penn avenue," "Proposals for Paving," and addressed to Dr. J. I. MARCHAND, President, Wilkins Postoffice, Allegheny County, Pa.

By order of the Board of Commissioners,
WM. P. SHINN, Secretary.
PITTSBURGH, PA., July 30th, 1870. au1:a77

TO R. R. BRIDGE CONTRACTORS.
OFFICE OF THE YOUGHIOGHENY GAS COAL COMPANY,
No. 5 Monongahela House,
PITTSBURGH, August 9th, 1870.

Proposals will be received at this office up to SATURDAY, 20th of August, at 4 P. M., for the

Building of a Railroad Bridge,

On the Howe Truss Plan, across the Youghiogheny River, at the mouth of Pollock's Run, one mile west of West Newton, Pa., Contractors to furnish all materials and give bonds for the faithful performance and completion of the same, in accordance with plans and specification of the Engineer.

Bids for the whole work or for superstructure, abutments and piers separate, will [illegible] considered.

Plans and specifications can be seen at this office.
au10:b75 M. P. O'HERN & CO.

PITTSBURGH, August 9th, 1870.
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed PROPOSALS will be received at the City Engineer's Office until 3 o'clock P. M., THURSDAY, August 18th, 1870, for the Grading, Paving and Curbing 33d STREET, from Penn avenue to Liberty street.

Grading and Paving POPLAR ALLEY, from Elm to Logan street.

Grading an ALLEY (in Rice & Bower's Plan of Lots) from Webster street to the property of Mr. Clancy, between Chauncey and Somers streets.

And for the construction of a PUBLIC SEWER on 3d street, from Penn Avenue to Allegheny River.

The Committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Specifications can be seen and Blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids will be received unless made upon Blanks furnished by this office.

au19 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, August 8, 1870.
NOTICE—The assessments for the grading and paving of Buena Vista street from Taylor avenue to Ackley streets; also, for the grading of Manhattan street, from Rebecca to Hopkins streets; also, for the grading and paving of Church avenue, from Federal street to Union avenue, are now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, August 18, 1870, when they will be returned to the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.

au9:b59 CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY CONTROLLER,
ALLEGHENY CITY, August 10, 1870.
NOTICE TO DEALERS IN LEATHER HOSE.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 P. M., WEDNESDAY, August 17th, 1870, for

Sixteen Hundred and Fifty (1650) Feet
Double Riveted Leather Hose

For use of Fire Department. Bidders will state the pressure they will guarantee their hose to stand.

The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any bid.

au12:b81 W. M. PORTER, Controller.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 31st inst. inclusive, for building a new bridge of Wood or Iron over Plum Creek, on the road leading from Verner Station to Hulton Station, in Plum and Penn townships.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application.

By direction of County Commissioners.
HENRY LAMBERT,
au11-daF Controller

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed PROPOSALS will be received up till SATURDAY, August 20th, 1870, for the building of a TANNERY, the specifications of which can be seen at the office, No. 308 River Avenue, Allegheny.

JAMES CALLERY.
ALLEGHENY, August 15, 1870. au16:c5

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at No. 277 REBECCA STREET, Allegheny City, until August 19th, for hauling Gravel for from Five Hundred to One Thousand feet in length of Webster Avenue, City of Pittsburgh. For particulars, enquire of

au1-MWF C. HOWARD, Contractor.

LEGAL.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, the undersigned administrator *cum testa annexo* to the estate of Ann Jane McCready, dec'd., will offer at Public Sale, on the premises in the 17th Ward of the city of Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10TH, 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M., all those two certain lots of ground situated in the 17th Ward of the City of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, marked and numbered 23 and 24 in a plan of lots laid out by P. H. Millis, bounded and described as follows: Beginning on Hatfield formerly Washington street, at the distance of 200 feet from Forty-ninth street, formerly Lathrop street; thence northwestwardly along Hatfield street 40 feet to corner of lot No. 25; thence northeastwardly at right angles with Hatfield street along the line of said lot No. 25, 100 feet to an alley—feet wide; thence along said alley towards Forty-ninth street 40 feet to the line of lot No. 22, 100 feet to Hatfield street the place of beginning. Terms made known on day of sale, or on application to

W. C. AUGHINBAUGH,
jy29:a35-w Administrator cum tes an.

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION of THE PARK PLACE HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION, for a Charter of Incorporation.

In the Court of Common Pleas, No. 334, September Term, 1870.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County for a Charter of Incorporation in this case, and that the articles thereof are on file in the Prothonotary's office in said county, and subject to inspection, and that a charter will be granted at the next term of said Court, unless exceptions are filed thereto in the meantime.

J. E. McKELVEY,
au10:b70-w Solicitor for Association.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

In the matter of the account of EDWARD McGINNESS, Guardian of James C. Springer.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Auditor, appointed by the Court to audit and pass upon the exceptions to the Guardian's account in the above case, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, No. 117 DIAMOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., on MONDAY, the 5th day of September, at 2 P. M.

F. M. MAGEE,
au15:b48-w Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the estate of WM. A. JOHNSTON, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate will present them, and those owing said estate pay the same, to

JOHN C. PARRY, Administrator,
au13:b69 199 Second Avenue.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of PETER HARGER, late of Snowden township, Allegheny county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against said estate will present the same, properly authenticated for settlement.

MILTON HARGER, Administrator,
au10:b69-w Library, Pa.